

# Council Meeting

Monday 12 November 2012

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## **Items Determined Under Delegated Authority by Council Committees**

**The following Items were determined under Delegated Authority. To see the delegated decisions of Council please refer to the individual Committee Meeting Minutes.**

### **Corporate & Works Committee Meeting held on Monday 5 November 2012**

- D1 Confirmation of Minutes of Meeting held on 15 October 2012
- D2 Statutory Review of Community Strategic Plan and Preparation of New Delivery Program 2014 - 2017

### **Development Control Committee Meeting held on Monday 5 November 2012**

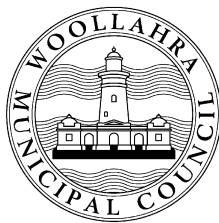
- D1 Confirmation of Minutes of Meeting held on 15 October 2012
- D2 DA542/2011 – 76 Old South Head Road, Woollahra – Alterations & additions to the existing boarding house & rear building & use of the both buildings as a boarding house – 23/11/2011 – (See Item R1)
- D3 DA148/2012 – 61 Wentworth Road, Vaucluse – Demolition of the existing dwelling-house & garage, the construction of a new dwelling-house with attached swimming pool, alterations & additions to the existing tennis court pavilion to form a rear wing to the dwelling-house, landscaping & siteworks – 12/4/2012
- D4 DA446/2011 part 2 – 81 Ocean Avenue, Double Bay - Section 96 Application – Proposed modification deletion of Condition No. C.1(b) (Rear Setback of 1<sup>st</sup> floor) – 20/8/2012
- D5 DA373/2012 – 12 A Trelawney Street, Woollahra – Addition to the southern side of Unit 1, new fence to the street elevation & new entry awning – 4/9/2012
- D6 DA29/2012 – 8 Royston Street, Paddington – Demolition of existing rear extension & construction of new 2 storey extension, restoration of front façade – 27/1/2012
- D7 DA237/2012 – 17, 19 & 21 Rush Street, Woollahra – Alterations & additions to 17, 19 & 21 Rush Street to create a single dwelling-house including basement area, new swimming pool, summer pavilion, alterations to the garage & rear fence with new addition above, landscaping & siteworks – 12/6/2012 – (See Item R2)
- D8 Register of Current Land and Environment Court Matters and Register of Court Proceedings for Building Control, Environmental Control & Health Control

### **Urban Planning Committee Meeting held on Monday 22 October 2012**

- D1 Confirmation of Minutes of Meeting held on 27 August 2012

### **Community & Environment Committee Meeting held on Monday 22 October 2012**

- D1 Confirmation of Minutes of Meeting held on 27 August 2012
- D2 Woollahra Local Traffic Committee Minutes – 4 September 2012
- D3 Woollahra Local Traffic Committee Minutes – 2 October 2012
- D4 Proposed Alcohol Free restrictions at Murray rose Pool
- D5 Alcohol Free Zones NYE 2012 - 2016
- D6 Minutes of the Animal Advisory Committee Meeting of 15 August 2012



## Council Meeting

**Minutes of the Meeting of Woollahra Municipal Council  
held at the Council Chambers, Double Bay, on  
Monday 12 November 2012 at 8.42pm.**

Present: His Worship the Mayor, Councillor Andrew Petrie  
Councillors Ted Bennett  
Anthony Boskovitz  
Peter Cavanagh  
Luise Elsing  
Elena Kirillova  
Greg Levenston  
Anthony Marano  
Katherine O'Regan  
Matthew Robertson  
Deborah Thomas  
Elena Wise  
Susan Wynne  
Toni Zeltzer  
Jeff Zulman

Staff: Bruce Rann (Acting Director Technical Services)  
Allan Coker (Director – Planning & Development)  
Gary James (General Manager)  
Vicki Munro (Acting Director – Community Services)  
Les Windle (Acting Director – Corporate Services)

Also in Attendance: Nil

## Confirmation of Minutes

(Wynne/Boskovitz)

- 1/18 THAT the Minutes of the Council Meeting held on 22 October 2012 be taken as read and confirmed.

**Adopted**

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## Leave of Absence

Nil

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## Apologies

Nil

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## Declarations of Interest

Councillor Boskovitz declared a Non-Significant Non-Pecuniary Interest in Development Control Committee Item R1 (76 Old South Head Road, Woollahra) as the Deputy Mayor is a part owner of an adjoining property and he has known the Deputy Mayor for quite some years. Councillor Boskovitz does not believe it would affect his vote.

Councillor Cavanagh declared a Non-Significant Non-Pecuniary Interest in Development Control Committee Item R1 (76 Old South Head Road, Woollahra) as the Deputy Mayor is a part owner of an adjoining property and he has known the Deputy Mayor for quite some years. Councillor Cavanagh does not believe it would affect his vote.

Councillor Zetlzer declared a Non-Significant Non-Pecuniary Interest in Development Control Committee Item R1 (76 Old South Head Road, Woollahra) as the Deputy Mayor is a part owner of an adjoining property and she has known the Deputy Mayor for quite some years. Councillor Zetlzer does not believe it would affect her vote.

Councillor O'Regan declared a Pecuniary Interest in Development Control Committee Item R1 (76 Old South Head Road, Woollahra) as she is a part owner of an adjoining property. Councillor O'Regan left the meeting and did not participate in the debate or vote on the matter.

The Mayor, Councillor Petrie declared a Non-Significant Non-Pecuniary Interest in Development Control Committee Item R1 (76 Old South Head Road, Woollahra) as the Deputy Mayor is a part owner of an adjoining property and he has known the Deputy Mayor for quite some years. The Mayor Councillor Petrie does not believe it would affect his vote.

## Mayoral Minute

**Mayoral Minute No:** 1

**Subject:** 2013 Woollahra Citizenship Awards

**Author:** Cr Andrew Petrie, Mayor of Woollahra

**File No:** 30.G

**Reason for Report:** To provide information about the Woollahra Citizenship Awards.

(Wynne/Cavanagh)

**2/18 Resolved without debate:**

That all Councillors promote the Citizenship program and encourage nominations for local residents and/or initiatives that have demonstrated excellent citizenship.

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**Mayoral Minute No:** 2

**Subject:** White Ribbon Day

**Author:** Cr Andrew Petrie, Mayor of Woollahra

**File No:** G79 White Ribbon Day

**Reason for Report:** To provide information on White Ribbon Day.

(Wynne/Thomas)

**3/18 Resolved:**

1. That it be noted Council is hosting a White Ribbon Promise on Thursday 22 November, from 4.30pm to 6.30pm in partnership with a range of local organisations and groups.
2. That all Councillors be encouraged to participate with the Mayor in swearing the oath in support of the White Ribbon Campaign to prevent violence against women.
3. That Council include a link on its website to the White Ribbon Campaign.

## Suspension of Standing Orders

### **Councillor Zeltzer**

- 4/18** That Standing Orders be suspended to allow her to thank the Double Bay Partnership for the Double Bay Fair held on 4<sup>th</sup> November.

### **Adopted**

**The Mayor ruled Urgency and permitted the Suspension of Standing Orders.**

### **Councillor Zeltzer advised:**

I would like to congratulate the Double Bay Partnership under the leadership of Lesli Berger for the most sensational day at the Double Bay Fair on Sunday 4<sup>th</sup> November. This is an event where Double Bay really showcases itself and it did it to great avail last Sunday week. The place was really hopping at 11.00am and what was really great about this event was that it was a real family day. The day was very well supported by our community. Congratulations to everyone who helped to organise this great event.

**The Council noted the information.**

### **Councillor Boskovitz**

- 5/18** That the Suspension of Standing Orders continue to allow him to congratulate Council staff and Rose Bay Chamber of Commerce on the Rose Bay Street Fair held on 28 October.

### **Adopted**

**The Mayor ruled Urgency and permitted the continuation of the Suspension of Standing Orders.**

### **Councillor Boskovitz advised:**

I would like to congratulate Council staff and the Rose Bay Chamber of Commerce on the Rose Bay Street Fair held on Sunday 28 October. The Rose Bay Street Fair was a fantastic event. A little bit smaller but no less important to our community in Rose Bay than the Double Bay Partnership's community event. It has a very strong history and a very strong patronage and support from shop keepers and business owners alike. It really has over the last decade or so grown from strength to strength. Congratulations to everyone who helped to organise this event.

**The Council noted the information.**

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## Corporate & Works Committee

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### Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 5 November 2012 Submitted to the Council for Determination

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**Item No:** R1 Recommendation to Council  
**Subject:** **Riddell Street, Bellevue Hill Road Infrastructure Works**  
**Author:** Sam Badalati – Project Manager  
**File No:** Tender No 12/18  
**Reason for Report:** To recommend to Council the acceptance of a Tender.

**(O'Regan/Boskovitz)**

**6/18 Resolved without debate:**

- A. That Council enter into a Contract with Statewide Civil Pty Ltd for the lump sum of \$285,722, for the reconstruction of road infrastructure in Riddell Street, Bellevue Hill.
- B. That successful and unsuccessful tenderers be advised accordingly.

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**Item No:** R2 Recommendation to Council  
**Subject:** **Electrical Contractor Services Tender 12/09**  
**Author:** Purchasing Coordinator – Dave Byatt  
**File No:** 12/09  
**Reason for Report:** To recommend to Council the acceptance of a tender

**(O'Regan/Boskovitz)**

**7/18 Resolved without debate:**

- A. That Council accept tenders from Adept Facilities Service Pty Ltd and Katopa Holding Pty Ltd Trading as CBD Mechanical Electrical, as a panel of contractors to carry out Council's Electrical Services as required for a period of three years (with Council having the option to extend for a further two periods of twelve months) as per the schedule of rates tendered.
- B. That successful and unsuccessful tenderers be advised of the outcome of the tender process.

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## Development Control Committee

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### Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 5 November 2012 Submitted to the Council for Determination

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- Item No:** R1 Recommendation to Council
- Subject:** **76 Old South Head Road, Woollahra – Alterations & additions to the existing boarding house & rear building & use of the both buildings as a boarding house – 23/11/2011**
- Author:** Simon Taylor – Senior Assessment Officer
- File No:** DA542/2011
- Reason for Report:** In accordance with Council’s meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council due to a substantive change of the Committee’s recommendation for refusal to the Site Inspections recommendation for deferral.
- Note:** Councillor Boskovitz declared a Non-Significant Non-Pecuniary Interest in this Item as the Deputy Mayor is a part owner of an adjoining property and he has known the Deputy Mayor for quite some years. Councillor Boskovitz does not believe it would affect his vote.
- Note:** Councillor Cavanagh declared a Non-Significant Non-Pecuniary Interest in this Item as the Deputy Mayor is a part owner of an adjoining property and he has known the Deputy Mayor for quite some years. Councillor Cavanagh does not believe it would affect his vote.
- Note:** Councillor Zetlzer declared a Non-Significant Non-Pecuniary Interest in this Item as the Deputy Mayor is a part owner of an adjoining property and she has known the Deputy Mayor for quite some years. Councillor Zeltzer does not believe it would affect her vote.
- Note:** Councillor O’Regan declared a Pecuniary Interest in this Item as she is a part owner of an adjoining property. Councillor O’Regan left the meeting and did not participate in the debate or vote on the matter.
- Note:** The Mayor, Councillor Petrie declared a Non-Significant Non-Pecuniary Interest in this Item as the Deputy Mayor is a part owner of an adjoining property and he has known the Deputy Mayor for quite some years. The Mayor Councillor Petrie does not believe it would affect his vote.
- Note:** Late correspondence was tabled by Tony Moody & Brett Daintry.



**(Zeltzer/Kirillova)****8/18 Resolved:**

THAT the Council, refuse Development Application No. 542/2011 for alterations and additions to the existing boarding house and rear building and use of the both buildings as a boarding house on land at 76 Old South Head Road, Woollahra, for the following reasons:

1. The proposal does not comply with the following clauses of SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009:
  - a. Clause 29(2)(c) with respect to minimum sunlight to the communal room
  - b. Clauses 29(2)(d)(i) and (ii) with respect to the provision of private open space
  - c. Clause 29(2)(e) with respect to the provision of car parking
  - d. Clause 29(2)(f) with respect to minimum room sizes
  - e. Clause 30(1)(h) with respect to the provision of bicycle and motorcycle spaces
  - f. Clause 30A with respect to the compatibility with the character of the local area
2. The proposal exhibits an unsatisfactory internal amenity for the occupants of the boarding house.
3. The increase in intensity of the site will result in an adverse impact upon adjoining properties in terms of acoustic and visual privacy and is contrary to O2, C7 and C9 of the Woollahra HCA DCP 2003.
4. Having regard to the planning principle in *Randall Pty Ltd v Leichhardt Council* (2004) NSWLEC 277, the impacts of the operation of the pre-existing use (purported boarding house) upon residential amenity of neighbours was unacceptable and therefore any increase in the intensity of use, as proposed, is unacceptable.

*Note: In accordance with section 375A of the Local Government Act a Division of votes is recorded on this planning matter.*

***For the Motion***

Councillor Bennett  
Councillor Boskovitz  
Councillor Elsing  
Councillor Kirillova  
Councillor Marano  
Councillor Robertson  
Councillor Wise  
Councillor Wynne  
Councillor Zeltzer  
Councillor Zulman

***Against the Motion***

Councillor Levenston  
Councillor Cavanagh  
Councillor Thomas  
Councillor Petrie

***10/4***

**Item No:** R2 Recommendation to Council

**Subject:** **17, 19 & 21 Rush Street, Woollahra – Alterations & additions to 17, 19 & 21 Rush Street to create a single dwelling-house including basement area, new swimming pool, summer pavilion, alterations to the garage & rear fence with new addition above, landscaping & siteworks – 12/6/2012**

**Author:** David Reynolds – Assessment Officer

**File No:** DA237/2012

**Reason for Report:** In accordance with Council’s meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council due to a substantive change of the Committee’s recommendation for refusal to the Officer’s recommendation for approval.

**Note:** Late correspondence was tabled by Renato D’Ettorre (4 pieces).

**Motion moved by Councillor Robertson  
Seconded by Councillor Wise**

That the recommendation from the Development Control Committee for refusal of the application be adopted.

**Amendment moved by Councillor Boskovitz  
Seconded by Councillor Thomas**

That the staff recommendation for approval of the application submitted to the Development Control Committee on 5 November 2012 be adopted.

