

# Application Assessment Panel Minutes

Tuesday 7 August 2007

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# Application Assessment Panel Minutes

**Minutes of the Meeting held on  
Tuesday 7 August 2007 at 3.03pm**

Present: Application Assessment Panel:

T Tuxford (Manager – Compliance) (Chair)  
C Bluett (Manager – Strategic Planning)  
A Coker (Director – Planning & Development)

Staff: D Booth (Senior Assessment Officer)  
M Kelly (Secretary – Administration)  
J La Posta (Senior Assessment Officer)  
T Wong (Senior Assessment Officer)

Apologies: Apologies were received and accepted from  
Nil

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## **Late Correspondence**

Late correspondence was submitted to the Panel in relation to Items: D2

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## **Declarations of Interest**

Nil

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**Items Decided by the Panel using its delegated authority (Items D1 to D10)**

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**Item No:** D1 Delegated to the Panel  
**Subject:** **Confirmation of Minutes of meeting held on 31 July 2007**  
**Author:** Marie Kelly, Secretary – Administration  
**File No:** See Application Assessment Panel Minutes  
**Reason for Report:** The Minutes of the Meeting of Tuesday 31 July 2007 were previously circulated. In accordance with the guidelines for Committees' operations it is now necessary that those Minutes be formally taken as read and confirmed.

**(Bluett/Tuxford)**

**Resolved:**

That the Minutes of the Application Assessment Panel Meeting of 31 July 2007 be taken as read and confirmed.

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**D2 DA188/2006 – 46 Kambala Road, Bellevue Hill – Demolition of existing dwelling and construction of new 3 storey dwelling with swimming pool – 10/4/2006**

**Note:** Late correspondence from T Wong, Council's Assessment Officer, dated 3 August 2007, was noted.

**(Coker/Bluett)**

**Resolved:**

THAT Development Application No. 188/2006 for demolition of the existing dwelling and the construction of a new 3 storey dwelling with swimming pool, on land at No. 46 Kambala Road, Bellevue Hill, be referred to the Application Assessment Panel meeting to be held **14 August 2007**, as the site inspection required by the Application Assessment Panel resolution of 24 July 2007, could not be arranged until 1 August 2007.

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**D3 DA89/2006 – 14 Caledonia Street, Paddington – Section 82A Review of refusal of the Development Application – 23/2/2007**

**Note:** This matter was called to the Development Control Committee Meeting of 20 August 2007 by Councillor Huxley.

**Reasons:** Impact on neighbours, loss of privacy, heritage concerns and non-compliances with the DCP.

**D4 DA867/2006 – 90 Paddington Street, Paddington – New detached garage/studio replacing existing garage – 20/12/2006**

**Note:** Mr M Beltramme the owner, Mr W Zuccon the architect and Mr Z Kovacs Heritage Consultant, addressed the Panel.

(Bluett/Coker)

**Resolved:**

THAT Development Application No. DA 67/2006 for new detached garage/studio replacing existing garage, on land at No. 90 Paddington Street, Paddington, be deferred to a future meeting of the Application Assessment Panel, to allow the applicant to prepare an amended design to replace the centrally located French doors and balcony, on the south western elevation, so as to minimise the impact of the proposal on the privacy of adjoining properties.

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**D5 DA854/2006 – 92 Paddington Street, Paddington – Construction of garage and loft – 15/12/2006**

**Note:** Mrs M Leal representing Ms S Leal the owner and Mr R Ius architect representing the owner, addressed the Panel.

**Note:** The Panel amended parts a. and b. of Condition C.1 (Modification of details of the development (s80A(1)(g) of the Act)).

(Coker/Bluett)

**Resolved: Pursuant to Section 80(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979**

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent to Development Application No. 854/2006 for construction of garage and loft on land at 92 Paddington Street Paddington, subject to the following conditions:

**A. General Conditions****A.1 Conditions**

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 80 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (“the *Act*”) and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (“the *Regulation*”) such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 79C of the *Act*.

Standard Condition: A1