**The Amendment was put and carried  
The Amendment became the Motion  
The Motion was put and Adopted**

**9/18 Resolved: Pursuant to Section 80(1) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979***

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent to Development Application No. 237/2012 for alterations and additions to 17, 19 and 21 Rush Street to create a single dwelling-house including basement area, new swimming pool, summer pavilion, alterations to the garage and rear fence with new addition above, landscaping and siteworks on the land at 17, 19 and 21 Rush Street, Woollahra, subject to the following conditions:

**A. General Conditions**

**A.1 Conditions**

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 80 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (“the *Act*”) and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (“the *Regulation*”) such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 79C of the Act.

Standard Condition: A1

## A.2 Definitions

Unless specified otherwise words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act 1987* as in force at the date of consent.

***Applicant*** means the applicant for this Consent.

***Approved Plans*** mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

***AS*** or ***AS/NZS*** means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

***BCA*** means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

***Council*** means Woollahra Municipal Council

***Court*** means the Land and Environment Court

***Local native plants*** means species of native plant endemic to Sydney's eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

***Stormwater Drainage System*** means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- The collection of stormwater,
- The retention of stormwater,
- The reuse of stormwater,
- The detention of stormwater,
- The controlled release of stormwater; and
- Connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

***Owner*** means the owner of the *site* and successors in title to the *site*.

***Owner Builder*** has the same meaning as in the *Home Building Act 1989*.

***PCA*** means the *Principal Certifying Authority* under the *Act*.

***Principal Contractor*** has the same meaning as in the *Act* or where a *principal contractor* has not been appointed by the *owner* of the land being developed *Principal Contractor* means the *owner* of the land being developed.

***Professional Engineer*** has the same meaning as in the *BCA*.

***Public Place*** has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*.

***Road*** has the same mean as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

***SEE*** means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the *Applicant*.

**Site** means the land being developed subject to this consent.

**WLEP 1995** means *Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995*

**Work** for the purposes of this consent means:

- the use of land in connection with development,
- the subdivision of land,
- the erection of a building,
- the carrying out of any work,
- the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- the demolition of a building,
- the piling, piercing, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an *occupation certificate*.

**Note: Interpretation of Conditions** - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council.

Standard Condition: A2

### A.3 Approved Plans and supporting documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the plans and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp “Approved DA Plans” unless modified by any following condition. Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
A111 A, A-201 A, A-221 A, A-231 B, A-301 A, A-302 A, A-310 A, A-311 A, A-312 A, A-313 A, A-314 A, A-315 A, A-316 A, A-317 A, A-211 B, A-318 A.	Architectural Plans	Renato D’Ettore Architects	6 June 2012  26 June 2012 27 July 2012
426482S	BASIX Certificate	Department of Planning	31 May 2012
Project 72769	Geotechnical Report	Douglas Partners Pty Ltd	4 June 2012
L01 of 1 B	Landscape Plan	Hortus Design	4 June 2012
HDA01 P3 to HDA07 P3 inclusive	Stormwater Management Plan	Whipps Wood Consulting	4 May 2012
-	Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan	Renato D’Ettore Architects	-

**Note:** Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

**Note:** These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)

Standard Condition: A5

#### **A.4 Ancillary Aspect of the Development (s80A(2) of the Act)**

The owner must procure the repair, replacement or rebuilding of all road pavement, kerb, gutter, footway, footpaths adjoining the site or damaged as a result of work under this consent or as a consequence of work under this consent. Such work must be undertaken to Council's satisfaction in accordance with Council's "Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works" dated February 2012 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the *owner's* expense.

**Note:** This condition does not affect the *principal contractor's* or any sub-contractors obligations to protect and preserve public infrastructure from damage or affect their liability for any damage that occurs.  
Standard Condition: A8

#### **A.5 Excavation**

In order to clearly define the setback of the excavation from the boundary approved by this consent, the outer edge of excavation from a boundary (inclusive of the width of any subsurface wall shown on the approved plans) must not be exceeded for piling, retention or for any other construction or engineering reason (including BCA standards).

Standard Condition: A29

### **B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction**

#### **B.1 Construction Certificate required prior to any demolition**

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 81A(2) of the Act. In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a PCA and Notice of Commencement under the Act.

**Note:** See *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.  
Standard Condition: B1

#### **B.2 Recording of significant or contributory buildings prior to any demolition**

A full archival record of the building and landscape elements to be demolished is to be submitted, to the satisfaction of Council's heritage officer, prior to the commencement of any work and prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

The archival record is to be completed by a heritage consultant listed on the Consultants Directory by the NSW Department of Planning Heritage Branch or by a suitably qualified consultant who must demonstrate a working knowledge of archival principles.

Photographic archival records must be taken of the building, landscape or item in accordance with 'The Heritage Information Series, Photographic Recording of Heritage Items Using Film or Digital Capture 2006' published by the NSW Department of Planning Heritage Branch.

There should be three sets of the photographic report and film materials or digital materials. The following table summarises the lodgment details for photographic records, depending on which material is selected. It is satisfactory to supply one material only and digital material is recommended.

Material	Minimum Requirement	Repository
Digital Materials	3 copies of photographic report – paper copy 3 CD-Rs or DVD 1 set of 10.5x14.8cm prints	<u>Woollahra Council</u> Report (paper) + CD-R or DVD + prints <u>Local History Centre</u> Report (paper) + CD-R or DVD <u>Owner/client</u> Report (paper) + CD-R or DVD
Black & White Film (plus any supplementary colour film)	3 copies of photographic report 1 set of negatives 1 sets of proof sheets and catalogue	<u>Woollahra Council</u> Report + negatives + 1st set of proof sheets <u>Local History Centre</u> Report + 2nd set of proof sheets <u>Owner/client</u> Report + 3rd set of proof sheets
Colour Transparencies or Slides	3 copies of photographic report 1 set of original transparencies and two sets of duplicates OR 3 sets of original images taken concurrently	<u>Woollahra Council</u> Report + original transparencies <u>Local History Centre</u> Report + duplicate/concurrent transparencies: <u>Owner/client</u> Report + duplicate/concurrent transparencies

**Note:** Refer to the NSW Department of Planning Heritage Branch website, [www.heritage.nsw.gov.au/docs/info\\_photographicrecording2006.pdf](http://www.heritage.nsw.gov.au/docs/info_photographicrecording2006.pdf)  
Standard Condition: B3

### B.3 Establishment of Tree Protection Zones

To limit the potential for damage to trees to be retained, Tree Protection Zones are to be established around all trees to be retained on site. The Tree Protection Zones are to comply with the following requirements;

- a) Tree Protection Zone areas

Council Ref No	Species	Location	Radius from Trunk (Metres)*
T2	<i>Leptospermum petersonii</i> (Lemon-scented Tea tree)	Front – Council verge west	1m
T3	<i>Leptospermum petersonii</i> (Lemon-scented Tea tree)	Front – Council verge centre	1m
T4	<i>Leptospermum petersonii</i> (Lemon-scented Tea tree)	Front – Council verge east	1m

**Note:** Where this condition relates to street trees and the fence cannot be placed at the specified radius, the fencing is to be positioned so that the entire verge (nature strip) area in front of the subject property, excluding existing driveways and footpaths, is protected.

- b) Tree Protection Zones are to be fenced with a 1.8 metre high chainmesh or weldmesh fence to minimise disturbance to existing ground conditions. The area within the fence must be mulched, to a depth of 75mm, irrigated and maintained for the duration of the construction works.
- c) A sign must be erected on each side of the fence indicating the existence of a Tree Protection Zone and providing the contact details of the site Arborist.

- d) Existing soil levels must be maintained within Tree Protection Zones. Where excavation is undertaken adjacent such an area, the edge of the excavation must be stabilised, until such time as permanent measures are installed (eg. retaining wall etc) to prevent erosion within the Tree Protection Zone.
- e) Sediment control measures are to be installed around all Tree Protection Zones to protect the existing soil levels.
- f) The storage of materials, stockpiling, siting of works sheds, preparation of mixes, cleaning of tools or equipment is not permitted within Tree Protection Zones.

Site personnel must be made aware of all Tree Protection requirements, measures and any actions that constitute a breach of the Conditions of Development Consent with regard to tree protection on site during their site induction.

Standard Condition: B5

## C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate

### C.1 Modification of details of the development (s80A(1)(g) of the Act)

The *approved plans* and the *Construction Certificate* plans and specification, required to be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail the following amendments:

- a) The location of the chimney on the boundary between 15 and 17 Rush Street and 19 and 21 Rush Street shall be amended to match the height and location of the chimney shown on the survey plan numbered 18567, prepared by Clement Reid Pty. Ltd. and dated 25 January 2012 so that there are no inconsistencies between the plans and survey. The plans shall explicitly note that the chimneys will be retained as existing.
- b) Reduce the height of the linking walkway structure between the main dwelling, central pavilion and rear garage by 0.45 metres, from 3.2 metres to 2.75 metres in height, for its full length.
- c) The southern elevation wall to the bathroom, stairwell and void above on the western boundary of the site must align with the southern elevation wall of the dwelling at 15 Rush Street and not encroach beyond that wall.
- d) The elevation in drawing No.A-317 shall have the same number of fixed vertical louvres as shown in plan in drawing No.A-221.
- e) Windows W20 and W24 shall be constructed of fixed obscure glazing to a height of 1.7 metres above finished floor level.
- f) The northern and eastern elevations of window W21 shall be constructed of obscure glazing in order to maintain visual privacy between the site and the adjoining properties.
- g) The pool is to be setback from the rear boundary by a minimum of 2.2 metres and replaced with deep soil landscaping area between the southern end of the swimming pool and the rear boundary wall to Smith Street for the replacement Illawarra Flame tree to be planted in this area (refer to **Condition E.10** of this development consent).
- h) The colour palette to the Rush Street elevation shall have hue and tonal relationships similar to those of traditional colour schemes and be similar to colours of the heritage significant buildings within the Rush Street streetscape.

**Note:** The effect of this condition is that it requires design changes and/or further information to be provided with the *Construction Certificate* drawings and specifications to address specific issues identified during assessment under section 79C of the *Act*.

**Note:** Clause 146 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any *Construction Certificate* subject to this condition unless the *Certifying Authority* is satisfied that the condition has been complied with.

**Note:** Clause 145 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any *Construction Certificate* that is inconsistent with this consent.  
Standard Condition: C4

## C.2 Payment of Long Service Levy, Security, Contributions and Fees

The certifying authority must not issue any *Part 4A Certificate* until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees prior to the issue of a *construction certificate, subdivision certificate or occupation certificate*, as will apply.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code
<b>LONG SERVICE LEVY</b> under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986			
<b>Long Service Levy</b> <a href="http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm">http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm</a>	Contact LSL Corporation or use online calculator	No	
<b>SECURITY</b> under section 80A(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
<b>Property Damage Security Deposit</b> -making good any damage caused to any property of the <i>Council</i>	\$37,740	No	T115
<b>DEVELOPMENT LEVY</b> under Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011 This plan may be inspected at Woollahra Council or downloaded at <a href="http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au">www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</a> .			
<b>Development Levy</b> (Section 94A)	\$16,932.16 + Index Amount	Yes, quarterly	T96
<b>INSPECTION FEES</b> under Section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993			
Public Road/Footpath Infrastructure Inspection Fee	\$435	No	
Security Administration Fee	\$185	No	T16
<b>TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS, LEVIES AND FEES</b>	\$55,292.16 plus any relevant indexed amounts and long service levy		

### Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment

The Long Service Levy under Section 34 of the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act*, 1986, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the *Certifying Authority* prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*. The Levy can be paid directly to the Long Services Payments Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Payments Corporation's website <http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/> or the Long Service Payments Corporation on 13 14 41.

### How must the payments be made?

Payments must be made by:

- Cash deposit with Council,
- Credit card payment with Council, or
- Bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- The guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- The bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable];



- The bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent;
- The bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the construction certificate; and
- The bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

#### **How will the section 94A levy be indexed?**

To ensure that the value the development levy is not eroded over time by increases in costs, the proposed cost of carrying out development (from which the development levy is calculated) will be indexed either annually or quarterly (see table above). Clause 3.13 of the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011 sets out the formula and index to be used in adjusting the s.94A levy.

#### **Do you need HELP indexing the levy?**

Please contact our customer service officers. Failure to correctly calculate the adjusted development levy will delay the issue of any Part 4A Certificate and could void any Part 4A Certificate (construction certificate, subdivision certificate, or occupation certificate).

#### **Deferred or periodic payment of section 94A levy under the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011**

Where the applicant makes a written request supported by reasons for payment of the section 94A levy other than as required by clause 3.9, the Council may accept deferred or periodic payment. The decision to accept a deferred or periodic payment is at the sole discretion of the Council, which will consider:

- The reasons given;
- Whether any prejudice will be caused to the community deriving benefit from the public facilities;
- Whether any prejudice will be caused to the efficacy and operation of the plan; and
- Whether the provision of public facilities in accordance with the adopted works schedule will be adversely affected.

Council may, as a condition of accepting deferred or periodic payment, require the provision of a bank guarantee where:

- The guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- The bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable];
- The bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent;
- The bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the construction certificate; and
- The bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

Any deferred or periodic payment of the section 94A levy will be adjusted in accordance with clause 3.13 of the plan. The applicant will be required to pay any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank guarantee. Council will not cancel the bank guarantee until the outstanding contribution as indexed and any accrued charges are paid.

Standard Condition: C5

### **C.3 BASIX commitments**

The *applicant* must submit to the *Certifying Authority* *BASIX Certificate* No.426482S with any application for a *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** Where there is any proposed change in the BASIX commitments the applicant must submit of a new *BASIX Certificate* to the *Certifying Authority* and Council. If any proposed change in the BASIX commitments are inconsistent with development consent (See: Clauses 145 and 146 of the *Regulation*) the applicant will be required to submit an amended development application to *Council* pursuant to section 96 of the Act.

All commitments in the *BASIX Certificate* must be shown on the *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** Clause 145(1)(a1) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000* provides: "A certifying authority must not issue a construction certificate for building work unless it is satisfied of the following matters: (a1) that the plans and specifications for the building include such matters as each relevant BASIX certificate requires,"  
Standard Condition: C7

#### **C.4 Building upgrade (Clause 94 of the Regulation)**

*Council* considers pursuant to clause 94 of the *Regulation* that it is appropriate to require the existing building to be brought into total or partial conformity with the *BCA*.

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specification required to be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must detail building upgrade works required by this condition.

The *Certifying Authority* must be satisfied that such work, to be implemented as part of the development, will upgrade the building to bring it into compliance with the following provisions of the *BCA* as in force at the date of the *Construction Certificate* application:

- a) That smoke alarms shall be provided throughout the building in accordance with the requirements of Part 3.7.2 of the *BCA Volume 2*;
- b) That openings within 900mm of the boundary shall be protected in accordance with the requirements of Clause 3.7.1.5 of the *BCA Volume 2*;
- c) That all windows displayed as W11 in drawing A-211 and open-able adjacent to the pool shall be fixed shut; and
- d) That the pool fencing shall comply with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*, *Swimming Pool's Regulation 1998* and *AS 1926.1-2007*.

**Note:** The *Certifying Authority* issuing the *Construction Certificate* has no power to remove the requirement to upgrade the existing building as required by this condition. Where this conditions specifies compliance with performance requirements of the *BCA* the *Certifying Authority*, subject to their level of accreditation, may be satisfied as to such matters. Where this condition specifies compliance with prescriptive (deemed to satisfied) provisions of the *BCA* these prescriptive requirements must be satisfied and cannot be varied unless this condition is reviewed under section 82A or amended under section 96 of the *Act*.

**Note:** This condition does not set aside the *Certifying Authorities* responsibility to ensure compliance with clause 143 of the *Regulation* in relation to Fire Protection and Structural Adequacy.

**Note:** *AS 4655 Guidelines for fire safety audits for buildings* (or any succeeding AS) should form the basis of any fire upgrade report.  
Standard Condition: C10

#### **C.5 Road and Public Domain Works**

A separate application under Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* is to be made to, and be approved by, Council for the following infrastructure works prior to the issuing of any *Construction Certificate*. The infrastructure works must be carried out at the applicant's expense:

- a) The full removal of all existing vehicle crossings on Smith Street
- b) The construction of a full width vehicular crossings having a width of 5.5m on the southern boundary in accordance with Council's standard driveway drawing RF2C.
- c) A design longitudinal surface profile for the proposed driveway must be submitted for assessment.
- d) Reconstruction of the disturbed footpath, kerb and gutter on the northern boundary on Smith Street in accordance with Council's standard drawing RF3.

**Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.

**Note:** *Road* has the same meaning as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

**Note:** The intent of this condition is that the design of the road, footpaths, driveway crossings and public stormwater drainage works must be detailed and approved prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*. Changes in levels may arise from the detailed design of buildings, road, footpath, driveway crossing grades and stormwater. Changes required under *Roads Act 1993* approvals may necessitate design and levels changes under this consent. This may in turn require the applicant to seek to amend this consent.

**Note:** See condition K24 in *Section K. Advising*s of this Consent titled *Roads Act Application*.  
Standard Condition: C13 (Autotext CC13)

## C.6 Waste Storage - Single Dwelling

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the Regulation must make provision for:

- a) A storage area for 1 x 120 litre general wastes bin, one x 240 litre green waste bin, two x recycling crates behind the building line or within non-habitable areas of the dwelling
- b) A path for wheeling bins between the waste and recycling storage area and the collection point free of steps and kerbs and having a maximum grade of 1:8.

Standard Condition: C15

## C.7 Soil and Water Management Plan – Submission & Approval

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the *Certifying Authority* a soil and water management plan complying with:

- a) “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- b) “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition” (*The Blue Book*).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence. The *Certifying Authority* must be satisfied that the soil and water management plan complies with the publications above prior to issuing any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to eliminate potential water pollution and dust nuisance.

**Note:** The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia <http://www.austieca.com.au/> lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where erosion and sedimentation plans are required for larger projects it is recommended that expert consultants produce these plans.

**Note:** The “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” publications can be down loaded free of charge from <http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/>.

**Note:** Pursuant to clause 161(1)(a)(5) of the *Regulation an Accredited Certifier* may satisfied as to this matter.  
Standard Condition: C25

### C.8 Tree Management Details

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation* must, show the following information;

- a) Trees to be numbered in accordance with these conditions,
- b) Shaded green where required to be protected and retained,
- c) Shaded yellow where required to be transplanted,
- d) Shaded blue where required to be pruned,
- e) Shaded red where authorised to be removed and,
- f) References to applicable tree management plan, arborists report, transplant method statement or bush regeneration management plan.

Standard Condition: C30

### C.9 Structural Adequacy of Existing Supporting Structures

A certificate from a *professional engineer* (Structural Engineer), certifying the adequacy of the existing supporting structure to support the additional loads proposed to be imposed by the development, must be submitted with the *Construction Certificate* application.

**Note:** This condition is imposed to ensure that the existing structure is able to support the additional loads proposed.

Standard Condition: C35

### C.10 Professional Engineering Details

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include detailed *professional engineering* plans and/or specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydro-geological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, the statement of environmental effects and supporting documentation.

Detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications must be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* with the application for any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** This does not affect the right of the developer to seek staged *Construction Certificates*.

Standard Condition: C36

### C.11 Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Design, Certification & Monitoring

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specification required to be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must be accompanied by a *Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program* together with civil and structural engineering details for foundation retaining walls, footings, basement tanking, and subsoil drainage systems, as applicable, prepared by a *professional engineer*, who is suitably qualified and experienced in geotechnical and hydrogeological engineering. These details must be certified by the *professional engineer* to:

- a) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no ground settlement or movement, during excavation or after construction, sufficient to cause an adverse impact on adjoining property or public infrastructure.

- b) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no adverse impact on surrounding property or infrastructure as a result of changes in local hydrogeology (behaviour of groundwater).
- c) Provide foundation tanking prior to excavation such that any temporary changes to the groundwater level, during construction, will be kept within the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations. Where the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations is unknown, the design must demonstrate that changes in the level of the natural water table, due to construction, will not exceed 0.3m at any time.
- d) Provide tanking of all below ground structures to prevent the entry of all ground water such that they are fully tanked and no on-going dewatering of the site is required.
- e) Provide a Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Monitoring Program that:
  - Will detect any settlement associated with temporary and permanent works and structures;
  - Will detect deflection or movement of temporary and permanent retaining structures (foundation walls, shoring bracing or the like);
  - Will detect vibration in accordance with AS 2187.2-1993 Appendix J including acceptable velocity of vibration (peak particle velocity);
  - Will detect groundwater changes calibrated against natural groundwater variations;
  - Details the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised;
  - Details the preset acceptable limits for peak particle velocity and ground water fluctuations;
  - Details recommended hold points to allow for the inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydro-geological measures by the professional engineer; and;
  - Details a contingency plan.

Standard Condition: C40

## C.12 Parking Facilities

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must include detailed plans and specifications for any bicycle, car and commercial vehicle parking demonstrating compliance with AS2890.3:1993 *Parking Facilities - Bicycle Parking Facilities*, AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 : *Parking Facilities - Off-Street Car Parking* and AS 2890.2:2002 – *Off-Street Parking: Commercial Vehicle Facilities* respectively.

Access levels and grades must comply with access levels and grade required by Council under the *Roads Act 1993*.

The *Certifying Authority* has no discretion to reduce or increase the number or area of car parking or commercial parking spaces required to be provided and maintained by this consent.

Standard Condition: C45

## C.13 Stormwater management plan (Clause 25(2) WLEP 1995)

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must include a *Stormwater Management Plan* for the site.

The *Stormwater Management Plan* must detail:

- a) General design in accordance with Stormwater disposal concept plan prepared by Whipps Wood Consulting Dwg No. HDA01 to 07 Amendment P3 dated 04.05.12 other than amended by this and other conditions;
- b) The discharge of stormwater, by direct connection, to K&G;
- c) The basement area is tanked and drain around the outside of the basement wall is removed;
- d) Compliance the objectives and performance requirements of the BCA;
- e) Any rainwater tank required by BASIX commitments including their overflow connection to the *Stormwater Drainage System*; and
- f) General compliance with the Council's draft Development Control Plan Stormwater Drainage Management (draft version 1.1 public exhibition copy dated 14/12/2006).

The *Stormwater Management Plan* must include the following specific requirements:

### **Layout plan**

A detailed drainage plan at a scale of 1:100 based on drainage calculations prepared in accordance with the Institute of Engineers Australia publication, *Australian Rainfall and Run-off*, 1987 edition or most current version thereof.

It must include:

- All pipe layouts, dimensions, grades, lengths and material specification;
- All invert levels reduced to Australian Height Datum (AHD);
- Location and dimensions of all drainage pits; and
- Point and method of connection to Councils drainage infrastructure.

Subsoil Drainage - Subsoil drainage details, clean out points, discharge point.

**Note:** This Condition is imposed to ensure that site stormwater is disposed of in a controlled and sustainable manner.

**Note:** The collection, storage and use of rainwater is to be in accordance with *Standards Australia HB230-2008 "Rainwater Tank Design and Installation Handbook"*.  
Standard Condition: C51

### **C.14 Swimming and Spa Pools – Child Resistant Barriers**

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by Clause 139 of the *Regulation* must demonstrate compliance (by showing the proposed location of all child-resistant barriers and the resuscitation sign) with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act* 1992.

**Note:** A statement to the effect that isolation swimming pool fencing complying with AS1926 will be installed does not satisfy this condition. The location of the required barriers and the sign must be detailed upon the *Construction Certificate* plans.  
Standard Condition: C55

### **C.15 Swimming and Spa Pools – Backwash**

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specification required to be submitted pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must detail the connection of backwash to Sydney Waters sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

**Note:** The plans must show the location of Sydney Waters sewer, the yard gully or any new connection to the sewer system including a detailed cross section of the connection complying with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

**Note:** The discharge of backwash water to any stormwater system is water pollution and an offence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*. The connection of any backwash pipe to any stormwater system is an offence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.  
Standard Condition: C56

### C.16 Light & Ventilation

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications, required to be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail all a lighting, mechanical ventilation or air-conditioning systems complying with Part F.4 of the *BCA* or clause 3.8.4 and 3.8.5 of the *BCA* Housing Provisions, inclusive of [AS 1668.1](#), [AS 1668.2](#) and [AS/NZS 3666.1](#). If an alternate solution is proposed then the *Construction Certificate* application must include a statement as to how the performance requirements of the *BCA* are to be complied with and support the performance based solution by expert *evidence of suitability*. This condition does not set aside the mandatory requirements of the *Public Health (Microbial Control) Regulation 2000* in relation to *regulated systems*. This condition does not set aside the effect of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* in relation to offensive noise or odour.

**Note:** Clause 98 of the *Regulation* requires compliance with the *BCA*. Clause 145 of the *Regulation* prevents the issue of a *Construction Certificate* unless the *Accredited Certifier/Council* is satisfied that compliance has been achieved. Schedule 1, Part 3 of the *Regulation* details what information must be submitted with any *Construction Certificate*. It is the Applicant's responsibility to demonstrate compliance through the *Construction Certificate* application process. Applicants must also consider possible noise and odour nuisances that may arise. The provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* have overriding effect if offensive noise or odour arises from the use. Applicant's must pay attention to the location of air intakes and air exhausts relative to sources of potentially contaminated air and neighbouring windows and air intakes respectively, see section 2 and 3 of [AS 1668.2](#).

Standard Condition C59

### C.17 General Ventilation

All internal sanitary rooms and laundry facilities not provided with natural ventilation must be provided with a system of mechanical exhaust ventilation in accordance with Table B1 "Minimum Exhaust Ventilation Flow Rates" of AS 1668.2-1991. Details of any proposed mechanical ventilation system(s) being submitted with the *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications are required to be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* demonstrating compliance with AS 1668 Parts 1&2.

### C.18 Surrender of consent (s80A(1)(b) & s80A(5) of the Act)

Notices of surrender of development consent DA 784/2008 dated 24 February 2009 and development consent DA 107/2008 dated 7 July 2008 must be provided to Council in writing by the owner of the land in compliance with Clause 97 of the *Regulation*. No *Construction Certificate* must be issued until *Council* has acknowledged in writing that this condition has been satisfied.

Standard Condition: C1

### **C.19 Checking Construction Certificate plans & protecting assets owned by the Sydney Water Corporation**

The approved plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Quick Check agent to determine whether the development will affect any Sydney Water wastewater and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easement, and any requirements need to be met. Plans will be appropriately stamped.

Please refer to the web site [www.sydneywater.com.au](http://www.sydneywater.com.au) for:

- Quick Check agents details – see Building and Development then Quick Check and
- Guidelines for Building Over/Adjacent to Sydney Water Assets – see Building and Development then Building and Renovating

**Note:** Further information can be obtained from the Sydney Water Corporation by visiting their web site: <http://www.sydneywater.com.au> or telephone 13 20 92.  
Standard Condition: C24

### **C.20 Acoustic Certification of Mechanical Plant & Equipment**

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specification required to be submitted pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must be accompanied by a certificate from a *professional engineer* (acoustic engineer) certifying that the noise level measured at any boundary of the site at any time while the proposed mechanical plant and equipment is operating will not exceed the *background noise level*. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, the noise level is measured from the nearest strata, stratum or community title land and must not exceed *background noise level*, at any time.

The *background noise level* is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, excluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For assessment purposes the background noise level is the  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$  level measured by a sound level meter.

Where sound attenuation is required this must be detailed.

**Note:** Further information including lists of Acoustic Engineers can be obtained from:

1. **Australian Acoustical Society**—professional society of noise-related professionals ([www.acoustics.asn.au /index.php](http://www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php)).
2. **Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants**—professional society of noise related professionals ([www.aaac.org.au](http://www.aaac.org.au)).

Standard Condition: C62

### **D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work**

#### **D.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989**

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a) that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,



- b) in the case of residential building work for which *the Home Building Act 1989* requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under *the Home Building Regulation 2004*,
- b) to the erection of a temporary building.

In this condition, a reference to the *BCA* is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

**Note:** This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia.

**Note:** All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia.  
Standard Condition: D1

## D.2 Dilapidation Reports for existing buildings

Dilapidation surveys must be conducted and dilapidation reports prepared by a *professional engineer* (structural) of all buildings on land whose title boundary abuts the site and of such further buildings located within the likely “zone of influence” of any excavation, dewatering and/or construction induced vibration before any work has commenced and upon completion of all work.

These properties must include (but is not limited to):

- a) 15 Rush Street; and
- b) 23 Rush Street.

The dilapidation reports must be completed and submitted to *Council* with the *Notice of Commencement* prior to the commencement of any *development work* and prior to the issue of any final occupation certificate, as specified in **Condition H.5** of this development consent.

Where excavation of the site will extend below the level of any immediately adjoining building the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must give the adjoining building owner(s) a copy of the dilapidation report for their building(s) and a copy of the *notice of commencement* required by s81A(2) of the *Act* not less than two (2) days prior to the commencement of any work.

**Note:** The reasons for this condition are:

- To provide a record of the condition of buildings prior to development being carried out
- To encourage developers and its contractors to use construction techniques that will minimise the risk of damage to buildings on neighbouring land

Also refer to the Dilapidation Report Advising for more information regarding this condition  
Standard Condition: D4

### D.3 Adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials

The *principal contractor* must ensure that a *professional engineer* determines the possibility of any adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials being affected by piling, piers or excavation. The *professional engineer* (geotechnical consultant) must assess the requirements for underpinning any adjoining or adjacent buildings founded on such soil on a case by case basis and the *principal contractor* must comply with any reasonable direction of the *professional engineer*.

**Note:** A failure by contractors to adequately assess and seek professional engineering (geotechnical) advice to ensure that appropriate underpinning and support to adjoining land is maintained prior to commencement may result in damage to adjoining land and buildings. Such contractors are likely to be held responsible for any damages arising from the removal of any support to supported land as defined by section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*.

Standard Condition: D6

### D.4 Construction Management Plan

As a result of the site constraints, limited space and access a Construction Management Plan is to be submitted to Council. Also, due to the lack of on-street parking a Work Zone may be required during construction.

A construction management plan must be submitted and approved by Council's Development Engineer. The plan must:-

- a) Describe the anticipated impact of the demolition, excavation and construction works on:
  - Local traffic routes
  - Pedestrian circulation adjacent to the building site
  - On-street parking in the local area
- b) Describe the means proposed to:
  - Manage construction works to minimise such impacts,
  - Provide for the standing of vehicles during construction,
  - Provide for the movement of trucks to and from the site, and deliveries to the site
- c) Show the location of:
  - Any site sheds and any anticipated use of cranes and concrete pumps,
  - Any areas of Council property on which it is proposed to install a Works Zone (Construction Zone)
  - Structures to be erected such as hoardings, scaffolding or shoring
  - Any excavation
- d) Describe the excavation impact on the area including
  - Number and types of trucks to be used
  - Time frame
  - Streets to be used
  - Routes to be taken
  - Directions of travel
  - Truck storage areas
  - It is recommended that vehicle routes be shared

- Excavation is to only be carried out outside peak and school hours between 9.30am to 2.30pm week days
- e) Protect Trees, Bushland and Public Open Space:
- Show the location of all Tree Protection (Exclusion) Zones as required within the conditions of this development consent.
  - The storage of building materials in or access through any of Council's reserves will not be permitted without prior approval by Council.

The Plan must make provision for all materials, plant, etc. to be stored within the development site at all times during construction. Structures or works on Council property such as hoardings, scaffolding, shoring or excavation need separate approval from Council. Standing of cranes and concrete pumps on Council property will need approval on each occasion.

**Note:** A minimum of eight weeks will be required for assessment. Work must not commence until the Construction Management Plan is approved. Failure to comply with this condition may result in fines and proceedings to stop work.  
Standard Condition: D9

## D.5 Works (Construction) Zone – Approval & Implementation

A works zone is required for this development. The *principal contractor* or *owner* must apply for a works zone. If the works zone is approved the *principal contractor* or *owner* must pay all fees for and implement the required works zone before commencement of any work.

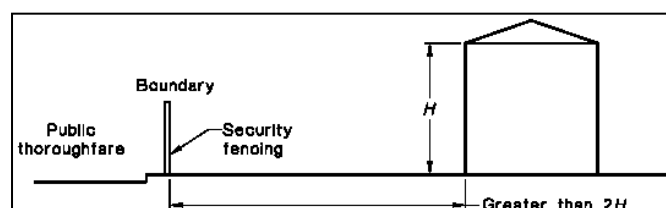
The *principal contractor* must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road as a works zone. All works zone signs must have been erected by Council to permit enforcement of the works zone by Rangers and Police before commencement of any work. Signs are not erected until full payment of works zone fees.

**Note:** The *principal contractor* or *owner* must allow not less than four to six weeks (for routine applications) from the date of making an application to the Traffic Committee (Woollahra Local Traffic Committee) constituted under the Clause 22 of the *Transport Administration (General) Regulation 2000* to exercise those functions delegated by the Roads and Traffic Authority under Section 50 of the *Transport Administration Act 1988*.

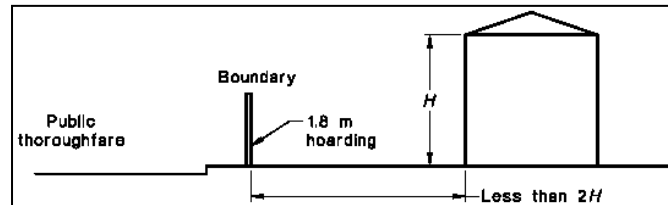
**Note:** The enforcement of the works zone is at the discretion of Council's Rangers and the NSW Police Service. The principal contractor must report any breach of the works zone to either Council or the NSW Police Service.  
Standard Condition: D10

## D.6 Security Fencing, Hoarding and Overhead Protection

Security fencing must be provided around the perimeter of the development site, including any additional precautionary measures taken to prevent unauthorised entry to the site at all times during the demolition, excavation and construction period. Security fencing must be the equivalent 1.8m high chain wire as specified in AS 1725.



Where the development site adjoins a public thoroughfare, the common boundary between them must be fenced for its full length with a hoarding, unless the least horizontal distance between the common boundary and the nearest parts of the structure is greater than twice the height of the structure. The hoarding must be constructed of solid materials (chain wire or the like is not acceptable) to a height of not less than 1.8 m adjacent to the thoroughfare.

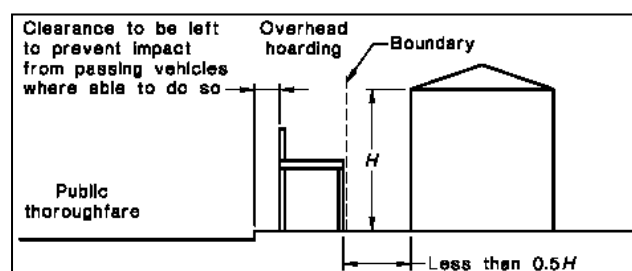


Where a development site adjoins a public thoroughfare with a footpath alongside the common boundary then, in addition to the hoarding required above, the footpath must be covered by an *overhead protective structure* and the facing facade protected by heavy-duty scaffolding, unless either:

- a) The vertical height above footpath level of the structure being demolished is less than 4.0 m; or
- b) The least horizontal distance between footpath and the nearest part of the structure is greater than half the height of the structure.

The overhead structure must consist of a horizontal platform of solid construction and vertical supports, and the platform must:

- a) Extend from the common boundary to 200mm from the edge of the carriageway for the full length of the boundary;
- b) Have a clear height above the footpath of not less than 2.1 m;
- c) Terminate 200mm from the edge of the carriageway (clearance to be left to prevent impact from passing vehicles) with a continuous solid upstand projecting not less than 0.5 m above the platform surface; and
- d) Together with its supports, be designed for a uniformly distributed live load of not less than 7 kPa.



The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road (footway) for required hoarding or overhead protection.

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that Overhead Protective Structures are installed and maintained in accordance with WorkCover NSW Code of Practice - Overhead Protective Structures, gazetted 16 December 1994, as commenced 20 March 1995. This can be downloaded from:

<http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Publications/LawAndPolicy/CodesofPractice/ohheadprotstructs.htm>.

Security fencing, hoarding and overhead protective structure must not obstruct access to utilities services including but not limited to man holes, pits, stop valves, fire hydrants or the like.

**Note:** The *principal contractor* or *owner* must allow not less than two (2) weeks from the date of making a hoarding application for determination. Any approval for a hoarding or overhead protection under the *Roads Act 1993* will be subject to its own conditions and fees.  
Standard Condition: D11

## D.7 Site Signs

The *Principal Contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the sign/s required by clauses 98A and 227A of the *Regulation* is/are erected and maintained at all times.

Clause 98A of the Regulation provides:

### *Erection of signs*

- For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.
- A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:
  - a. showing the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifying authority for the work, and
  - b. showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
  - c. stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
- Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
- This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.
- This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the *Act*, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws."

Clause 227A of the Regulation provides:

### *Signs on development sites*

If there is a person who is the PCA or the principal contractor for any building work, subdivision work or demolition work authorised to be carried out on a site by a development consent or complying development certificate:

- Each such person MUST ensure that a rigid and durable sign showing the person's identifying particulars so that they can be read easily by anyone in any public road or other public place adjacent to the site is erected in a prominent position on the site before the commencement of work, and is maintained on the site at all times while this clause applies until the work has been carried out.

**Note:** Clause 227A imposes a penalty exceeding \$1,000 if these requirements are not complied with.

**Note:** If *Council* is appointed as the *PCA* it will provide the sign to the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by Clause 98A and Clause 227A of the *Regulation*.

Standard Condition: D12

## D.8 Toilet Facilities

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site. Each toilet provided:

- a) must be a standard flushing toilet, and
- b) must be connected to a public sewer, or
- c) if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the council, or
- d) if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the council.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced.

In this condition:

**accredited sewage management facility** means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993* applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in clause 95B of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**approved by the council** means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**public sewer** has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**sewage management facility** has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**Note:** This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with Workcover NSW requirements.  
Standard Condition: D13

## D.9 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Installation

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must install and maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) The *Soil and Water Management Plan* if required under this consent;
- b) “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c) “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition” (“The Blue Book”).

Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.

**Note:** The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia (<http://www.austieca.com.au/>) lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where Soil and Water Management Plan is required for larger projects it is recommended that this be produced by a member of the International Erosion Control Association – Australasia.

**Note:** The “Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry” publications can be downloaded free of charge from [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).

**Note:** A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* **without any further warning**. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

**Note:** Section 257 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides inter alia that “the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution”

**Warning:** Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of their occupation of the land being developed.

Standard Condition: D14

#### **D.10 Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (s81A(2) of the Act)**

The erection of the building in accordance with this development consent must not be commenced until:

- a) A construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the council (if the council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
- b) The person having the benefit of the development consent has:
  - Appointed a principal certifying authority for the building work, and
  - Notified the principal certifying authority that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- c) the principal certifying authority has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
  - Notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
  - Notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- d) The person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:
  - Appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
  - Notified the principal certifying authority of any such appointment, and
  - Unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
  - Given at least 2 days’ notice to the council of the person’s intention to commence the erection of the building.

**Note:** *building* has the same meaning as in section 4 of the *Act* and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure.

**Note:** *new building* has the same meaning as in section 109H of the *Act* and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

**Note:** The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 82A(2) of the *Act* (including the need for a *Construction Certificate*) prior to any demolition work. See: *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.

**Note:** *Construction Certificate* Application, *PCA Service Agreement* and *Notice of Commencement* forms can be downloaded from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).

**Note:** It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a *building* in breach of this condition and in breach of section 81A(2) of the *Act*.  
Standard Condition: D15

#### **D.11 Notification of Home Building Act 1989 requirements**

- a) For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of this condition are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989.
- b) Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the following information:
  - In the case of work for which a *principal contractor* is required to be appointed:
    - the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
    - the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that *Act*,
  - In the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:
    - the name of the owner-builder, and
    - if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that *Act*, the number of the owner-builder permit.
- c) If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under subclause (2) becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the updated information.
- d) This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the *Act*, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws.  
Standard Condition: D17

#### **D.12 Establishment of boundary location, building location and datum**

Prior to the commencement of any work the principal contractor or owner builder must ensure that a surveyor registered under the *Surveying Act 2002* sets out:

- a) the boundaries of the *site* by permanent marks (including permanent recovery points);
- b) the location and level of foundation excavations, footings, walls and slabs by permanent marks, pegs or profiles relative to the boundaries of the land and relative to Australian Height Datum ("AHD") in compliance with the approved plans;
- c) establishes a permanent datum point (bench mark) within the boundaries of the *site* relative to AHD; and
- d) provides a copy of a survey report by the registered surveyor detailing, the title boundaries, pegs/profiles, recovery points and bench mark locations as established pursuant to this condition to the PCA.



**Note:** Where the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* notes any discrepancy between the approved development consent and the *Construction Certificate*, especially in relation to the height, location or external configuration of the building (but not limited to these issues) the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* should not proceed until satisfied that the variations as shown are consistent with the consent. Failure to do so may result in a breach of development consent.

**Note:** On larger developments, or where boundary redefinition is required, the placement of new State Survey Marks as permanent marks should be considered by the registered surveyor.  
Standard Condition: D18

### **D.13 Hazardous Materials**

Prior to the execution of demolishing works, a Hazardous Building Materials Assessment must be undertaken of the buildings in accordance with NSW WorkCover requirements, identifying all hazardous materials forming part of the building structures. Any hazardous materials identified must be reported to Council accompanied with predetermined clean-up objectives for the removal and disposal of such materials.

## **E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work**

### **E.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989**

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a) That the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b) In the case of residential building work for which the Home Building Act 1989 requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a) To the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4) of the Regulation, or
- b) To the erection of a temporary building.

In this clause, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

**Note:** All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia.  
Standard Condition: E1

### **E.2 Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition**

Demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601—2004: The Demolition of Structures, published by Standards Australia, and as in force at 1 July 2004.

Standard Condition: E2

### E.3 Compliance with Construction Management Plan

All development activities and traffic movements must be carried out in accordance with the approved construction management plan. All controls in the Plan must be maintained at all times. A copy of the Plan must be kept on-site at all times and made available to the *PCA* or *Council* on request.

**Note:** Irrespective of the provisions of the Construction Management Plan the provisions of traffic and parking legislation prevails.  
Standard Condition: E3

### E.4 Requirement to notify about new evidence

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination, heritage significance, threatened species or other relevant matters must be immediately notified to Council and the Principal Certifying Authority.

Standard Condition: E4

### E.5 Critical Stage Inspections

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* as required by the *PCA*, any *PCA* service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*.

Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the *PCA* is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*. *critical stage inspections* means the inspections prescribed by the *Regulations* for the purposes of section 109E(3)(d) of the *Act* or as required by the *PCA* and any *PCA* Service Agreement.

**Note:** The *PCA* may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the *PCA* be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.

**Note:** The *PCA* may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of *Compliance Certificates*, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* in relation to any matter relevant to the development.

Standard Condition: E5

### E.6 Hours of Work –Amenity of the neighbourhood

- a) No *work* must take place on any Sunday or public holiday,
- b) No *work* must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday,
- c) No *work* must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday,
- d) The following *work* **must not** take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday;
  - i) Piling;
  - ii) Piering;
  - iii) Rock or concrete cutting, boring or drilling;
  - iv) Rock breaking;
  - v) Rock sawing;
  - vi) Jack hammering; or
  - vii) Machine excavation,

- e) No loading or unloading of material or equipment associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.
- f) No operation of any equipment associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday
- g) No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing , jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

**Note:** The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.

**Note:** Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.

**Note:** The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RTA and Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.

**Note:** Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2000*.

**Note:** EPA Guidelines can be down loaded from <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm> .

**Note:** see [http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci\\_build\\_sheet7.pdf](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci_build_sheet7.pdf)  
Standard Condition: E6

## E.7 Public Footpaths – Safety, Access and Maintenance

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* and any other person acting with the benefit of this consent must:

- a) Not erect or maintain any gate or fence swing out or encroaching upon the road or the footway.
- b) Not use the road or footway for the storage of any article, material, matter, waste or thing.
- c) Not use the road or footway for any *work*.
- d) Keep the road and footway in good repair free of any trip hazard or obstruction.
- e) Not stand any plant and equipment upon the road or footway.
- f) Provide a clear safe pedestrian route a minimum of 1.5m wide.
- g) Protect street name inlays in the footpath which are not to be removed or damaged during development.

This condition does not apply to the extent that a permit or approval exists under the section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999*, section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* or section 94 of the *Local Government Act 1993* except that at all time compliance is required with:

- a) Australian Standard AS 1742 (Set) Manual of uniform traffic control devices and all relevant parts of this set of standards.

- b) Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999*.

**Note:** Section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* allows the Police to close any road or road related area to traffic during any temporary obstruction or danger to traffic or for any temporary purpose. Any road closure requires Police approval.

**Note:** Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* provides that a person must not:

- erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or
- dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
- remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or
- pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or
- connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road, otherwise than with the consent of the appropriate roads authority.

**Note:** Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* provides that a person may carry out certain activities only with the prior approval of the council including:

- Part C Management of Waste:
  - a. For fee or reward, transport waste over or under a public place
  - b. Place waste in a public place
  - c. Place a waste storage container in a public place.”
- Part E Public roads:
  - a. Swing or hoist goods across or over any part of a public road by means of a lift, hoist or tackle projecting over the footway
  - b. Expose or allow to be exposed (whether for sale or otherwise) any article in or on or so as to overhang any part of the road or outside a shop window or doorway abutting the road, or hang an article beneath an awning over the road.”
  - c. Any work in, on or over the Road or Footway requires *Council Approval* and in the case of classified roads the NSW Roads and Traffic Authority. Road includes that portion of the road uses as a footway.  
Standard Condition: E7

## E.8 Tree Preservation

All persons must comply with Council’s *Tree Preservation Order* (“the TPO”), other than where varied by this consent. The order applies to any tree, with a height greater than 5 metres or a diameter spread of branches greater than 3 metres, is subject to Council’s Tree Preservation Order unless, exempted by specific provisions. Works to be carried out within a 5 metre radius of any tree, subject to the Tree Preservation Order, require the prior written consent of Council.

### General Protection Requirements

- a) There must be no excavation or *work* within the required Tree Protection Zone(s). The Tree Protection Zone(s) must be maintained during all *development work*.
- b) Where excavation encounters tree roots with a diameter exceeding 40mm excavation must cease. The *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree roots exposed by a qualified arborist. Excavation must only recommence with the implementation of the recommendations of the qualified arborist or where specific instructions are given by Council's Tree Management Officer in strict accordance with such Council instructions.
- c) Where there is damage to any part of a tree the *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree by a qualified arborist immediately. The *principal contractor* must immediately implement treatment as directed by the qualified arborist or where specific instructions are given by Council's Tree Management Officer in strict accordance with such Council instructions.

**Note:** Trees must be pruned in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4373 – 2007 “Pruning of Amenity Trees” and Workcover NSW Code of Practice Amenity Tree Industry 1998.  
Standard Condition: E8

## E.9 Tree Preservation & Approved Landscaping Works

All landscape works must be undertaken in accordance with the approved landscape plan, arborist report, tree management plan and transplant method statement as applicable.

a) The following trees must be retained

- Trees on Council Land

Council Ref No	Species	Location	Dimension (metres)	Tree Value
T2	<i>Leptospermum petersonii</i> (Lemon-scented Tea tree)	Front – Council verge west	4 x 3	Not assess
T3	<i>Leptospermum petersonii</i> (Lemon-scented Tea tree)	Front – Council verge centre	5 x 3	Not assess
T4	<i>Leptospermum petersonii</i> (Lemon-scented Tea tree)	Front – Council verge east	4 x 3	Not assess

**Note:** The tree/s required to be retained should appear coloured green on the construction certificate plans.

b) The following trees may be removed:

Council Ref No	Species	Location	Dimension (metres)
T1	<i>Jacaranda mimosifolia</i> (Jacaranda)	Rear of 21 Rush St	10 x 8

**Note:** The tree/s that may be removed should appear coloured red on the construction certificate plans.

**Note:** Water Restrictions take precedence over this condition.

**Note:** Having regard to water restrictions manual hosing may be necessary.

Standard Condition: E9

## E.10 Replacement trees which must be planted

The following compensatory replacement plantings must be planted to ensure the preservation of the landscape character of the area. Areas for future planting must be plotted on the submitted landscape or architectural plans and be protected from damage, especially soil compaction and contamination from construction activity by erecting a barrier or implementing ground protection. Where ground protection during construction activity is not implemented, remediation measures prior to planting such as soil ripping or subsoil aeration must be employed.

Any replacement plant is to be maintained in a healthy and vigorous condition until it attains a height of 5 metres or a spread of 3 metres, whereby it will be protected by Council’s Tree Preservation Order. If the replacement plant is found to be faulty, damaged, dying or dead before it attains a size whereby it is protected by Council’s Tree Preservation Order, it must be replaced with another of the same species which complies with the criteria outlined below.

Species/Type	Planting Location	Container Size or Size of Tree(@ time of planting)	Minimum Dimensions at Maturity
2 x <i>Acacia pycnantha</i> (Golden Wattle)	Rear Courtyard	25 litre	6 x 4
<i>Brachychiton acerifolius</i> (Illawarra Flame tree)	Rear – South end of swimming pool	75 Litre	12 x 8
All replacement trees are to be NATSPEC grown.			

### E.11 Maintenance of Environmental Controls

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the following monitoring, measures and controls are maintained:

- a) Erosion and sediment controls,
- b) Dust controls,
- c) Dewatering discharges,
- d) Noise controls;
- e) Vibration monitoring and controls; and
- f) Ablutions.

**Note:** See [http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/small\\_business/builders.htm](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/small_business/builders.htm) for additional information.  
Standard Condition: E11

### E.12 Compliance with Geotechnical/Hydrogeological Monitoring Program

Excavation must be undertaken in accordance with the recommendations of the *Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program* and any oral or written direction of the supervising *professional engineer*.

The *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor must strictly follow the *Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program* for the development including, but not limited to;

- a) the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised;
- b) recommended hold points to allow for inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydrogeological measures by the *professional engineer*; and
- c) the contingency plan.

**Note:** The consent authority cannot require that the author of the geotechnical/hydrogeological report submitted with the Development Application to be appointed as the *professional engineer* supervising the work however, it is the Council's recommendation that the author of the report be retained during the construction stage.  
Standard Condition: E12

### E.13 Support of adjoining land and buildings

A person must not do anything on or in relation to the *site* (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other land (the supported land) or building (the supported building).

For the purposes of this condition, supporting land includes the natural surface of the site, the subsoil of the site, any water beneath the site, and any part of the site that has been reclaimed.

**Note:** This condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is considered necessary upon any adjoining or supported land by any person the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must obtain:

- a. the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or
- b. an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or
- c. an easement under section 88K of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, or
- d. an easement under section 40 of the *Land & Environment Court Act 1979* as appropriate.

**Note:** Section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).

**Note:** Clause 20 of the *Roads (General) Regulation 2000* prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: “**Excavations adjacent to road** - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road.” Separate approval is required under the Roads Act 1993 for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road.

**Note:** The encroachment of work or the like is a civil matter of trespass or encroachment and Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments except in relation to encroachments upon any road, public place, crown land under Council’s care control or management, or any community or operational land as defined by the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Standard Condition: E13

## E.14 Vibration Monitoring

Vibration monitoring equipment must be installed and maintained, under the supervision of a *professional engineer* with expertise and experience in geotechnical engineering, between any potential source of vibration and any *building* identified by the *professional engineer* as being potentially at risk of movement or damage from settlement and/or vibration during the excavation and during the removal of any excavated material from the land being developed.

If vibration monitoring equipment detects any vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building exceeding the peak particle velocity adopted by the *professional engineer* as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity an audible alarm must activate such that the *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor are easily alerted to the event.

Where any such alarm triggers all excavation works must cease immediately.

Prior to the vibration monitoring equipment being reset by the *professional engineer* and any further work recommencing the event must be recorded and the cause of the event identified and documented by the *professional engineer*.

Where the event requires, in the opinion of the *professional engineer*, any change in work practices to ensure that vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building does not exceed the peak particle velocity adopted by the *professional engineer* as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity these changes in work practices must be documented and a written direction given by the *professional engineer* to the *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor clearly setting out required work practice.

The *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor must comply with all work directions, verbal or written, given by the *professional engineer*.

A copy of any written direction required by this condition must be provided to the *Principal Certifying Authority* within 24 hours of any event.

Where there is any movement in foundations such that damaged is occasioned to any adjoining *building* or such that there is any removal of support to *supported land* the *professional engineer, principal contractor* and any sub-contractor responsible for such work must immediately cease all work, inform the owner of that *supported land* and take immediate action under the direction of the *professional engineer* to prevent any further damage and restore support to the *supported land*.

**Note:** *Professional engineer* has the same mean as in Clause A1.1 of the BCA.

**Note:** *Building* has the same meaning as in section 4 of the Act i.e. “*building* includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure”.

**Note:** *Supported land* has the same meaning as in section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919.  
Standard Condition: E14

### E.15 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Maintenance

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) The Soil and Water Management Plan required under this consent;
- b) “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c) “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition (“*The Blue Book*”).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence.



**Note:** A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

**Note:** Section 257 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 provides that “the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution”.

**Warning:** Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of the occupation of the land being developed whether or not they actually cause the pollution.

Standard Condition: E15

### E.16 Disposal of site water during construction

The principal contractor or owner builder must ensure:

- a) Prior to pumping any water into the road or public stormwater system that approval is obtained from *Council* under section 138(1)(d) of the *Roads Act* 1993;
- b) That *water pollution*, as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997, does not occur as the result of the discharge to the road, public stormwater system or other place or any site water;



- c) That stormwater from any roof or other impervious areas is linked, via temporary downpipes and stormwater pipes, to a Council approved stormwater disposal system immediately upon completion of the roof installation or work creating other impervious areas.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that adjoining and neighbouring land is not adversely affected by unreasonable overland flows of stormwater and that site water does not concentrate water such that they cause erosion and water pollution.

Standard Condition: E17

### E.17 Filling of site

To the extent that this consent permits filling of the site such fill must be *virgin excavated natural material* (“VENM”).

*VENM* means “*Virgin excavated natural material (such as clay, gravel, sand, soil and rock) that is not mixed with any other type of waste and which has been excavated from areas of land that are not contaminated with human-made chemicals as a result of industrial, commercial, mining or agricultural activities and which do not contain sulphidic ores or soils.*”

**Note:** This definition is the same as in Schedule 1 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, Appendix IX: Types of waste.

**Note:** Sulphidic ores and soils are commonly known as Acid Sulphate Soils.

**Note:** If a person transports waste to a place (the site) that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility for that waste: (a) the person, and, (b) if the person is not the owner of the waste, the owner, are each guilty of an offence under section 143 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Note:** A person who is the owner or occupier (principal contractor) of any land that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility and who permits the land to be used as a waste facility is guilty of an offence under section 144 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Note:** Additional information is available from the following websites:

**Illegal waste dumping** - <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/waste/dumping.htm>

**Is that fill legal?** <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/012648web.epa%20fill.dl%20bro.pdf>

Standard Condition: E18

### E.18 Site Cranes

Site Crane(s) and hoist(s) may be erected within the boundary of the land being developed subject to compliance with Australian Standards AS 1418, AS 2549 and AS 2550 and all relevant parts to these standards.

Cranes must not swing or hoist over any public place unless the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* have the relevant approval under the *Local Government Act 1993*, *Crown Lands Act 1989* or *Roads Act 1993*.

The crane must not be illuminated outside approved working hours other than in relation to safety beacons required by the Civil Aviation Safety Authority under the *Civil Aviation Act 1988* (*Cth*).

No illuminated sign(s) must be erected upon or displayed upon any site crane.

**Note:** Where it is proposed to swing a crane over a public place the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must make a separate application to Council under section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* and obtain activity approval from Council prior to swinging or hoisting over the public place.

**Note:** Where it is proposed to swing a crane over private land the consent of the owner of that private land is required. Alternatively, the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must obtain an access order under the *Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000* or easement under section 88K of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* or section 40 of the *Land & Environment Court Act 1979* as appropriate. The encroachment of cranes or the like is a civil matter of trespass and encroachment. Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments.  
Standard Condition: E19

### **E.19 Check Surveys - boundary location, building location, building height and stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum**

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that a surveyor registered under the *Surveying Act 2002* carries out check surveys and provides survey certificates confirming the location of the building(s), ancillary works and the stormwater drainage system relative to the boundaries of the *site* and that the height of buildings, ancillary works and the stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum complies with this consent at the following critical stages.

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that work must not proceed beyond each of the following critical stages until compliance has been demonstrated to the *PCA's* satisfaction:

- a) Upon the completion of foundation walls prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any floor slab and generally at damp proof course level;
- b) Upon the completion of formwork for floor slabs prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any concrete and generally at each storey;
- c) Upon the completion of formwork or framework for the roof(s) prior to the laying of any roofing or the pouring of any concrete roof;
- d) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for any ancillary structure, swimming pool or spa pool or the like;
- e) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for driveways showing transitions and crest thresholds confirming that driveway levels match Council approved driveway crossing levels and minimum flood levels.;
- f) Stormwater Drainage Systems prior to back filling over pipes confirming location, height and capacity of works.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that development occurs in the location and at the height approved under this consent. This is critical to ensure that building are constructed to maximum heights to protect the amenity of neighbours.  
Standard Condition: E20

### **E.20 Placement and use of Skip Bins**

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:

- a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 94 of the *Local Government Act 1993* to place the waste storage container in a public place, and
- b) Where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999*.

**Note:** Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards.  
Standard Condition: E21

### **E.21 Prohibition of burning**

There must be no burning of any waste or other materials. The burning of CCA (copper chrome arsenate) or PCP (pentachlorophenol) treated timber is prohibited in all parts of NSW. All burning is prohibited in the Woollahra local government area.

**Note:** Pursuant to the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Control of Burning) Regulation 2000* all burning (including burning of vegetation and domestic waste) is prohibited except with approval. No approval is granted under this consent for any burning.  
Standard Condition: E22

### **E.22 Dust Mitigation**

Dust mitigation must be implemented in accordance with “*Dust Control - Do it right on site*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils.

This generally requires:

- a) Dust screens to all hoardings and site fences.
- b) All stockpiles or loose materials to be covered when not being used.
- c) All equipment, where capable, being fitted with dust catchers.
- d) All loose materials being placed bags before placing into waste or skip bins.
- e) All waste and skip bins being kept covered when not being filled or emptied.
- f) The surface of excavation work being kept wet to minimise dust.
- g) Landscaping incorporating trees, dense shrubs and grass being implemented as soon as practically possible to minimise dust.

**Note:** “*Dust Control - Do it right on site*” can be down loaded free of charge from Council’s web site [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) or obtained from Council’s office.

**Note:** Special precautions must be taken when removing asbestos or lead materials from development sites. Additional information can be obtained from [www.workcover.nsw.gov.au](http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au) and [www.epa.nsw.gov.au](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au) . Other specific condition and advice may apply.

**Note:** Demolition and construction activities may affect local air quality and contribute to urban air pollution. The causes are dust, smoke and fumes coming from equipment or activities, and airborne chemicals when spraying for pest management. Precautions must be taken to prevent air pollution.  
Standard Condition: E23

### **E.23 Compliance with Council’s Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works Road works and work within the Road and Footway**

All work carried out on assets which are under Council ownership or will revert to the ownership, care, control or management of Council in connection with the *development* to which this consent relates must comply with Council’s *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated February 2012.

The *owner, principal contractor or owner builder* must meet all costs associated with such works.

This condition does not set aside the need to obtain relevant approvals under the *Roads Act 1993* or *Local Government Act 1993* for works within Roads and other public places.

**Note:** A copy of Council's "*Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works*" can be downloaded free of charge from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au)  
Standard Condition: E24

## **E.24 Swimming and Spa Pools – Temporary Child Resistant Barriers and other matters**

Temporary child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* where any swimming pool or spa pool as defined by the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* contains more than 300mm in depth of water at any time. Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* as soon as practical. Backwash and any temporary dewatering from any swimming pool or spa pool as defined by the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

**Note:** This condition does not prevent Council from issuing an order pursuant to section 23 of the *Swimming Pool Act 1992* or taking such further action as necessary for a breach of this condition or the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.  
Standard Condition: E26

## **E.25 Site waste minimisation and management – Demolition**

In order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from demolition activities:

- a) The provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work
- b) An area is to be allocated for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (giving consideration to slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets, vegetation and access and handling requirements)
- c) Provide separate collection bins and/or areas for the storage of residual waste
- d) Clearly 'signpost' the purpose and content of the bins and/or storage areas
- e) Implement measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour, health risks and windborne litter
- f) Minimise site disturbance, limiting unnecessary excavation

When implementing the SWMMP the applicant must ensure:

- a) Footpaths, public reserves and street gutters are not used as places to store demolition waste or materials of any kind without Council approval
- b) Any material moved offsite is transported in accordance with the requirements of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act (1997)*
- c) Waste is only transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility
- d) Generation, storage, treatment and disposal of hazardous waste and special waste (including asbestos) is conducted in accordance with relevant waste legislation administered by the EPA and relevant Occupational Health and Safety legislation administered by Workcover NSW
- e) Evidence such as weighbridge dockets and invoices for waste disposal or recycling services are retained

**Note:** Materials that have an existing reuse or recycling market should not be disposed of in a landfill. Reuse and recycling opportunities are decreased when asbestos is not carefully removed and segregated from other waste streams.  
Standard Condition: E31

## E.26 Site waste minimisation and management – Construction

In order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from construction activities:

- a) The provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work
- b) Arrange for the delivery of materials so that materials are delivered ‘as needed’ to prevent the degradation of materials through weathering and moisture damage
- c) Consider organising to return excess materials to the supplier or manufacturer
- d) Allocate an area for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (considering slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets and vegetation)
- e) Clearly ‘signpost’ the purpose and content of the storage areas
- f) Arrange contractors for the transport, processing and disposal of waste and recycling. Ensure that all contractors are aware of the legal requirements for disposing of waste.
- g) Promote separate collection bins or areas for the storage of residual waste
- h) implement measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour and health risks, and windborne litter
- i) Minimise site disturbance and limit unnecessary excavation
- j) Ensure that all waste is transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility
- k) Retain all records demonstrating lawful disposal of waste and keep them readily accessible for inspection by regulatory authorities such as council, Department of Environment and Climate Change (DECC) or WorkCover NSW

Standard Condition: E32

## E.27 Shoring and adequacy of adjoining property

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on adjoining land.

The person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the person’s own expense;

- a) protect and support the adjoining premises from possible damage from the excavation, and
- b) where necessary, underpin the adjoining premises to prevent any such damage

**Note:** this condition does not apply if the person having the benefit of the development consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land has given consent in writing to that condition not applying.

Standard Condition: E33

## E.28 Swimming Pool Fencing

Swimming Pool Fencing is to be constructed in accordance with AS1926-2007- Australian Standard Swimming Pool Safety Part 1 – *Safety Barriers for Swimming Pools*.

## E.29 Water Hammer

All construction shall be undertaken in accordance with the NSW Plumbing + Drainage Code of Practice and AS/NZS Standard 3500. Particular attention is to be taken to ensure that all pipes:

- a) Are installed to minimise noise;
- b) Secured and installed so that ‘water hammer’ does not occur; and
- c) The general operation of the ensuite does not create noise nuisance to adjoining residents.

Standard Condition: E38

### **E.30 Soil Removal**

Prior to the disposal of any soil from the site, such soil shall be classified in accordance with the provisions of both the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and the NSW EPA Guidelines: Assessment, Classification and Management of Liquid and Non-Liquid Wastes (1999).

### **E.31 Contaminated Fill Material**

The excavation and removal of any contaminated fill material must be to an appropriate DECC – licensed landfill facility.

### **E.32 Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997**

During demolishing works, no equipment, building materials or other articles are to be used or placed in a manner on or off the site that will cause or likely to cause a ‘pollution incident’ as defined under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997*.

## **F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)**

### **F.1 Occupation Certificate (section 109M of the Act)**

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 109H (4) of the *Act*) unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

**Note:** New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.  
Standard Condition: F1

### **F.2 Amenity Landscaping**

The *owner* or *principal contractor* must install all approved amenity landscaping (screen planting, soil stabilisation planting, etc.) prior to any occupation or use of the site.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that the environmental impacts of the development are mitigated by approved landscaping prior to any occupation of the development.  
Standard Condition: F6

### **F.3 Commissioning and Certification of Systems and Works**

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the satisfaction of the *PCA* works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* confirming that the *works*, as executed and as detailed, comply with the requirement of this consent, the *Act*, the *Regulations*, any relevant *construction certificate*, the *BCA* and relevant *Australian Standards*.

Works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA must include but may not be limited to:

- a) Certification from the supervising professional engineer that the requirement of the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological conditions and report recommendations were implemented and satisfied during development work.
- b) All flood protection measures.
- c) All garage/car park/basement car park, driveways and access ramps comply with Australian Standard AS 2890.1 – “Off-Street car parking.”
- d) All stormwater drainage and storage systems.
- e) All mechanical ventilation systems.
- f) All hydraulic systems.
- g) All structural work.
- h) All acoustic attenuation work.
- i) All waterproofing.
- j) Such further matters as the Principal Certifying Authority may require.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that systems and works as completed meet *development standards* as defined by the *Act*, comply with the BCA, comply with this consent and so that a public record of works as execute is maintained.

**Note:** The *PCA* may require any number of WAE plans, certificates, or other evidence of suitability as necessary to confirm compliance with the *Act*, *Regulation*, Development Standards, *BCA*, and relevant *Australia Standards*. As a minimum WAE plans and certification is required for stormwater drainage and detention, mechanical ventilation work, hydraulic services (including but not limited to fire services).

**Note:** The *PCA* must submit to Council, with any *Occupation Certificate*, copies of works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* upon which the *PCA* has relied in issuing any *Occupation Certificate*.

Standard Condition: F7

#### **F.4 Street Numbering**

The development must be provided with street and sole occupancy unit numbers determined by Council. This condition has been imposed to ensure that emergency services, utility services, and the general public are able to clearly and readily locate any property. Further, this condition has been imposed to protect the integrity of street numbering and land information.

**Note:** Applications for the allocation of street and sole occupancy unit numbers should be made together with any application for a strata certificate or Torrens or community title subdivision certificate. Council will determine at its discretion in accordance with its policy street numbers and street addresses that best suit the public interest.

Standard Condition: F11

#### **F.5 Letter Box(es)**

All letter boxes must be constructed and located in accordance with AS/NZS 4253:1994 Mailboxes and to Australia Post’s satisfaction.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that mail can be delivered to occupiers of the site.

Standard Condition: F12

#### **F.6 Swimming and Spa Pools – Permanent Child Resistant Barriers and other matters**

Prior to any occupation or use of the development and prior to filling any swimming pool as defined by the *Swimming Pool Act 1992*:

- a) Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.
- b) The *Principal Contractor* or *owner* must apply for and obtain a Compliance Certificate under section 24 of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.
- c) Public Pools must comply with the NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines in force at that time and private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable.
- d) Water recirculation and filtration systems must be installed in compliance with AS 1926.3-2003:*Swimming pool safety - Water recirculation and filtration systems*.

Backwash must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996:

- a) Water recirculation and filtration systems must be connected to the electricity supply by a timer that limits the systems operation such that it does not operate:
- b) Before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday or before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.

**Note:** The NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines can be down loaded free from:  
<http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/public-health/ehb/general/pools/poolguidelines.pdf>

Standard Condition: F13

## **F.7 New Waste Services**

No occupation certificate must be issued until the owner/developer has procured the provision of required wastes services including purchase of all waste and recycling storage containers (bins and crates) from Council or otherwise in accordance with the approved *Waste Management Plan*.

Standard Condition: F19

## **G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Subdivision Certificate**

Not applicable.

## **H. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate (s109C(1)(c))**

### **H.1 Fulfillment of BASIX commitments – Clause 154B of the Regulation**

All BASIX commitments must be effected in accordance with the BASIX Certificate No.426482S.

**Note:** Clause 154B(2) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000 provides: "A *certifying authority* must not issue a final occupation certificate for a BASIX affected building to which this clause applies unless it is satisfied that each of the commitments whose fulfilment it is required to monitor has been fulfilled."

Standard Condition: H7



## H.2 Landscaping

All landscape work including all planting must be completed by the *principal contractor* or *owner* in compliance with the approved landscape plan, arborist report, transplant method statement and tree management plan. The *principal contractor* or *owner* must provide to *PCA* a works-as-executed landscape plan and certification from a qualified landscape architect/designer, horticulturist and/or arborist as applicable to the effect that the works as completed comply with this consent.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that all Landscaping work is completed prior to the issue of the *Final Occupation Certificate*.  
Standard Condition: H9

## H.3 Removal of Ancillary Works and Structures

The *principal contractor* or *owner* must remove from the land and any adjoining public place:

- a) The site sign;
- b) Ablutions;
- c) Hoarding;
- d) Scaffolding; and
- e) Waste materials, matter, article or thing.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that all ancillary matter is removed prior to the issue of the *Final Occupation Certificate*.  
Standard Condition: H12

## H.4 Road Works (including footpaths)

The following works must be completed to the satisfaction of Council, in accordance with the *Roads Act 1993* approvals and comply with Council's "*Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works*" dated February 2012 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the *principal contractor's* or *owner's* expense:

- a) Stormwater pipes, pits and connections to public stormwater systems within the *road*;
- b) Driveways and vehicular crossings within the *road*;
- c) Removal of redundant driveways and vehicular crossings;
- d) New footpaths within the *road*;
- e) Relocation of existing power/light pole
- f) relocation/provision of street signs
- g) New or replacement street trees;
- h) New footway verges, where a grass verge exists, the balance of the area between the footpath and the kerb or site boundary over the full frontage of the proposed development must be turfed. The grass verge must be constructed to contain a uniform minimum 75mm of friable growing medium and have a total cover of turf predominant within the street.
- i) New or reinstated kerb and guttering within the *road*; and
- j) New or reinstated road surface pavement within the *road*.

**Note:** Security held by Council pursuant to section 80A(6) of the Act will not be release by Council until compliance has been achieved with this condition. An application for refund of security must be submitted with the *Final Occupation Certificate* to Council. This form can be downloaded from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) or obtained from Council's customer service centre.  
Standard Condition: H13

## H.5 Dilapidation Reports for existing buildings

A second Dilapidation Report must be prepared in accordance with the requirements of **Condition D.2** of this development consent, prior to the issue of a final Occupation Certificate. A copy of this Dilapidation Report must be given to the property owners referred to in **Condition D.2** of this development consent. A copy must be lodged with Council and the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of a final Occupation Certificate.

### I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the development

#### I.1 Maintenance of BASIX commitments

All BASIX commitments must be maintained in accordance with the BASIX Certificate No.426482S.

**Note:** This condition affects successors in title with the intent that environmental sustainability measures must be maintained for the life of development under this consent.

Standard Condition: 17

#### I.2 Maintenance of Landscaping

All landscaping must be maintained in general accordance with this consent.

This condition does not prohibit the planting of additional trees or shrubs subject that they are native species endemic to the immediate locality.

This condition has been imposed to ensure that the landscaping design intent is not eroded over time by the removal of landscaping or inappropriate exotic planting.

**Note:** This condition also acknowledges that development consent is not required to plant vegetation and that over time additional vegetation may be planted to replace vegetation or enhance the amenity of the locality. Owners should have regard to the amenity impact of trees upon the site and neighbouring land. Further, drought proof vegetation being native species endemic to the immediate locality is encouraged. Suggested native species endemic to the immediate locality are listed in the Brochure Titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs" published by Woollahra, Waverley, Randwick and Botany Bay Councils.

Standard Condition: 18

#### I.3 Clothes drying etcetera

No clothes, linen or the like must be hung from any balcony, terrace or veranda such that they are visible from any public place.

This condition has been imposed to ensure that the visual amenity of the neighbourhood is not detrimentally affected by a proliferation of such practices.

Standard Condition: 19

#### I.4 Swimming and Spa Pools – Maintenance

Swimming and Spa Pools must be maintained:

- a) In compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act* 1992 with regard to the provision of child-resistant barriers and resuscitation signs;

- b) In compliance with the NSW Health “Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines” in force at that time. Private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable;
- c) In compliance with AS 1926.3-2003:Swimming pool safety - Water recirculation and filtration systems ;
- d) With backwash being discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996, and
- e) With a timer that limits the recirculation and filtration systems operation such that it does not emit noise that can be heard within a habitable room in any other residential premises (regardless of whether any door or window to that room is open):
  - Before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday, or
  - Before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.

**Note:** Child-resistant barriers, resuscitation signs, recirculation and filtration systems and controls systems require regular maintenance to ensure that life safety, health and amenity standards are maintained.

**Note:** The NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines can be down loaded free from: <http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/public-health/ehb/general/pools/poolguidelines.pdf>

Standard Condition: I13

## **I.5 Outdoor lighting – Residential**

Outdoor lighting must comply with AS 4282-1997: Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting. The maximum luminous intensity from each luminaire must not exceed the level 1 control relevant under table 2.2 of AS 4282. The maximum illuminance and the threshold limits must be in accordance with Table 2.1 of AS 4282.

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbours and limit the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting in public places.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to control the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.

Standard Condition: I42

## **I.6 Waste Management - Residential**

Waste Management must comply with the approved Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) and with the requirements of Council’s Site Waste and Minimisation Development Control Plan 2010.

The occupier of the site must place waste and recycling bins/crates on the footpath for collection but not earlier than 12 hours prior to the designated collection time.

The occupier of the site must remove waste and recycling bins/crates from the footpath within 12 hours of being emptied by Council’s waste service and they must be stored within the site in the approved waste storage area.

No commercial waste must be placed within residential waste and recycling bins/crates.

This condition has been imposed to ensure that the provisions of the approved SWMMP and of Council’s Site Waste Minimisation and Management Development Control Plan, 2010 are complied with during the ongoing operations of the development.

**Note:** For further residential wastes management policy information go to [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) or contact Council’s Waste Education Officer.

Standard Condition: I45

## I.7 Rainwater Tank – Operation and Maintenance

All rainwater tank systems shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the technical provisions of the NSW Code of Practice for Plumbing and Drainage 3rd Edition 2006, AS/NZS 3500 as adopted by the Building Code of Australia, and the NSW Health Guideline "Use of Rainwater Tanks Where a Public Water Supply is Available".

**Note:** The NSW Health Guideline can be downloaded from [http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/policies/gl/2007/pdf/GL2007\\_009.pdf](http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/policies/gl/2007/pdf/GL2007_009.pdf). The guideline's introduction states: "In urban areas the public water supply remains the most reliable source of good quality drinking water for the community. In these areas NSW Health supports the use of rainwater tanks for non-drinking uses, such as toilet flushing, washing clothes or in water heating systems, and outdoors for uses such as garden watering, car washing, filling swimming pools, spas and ornamental ponds, and fire fighting. Use of rainwater conserves the public water supply and helps to reduce stormwater impacts. In urban areas NSW Health recommends that people use the public water supply for drinking and cooking because it is filtered, disinfected and generally fluoridated."  
Standard Condition: I35

## I.8 Noise Control – use of premises and swimming pool

The use of the premises must not give rise to the transmission of *offensive noise* to any place of different occupancy. *Offensive noise* is defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

**Note:** Council will generally enforce this condition in accordance with the *Noise Guide for Local Government* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm>) and the *Industrial Noise Guidelines* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/industrial.htm>) published by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Other state government authorities also regulate the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

### Useful links:

**Community Justice Centres**—free mediation service provided by the NSW Government ([www.cjc.nsw.gov.au](http://www.cjc.nsw.gov.au)).

**Department of Environment and Conservation NSW**, Noise Policy Section web page ([www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise](http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise)).

**New South Wales Government Legislation** home page for access to all NSW legislation, including the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *Protection of the Environment Noise Control Regulation 2000* ([www.legislation.nsw.gov.au](http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au)).

**Australian Acoustical Society**—professional society of noise-related professionals ([www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php](http://www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php)).

**Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants**—professional society of noise related professionals ([www.aaac.org.au](http://www.aaac.org.au)).

**Department of Gaming and Racing** - ([www.dgr.nsw.gov.au](http://www.dgr.nsw.gov.au)).

Standard Condition: I50

## I.9 Noise from mechanical plant and equipment - air conditioning plant and swimming pool equipment

The noise level measured at any boundary of the site at any time while the mechanical plant and equipment is operating must not exceed the *background noise level*. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, the noise level is measured from the nearest strata, stratum or community title land and must not exceed *background noise level* at any time.

The *background noise level* is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, excluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For assessment purposes the background noise level is the  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$  level measured by a sound level meter.

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

**Note:** Words in this condition have the same meaning as in the:  
*NSW Industrial Noise Policy* ([http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/ind\\_noise.pdf](http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/ind_noise.pdf))  
ISBN 0 7313 2715 2, dated January 2000, and  
*Noise Guide for Local Government* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm>)  
ISBN 1741370671, dated December 2004.  
Standard Condition: I53

## J. Miscellaneous Conditions

Not applicable.

## K. Advisings

### K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent & Environmental laws

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence**. Failure to comply with other environmental laws is also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- a) Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- b) Issue notices and orders;
- c) Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- d) Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

#### Warnings as to potential maximum penalties

Maximum Penalties under NSW Environmental Laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

#### Warning as to enforcement and legal costs

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order.

This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

**Note:** The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. You can obtain further information from the following web sites:

<http://www.theshopfront.org/documents/ConvictionsCriminalRecords.pdf> and the Attorney General's [www.agd.nsw.gov.au](http://www.agd.nsw.gov.au).

Standard Advising: K1

## K.2 Dial before you dig



The *principal contractor*, *owner builder* or any person digging may be held financially responsible by the asset owner should they damage underground pipe or cable networks. Minimise your risk and Dial 1100 Before You Dig or visit [www.dialbeforeyoudig.com.au](http://www.dialbeforeyoudig.com.au).

When you contact Dial Before You Dig, you will be sent details of all Dial Before You Dig members who have underground assets in the vicinity of your proposed excavation.

Standard Advising: K2

## K.3 Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (“DDA”)

The Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (DDA) makes it against the law for public places to be inaccessible to people with a disability. Compliance with this development consent, Council’s Access DCP and the BCA does not necessarily satisfy compliance with the DDA.

The DDA applies to existing places as well as places under construction. Existing places must be modified and be accessible (except where this would involve "unjustifiable hardship").

Further detailed advice can be obtained from the Human Rights and Equal Opportunity Commission (“HEROC”):

- a) <http://www.hreoc.gov.au/index.html>
- b) [http://www.hreoc.gov.au/disability\\_rights/dda\\_guide/ins/ins.html](http://www.hreoc.gov.au/disability_rights/dda_guide/ins/ins.html)

If you have any further questions relating to the application of the DDA you can send an email to HEROC at [disabdis@humanrights.gov.au](mailto:disabdis@humanrights.gov.au).

Standard Advising: K3

## K.4 Builders Licences and Owner Builders Permits

Section 81A of the *Act* requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appoint a *principal contractor* for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

Further information can be obtained from the NSW Office of Fair Trading website about how you obtain an owner builders permit or find a principal contractor (builder):

<http://www.dft.nsw.gov.au/building.html> .

The Owner(s) must appoint the PCA. The PCA must check that Home Building Act insurance is in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (Builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 for the residential building work.

Standard Condition: K5

## K.5 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances

The PCA does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the PCA is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia. Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8 are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the *principal contractor’s* or *owner builder’s* supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The PCA does not undertake this role.

The NSW Office of Fair Trading have published a “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8. The guide can be obtained from the Office of Fair Trading by calling 13 32 20 or by Fax: 9619 8618 or by post to: Marketing Branch, PO Box 972, Parramatta NSW 2124.

The Guide can be down loaded from:

<http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/pdfs/corporate/publications/dft242.pdf>

Council, as the PCA or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the *principal contractor*, contractors and the owner.

Standard Condition: K6

## K.6 Workcover requirements

The *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 No 40* and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.

**Note:** Further information can be obtained from Workcover NSW’s website:

<http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Industry/Construction/default.htm> or through their head office:

Location: Workcover NSW, 92-100 Donnison Street, GOSFORD 2250 Postal address: WorkCover NSW, Locked Bag 2906, LISAROW 2252, Phone (02) 4321 5000, Fax (02) 4325 4145.

Standard Condition: K7

## K.7 Asbestos Removal, Repair or Disturbance

Anyone who removes, repairs or disturbs bonded or a friable asbestos material must hold a current removal licence from Workcover NSW.

Before starting work, a work site-specific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from Workcover NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current Workcover licence.

All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with:

- a) The Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000;
- b) The Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001;
- c) The Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos [NOHSC: 2002 (1998)];
- d) The Guide to the Control of Asbestos Hazards in Buildings and Structures [NOHSC: 3002 (1998)] <http://www.nohsc.gov.au/>;
- e) The Workcover NSW Guidelines for Licensed Asbestos Removal Contractors.

**Note:** The Code of Practice and Guide referred to above are known collectively as the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. They are specifically referenced in the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001 under Clause 259. Under the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001, the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos are the minimum standards for asbestos removal work. Council does not control or regulate the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. You should make yourself aware of the requirements by visiting [www.workcover.nsw.gov.au](http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au) or one of Workcover NSW's offices for further advice.  
Standard Advising: K8

## **K.8 Lead Paint**

It is beyond the scope of this consent to provide detailed information about dealing with lead paint. Painters working in an area containing lead-based paint should refer to Australian Standard AS 4361.1–1995, Guide to Lead Paint Management—Industrial Applications, or AS 4361.2–1998, Guide to Lead Paint Management—Residential and Commercial Buildings.

Industrial paints, may contain lead. Lead is used in some specialised sign-writing and artist paints, and road marking paints, and anti-corrosive paints. Lead was a major ingredient in commercial and residential paints from the late 1800s to 1970. Most Australian commercial buildings and residential homes built before 1970 contain lead paint. These paints were used both inside and outside buildings.

Lead hazards - Lead particles are released when old lead paint flakes and peels and collects as dust in ceiling, wall and floor voids. If dust is generated it must be contained. If runoff contains lead particles it must be contained. Lead is extremely hazardous, and stripping of lead-based paint and the disposal of contaminated waste must be carried out with all care. Lead is a cumulative poison and even small levels in the body can have severe effects.

Standard Advising: K9

## **K.9 Dividing Fences**

The erection of dividing fences under this consent does not affect the provisions of the *Dividing Fences Act* 1991. Council does not adjudicate civil disputes relating to the provision of, or payment for, the erection of dividing fences.

**Note:** Further information can be obtained from the NSW Department of Lands - <http://www.lands.nsw.gov.au/LandManagement/Dividing+Fences.htm>. Community Justice Centres provide a free mediation service to the community to help people resolve a wide range of disputes, including dividing fences matters. Their service is free, confidential, voluntary, timely and easy to use. Mediation sessions are conducted by two impartial, trained mediators who help people work together to reach an agreement. Over 85% of mediations result in an agreement being reached. Mediation sessions can be arranged at convenient times during the day, evening or weekends. Contact the Community Justice Centre either by phone on 1800 671 964 or at <http://www.cjc.nsw.gov.au/>.  
Standard Advising: K10

## **K.10 Appeal**

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact Mr D Reynolds, Assessment Officer, on (02) 9391 7157.

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land & Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a Section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.



This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the Section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

Standard Condition: K14

### **K.11 Release of Security**

An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 80A of the *Act*.

The securities will not be released until a *Final Occupation Certificate* has lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements.

Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be.

Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed.

Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the Bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.

**Note:** The Application for Refund of Security form can be downloaded from <http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/pdf/Forms/Planning/RefundofSecurity.pdf>

Standard Condition: K15

### **K.12 Recycling of Demolition and Building Material**

It is estimated that building waste, including disposable materials, resulting from demolition, excavation, construction and renovation, accounts for almost 70% of landfill. Such waste is also a problem in the generation of dust and the pollution of stormwater. Council encourages the recycling of demolition and building materials.

Standard Condition: K17

### **K.13 Owner Builders**

Under the *Home Building Act 1989* any property owner who intends undertaking construction work to a dwelling house or dual occupancy to the value of \$12,000 or over must complete an approved education course and obtain an owner-builder permit from the Office of Fair Trading. See [www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au](http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au).

Standard Condition: K18

### **K.14 Pruning or Removing a Tree Growing on Private Property**

Woollahra Municipal Council's *Tree Preservation Order* 2006 (TPO) may require that an application be made to Council prior to pruning or removing any tree. The aim is to secure the amenity of trees and preserve the existing landscape within our urban environment.

Before you prune or remove a tree, make sure you read all relevant conditions. You can obtain a copy of the TPO from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) or you may contact Council on 9391-7000 for further advice.

Standard Condition: K19

### **K.15 Model**

If you submitted a model with the application it must be collected from the Council offices within fourteen (14) days of the date of this determination. Models not collected will be disposed of by Council.

Standard Condition: K21

### **K.16 Dilapidation Report Condition**

Please note the following in relation to the condition for a dilapidation report:

- a) The dilapidation report will be made available to affected property owners on requested and may be used by them in the event of a dispute relating to damage allegedly due to the carrying out of the development.
- b) This condition cannot prevent neighbouring buildings being damaged by the carrying out of the development.
- c) Council will not be held responsible for any damage which may be caused to adjoining buildings as a consequence of the development being carried out.
- d) Council will not become directly involved in disputes between the Developer, its contractors and the owners of neighbouring buildings.
- e) In the event that access for undertaking the dilapidation survey is denied the applicant is to demonstrate in writing to the satisfaction of the Council that all reasonable steps were taken to obtain access to the adjoining property. The dilapidation report will need to be based on a survey of what can be observed externally.

Standard Advising: K23

### **K.17 Roads Act Application**

Works or structures over, on or under public roads or footpaths are subject to Sections 138, 139 and 218 of the *Roads Act* 1993 and specifically:

- Construction of driveways and/or new or alterations to footpath paving
- Alteration and/or extension to Council drainage infrastructure
- Alteration and/or addition of retaining walls
- Pumping of water to Council's roadway
- Installation of soil/rock anchors under the roadway

An “Application to carry out works in a Public Road” form must be completed and lodged, with the Application fee, at Council’s Customer Services counter. Detailed plans and specifications of all works (including but not limited to structures, road works, driveway crossings, footpaths and stormwater drainage etc) within existing roads, must be attached, submitted to and approved by *Council* under Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993*, before the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

Detailed engineering plans and specifications of the works required by this Condition must accompany the Application form. The plans must clearly show the following:

- Engineering drawings (plan, sections and elevation views) and specifications of the footpath, driveways, kerb & gutter, new gully pit showing clearly the connection point of site outlet pipe(s). Note, the connection drainage lines must be as direct as possible and generally run perpendicular to the kerb alignment.
- Engineering drawings of the new drainage line to be constructed joining the new and existing drainage pits including services.

All driveways must include a design longitudinal surface profile for the proposed driveway for assessment. The driveway profile is to start from the road centreline and be along the worst case edge of the proposed driveway. Gradients and transitions must be in accordance with Clause 2.5.3, 2.6 of AS 2890.1 – 2004, Part 1 – Off-street car parking. The driveway profile submitted to Council must be to (1:25) scale (for template checking purposes) and contain all relevant details: reduced levels, proposed grades and distances.

The existing footpath level and grade at the street alignment of the property must be maintained unless otherwise specified by *Council*. Your driveway levels are to comply with AS2890.1 and Council’s Standard Drawings. There may be occasions where these requirements conflict with your development and you are required to carefully check the driveway/garage slab and footpath levels for any variations.

**Note:** any adjustments required from the garage slab and the street levels are to be carried out internally on private property

Drainage design works must comply with the Council’s draft Development Control Plan Stormwater Drainage Management (Draft Version 1.1, Public Exhibition Copy dated 14 December 2006), and

Temporary ground anchors may be permitted, in accordance with Council’s “*Rock Anchor Policy*”.

All public domain works must comply with Council’s “*Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works*” dated February 2012 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions. This specification and the application form can be downloaded from [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) .

**Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council’s satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.

**Note:** When a large *Roads Act* is required, then four (4) weeks is to be allowed for assessment.

**Note:** *Road* has the same meaning as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

**Note:** The intent of this condition is that the design of the road, footpaths, driveway crossings and public stormwater drainage works must be detailed and approved prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*. Changes in levels may arise from the detailed design of buildings, road, footpath, driveway crossing grades and stormwater. Changes required under *Road Act 1993* approvals may necessitate design and levels changes under this consent. This may in turn require the applicant to seek to amend this consent.

Standard Advising: K24

### **K.18 Noise Objectives during demolishing works**

To assist in managing impacts of noise from the demolishing of the existing dwelling and outbuilding on residences and other sensitive land uses, it is recommended that the *NSW Department of Environment & Climate Change: Construction Noise Guideline* be applied to the site to provide a quantitative and qualitative assessment for evaluating performance and compliance of resultant noise from demolishing works of the existing dwelling and outbuilding. In particular reference is made to Table 2 of the *NSW Department of Environment & Climate Change: Construction Noise Guideline* which sets out management levels for noise at residences and other sensitive land uses.

*Note:* In accordance with section 375A of the *Local Government Act* a Division of votes is recorded on this planning matter.

#### ***For the Motion***

Councillor Bennett  
Councillor Boskovitz  
Councillor Elsing  
Councillor Kirillova  
Councillor Levenston  
Councillor Marano  
Councillor O'Regan  
Councillor Thomas  
Councillor Wynne  
Councillor Zeltzer  
Councillor Zulman

#### ***Against the Motion***

Councillor Cavanagh  
Councillor Wise  
Councillor Robertson  
Councillor Petrie

***11/4***

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## Urban Planning Committee

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### Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 22 October 2012 Submitted to the Council for Determination

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- Item No:** R2 Recommendation to Council
- Subject:** **Draft Conservation Management Plan and zoning options for Strickland House**
- Author:** Sara Reilly – Strategic Heritage Officer  
Jacquelyne Della Bosca – Team Leader Strategic Planning
- File No:** 523.G
- Reason for Report:** To advise Council that the State Property Authority has completed a Draft Conservation Management Plan for the Strickland House site, and also identified recommended rezoning options.  
To obtain Council’s approval to make representations to the State Property Authority regarding the Draft Conservation Management Plan and proposed zones.  
To obtain Council’s decision on an appropriate land use zone for the Strickland House site.
- Note:** Late correspondence was tabled by National Trust of Australia, Peter Poland of Woollahra History & Heritage Society, Doreen Cheong, Genevieve Wensley, Adriana Baroness von Runic, Tash Clark, Judith Schulz, Kate Prendergast, Charlotte Feldman, Elizabeth Loxton, Robbie Dezzi, Jenny Quist, Charles & Anne Edmondson, Hilary Kramer, Anna Armstrong-Smith & Lew, Gloria Carter and Jacqueline Abrahams.

**(Boskovitz/Robertson)**

**10/18 Resolved:**

1. That Council request the State Property Authority to review the Draft Conservation Management Plan for the Strickland House site having regard to the comments provided in section 2 of the report to the Urban Planning Committee meeting of 22 October 2012.
2. That Council advise the State Property Authority and the Minister for Finance and Services that it does not support rezoning the Strickland House site to the R2 Low Density Residential Zone or SP2 Infrastructure Zone.
3. That the RE1 Public Recreation Zone be applied to the Strickland House site under the Draft Woollahra Principal LEP.
4. That Council advise the State Property Authority and the Minister for Finance and Services that it intends to apply the RE1 Public Recreation Zone to the Strickland House site.
5. That Council express its disappointment to the Minister that the previously proposed 4 step plan had not been pursued.

*Note: In accordance with section 375A of the Local Government Act a Division of votes is recorded on this planning matter.*

***For the Motion***

Councillor Bennett  
Councillor Boskovitz  
Councillor Elsing  
Councillor Kirillova  
Councillor Levenston  
Councillor Robertson  
Councillor Thomas  
Councillor Wise  
Councillor Wynne  
Councillor Zulman

***Against the Motion***

Councillor Marano  
Councillor O'Regan  
Councillor Cavanagh  
Councillor Zeltzer  
Councillor Petrie

***10/5***

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## Notice of Motion

**Item No:** 1  
**From:** Councillors Boskovitz, Wynne, Thomas and Marano  
**Date:** 24 October 2012  
**File No:** 900.G

**(Boskovitz/Wynne)**

**11/18** That a report be brought to the Community & Environment Committee investigating the following:

1. A review of the dog-off-leash hours for parks in the municipality (including identification of dog-off-leash areas); and
2. A review of our approach to our regulation of dogs-off-leash policies (including promotion of said regulations).

**Adopted**

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**Item No:** 2  
**From:** Councillor Robertson  
**Date:** 7 November 2012  
**File No:** 900.G

**(Robertson/Elsing)**

**12/18** That Council

1. Recognises the importance of Council's Development Control Plans which are the fine-grained planning regulations that set out important planning controls to protect the amenity, heritage character and leafy feel of Woollahra's local areas, in particular the Paddington Heritage Conservation Area DCP, Watsons Bay Heritage Conservation Area DCP and Woollahra Heritage Conservation Area DCP.
2. Notes with genuine concern that the NSW Government's proposed Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2012 will make a number of changes which will greatly reduce the capacity of DCPs to protect local amenity and character including:
  - a) Proposed changes which will prevent councils from considering the cumulative impact of developments.
  - b) Proposed changes so that maximum entitlements under DCPs such as the height and size of buildings will become "as of right entitlements" rather than the maximum allowable.
  - c) Providing developers with an argument that they do not need to comply with a DCP control because the control will "unreasonably restrict development".
3. Notes that this proposed change comes in the middle of a State-wide review of NSW planning laws, of which this Council has already been critical in its published response, and pre-empts the outcome of this process.

4. Expresses its concern that these proposed laws are in breach of this government's "[Contract with NSW](#)" where the current Premier promised that his government would '*return planning powers to the community*' and '*give communities a say again in the shape of their community*'.
5. Calls on the Government to not proceed with those aspects of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2012 that limit and restrict Development Control Plans.
6. Asks the Mayor to immediately write to the Minister for Planning expressing its displeasure about the lack of community notification and outlining Council's concerns about the impact the Bill will have on Council's ability to adequately control development, including development in our heritage conservation areas such as Paddington which is of national heritage significance.

**Adopted**

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## Questions for Next Meeting

**Item No:** 13  
**Subject:** Questions for Next Meeting  
**Author:** Gary James, General Manager  
**File No:** 467.G/Q 10  
**Reason for Report:** To allow Councillors to ask Questions for Next Meeting in accordance with Council's Code of Meeting Practice.

**(Boskovitz/Robertson)**

**13/18** That Councillors ask Questions for Next Meeting in accordance with Council's Code of Meeting Practice.

**Adopted**

**The following questions were asked:-**

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**Councillor Wynne asking:**

Would the Mayor consider putting out a press release with regards to Strickland House which clearly states Council's position with regards to this site?

There has been a lot of concern about the future of Strickland House and I believe Council's resolution this evening should alleviate some of the nervousness about our position and should reinforce the respect that Council has for the entire site.

**Mayor in response:**

I would be more than happy to do that.

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**Councillor Zulman asking:**

I seek clarification and reassurance that the rejection of Item 9.1 R1 relating to 76 Old South Head Road does not inadvertently constitute an endorsement or tacit approval that existing usage is in compliance of DA 138/1994, ie not an unintended backhanded approval by not taking the opportunity to actually enforce conditions of DA's.

**Director Planning and Development in response:**

The DA which is before the Council and which has been refused is a separate issue from the issue of the alleged unauthorised uses of the building and must be dealt with that way.

**Councillor Levenston asking:**

I am keen to act as a catalyst for the formation of a Woollahra Community Mens Shed.

Has any ground work been done on this objective before, and how do we move this forward over the next 12 months?

**Acting Director Technical Services in response:**

On notice

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**Councillor Thomas asking:**

I ask that Council please look into the adequacies of waste receptacles on our foreshores as the weather gets warmer and the amount of rubbish increases?

This morning, Monday, garbage was overflowing and strewn everywhere along the Rose Bay foreshore due to overflow from bins. So too at Lady Martins Beach where one wheely bin is supposed to take all rubbish from weekend beach use.

Can we please make sure adequate number of bins are reviewed and installed to cope with the increased rubbish during the summer months?

**Acting Director Technical Services in response:**

On notice.

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**Councillor Thomas asking:**

Is it possible to have a tour of Strickland House with the appropriate people to get a better idea of the issues involved and costs associated with stabilising the house?

**Mayor in response:**

I am trying to do that. What I have tried to do is have the meeting with Minister Greg Pearce first. The reason for this is, it would be helpful if they had the staff of the Property Division at the inspection, as we did in 2010 and that is the reason it has been delayed.

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**Councillor Zeltzer asking:**

There is a restricted area of footpath in front of 20 Ocean Street Double Bay. It is demarked by pink plastic bollards which have been in place for more than 9 months. Pedestrians using Ocean Street are directed onto temporary footpath which swings out onto the carriageway. Not only is the area unsightly, looking like a permanent work zone, but the street side parking is reduced by 4 spaces in an area where street parking is very limited.

There has been some contention as to whether the works to restore the footpath are the liability of Council or the owners corporation for 20 Ocean Street. Can Council restore the pedestrian access in front of 20 Ocean Street and the structural integrity of the footpath as soon as possible and claim for any cost once the decision on liability is established?

How can we expedite a resolution for this stalemate in front of 20 Ocean Street, Double Bay?

**Acting Director Technical Services in response:**

On notice.

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**Councillor Cavanagh asking:**

Would Council staff look into converting the garage area of the EJ Ward Community Centre into a Mens Shed?

This came from a conversation with Lady Cutler whose charity, The Rodin Cutler Charities, were the former occupants of the Centre. It is a place where men can come together to use their skills to make things of use to the community and raise funds for charity.

**Acting Director Community Services in response:**

On notice.

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**Councillor Wise asking:**

Can the Council staff survey Paddington residents about their satisfaction of rubbish and recycling services?

There have been a number of complaints of non-collection, leaving rubbish strewn along roads and footpaths and damage to bins caused by collectors who throw them around the street once emptied. This should also extend to satisfaction with frequency and thoroughness of street cleaning services.

**Acting Director Technical Services in response:**

On notice.

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**Councillor Robertson asking:**

What is the updated status of the large box brush Council street tree, last reported to be in ailing health, located at 45 Bellevue Road, Bellevue Hill?

**Acting Director Technical Services in response:**

The tree was bonded, but the tree was in poor health when the bond was put on it and we have not been able to find any evidence of bad practices by the developer so we do not believe that we would be able to pursue a successful breach on that.

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**Councillor Robertson asking:**

On the basis of what approval of this Council has Crown Land at the entrance to Christison Park been developed by the adjacent coffee shop which is currently carrying out works to “make good” this entrance?

Why has no opportunity for community consultation been provided, and at what future stage will community consultation be undertaken?

**Acting Director Technical Services in response:**

On notice.

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**Councillor Robertson asking:**

When will the heritage street name inlay “Victoria Street” located on the corner of Old South Head Road and Victoria Street be restored and repaired?

**Acting Director Technical Services in response:**

On notice.

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**Councillor Robertson asking:**

I refer to the memorandum to all Councillors from the Manager of Development Control of 31 July 2012 and a resolution of this Council on 28 May 2012, concerning the on-line publication of DA materials including plans and annexures.

In the interest of community participation in the planning process, and the transparency and accountability of this Council’s decision making processes, I ask why DA plans and annexures remain unpublished online, despite an undertaking by staff to make these documents available in this format?

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**Director Planning and Development in response:**

Since the Council resolution in May we have put in place an interim practice to publish our development application plans on-line. My understanding is that that is happening but I will check that tomorrow.

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**The Mayor Councillor Petrie asking:**

Skip bins have been a concern of mine for a very long time. They are abused, they park on corners and don't have reflectors. Now to compound the felony, there is one parked in a 1 hour parking area at the Bellevue Hill shops opposite the pharmacy, there is another one around in Rivers Street. I am concerned that if these are the rules under the State Government legislation then we should write a letter about it. You need work zones which they have to pay for yet they are allowed to put one in a 1 hour park spot in a very small shopping centre and leave it there for as long as they like. I draw the staff attention to this, something needs to be done, we need a report on the rules and the charges for skip bins, it is just out of control.

**Director Planning and Development in response:**

We will do that.

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There being no further business the meeting concluded at 10.22pm.

*We certify that the pages numbered 2924 to 2992 inclusive are the Minutes of the Ordinary Meeting of Woollahra Municipal Council held on 12 November 2012 and confirmed by Council at the ordinary Meeting of Council on 26 November 2012 as correct.*

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**General Manager**

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**Mayor**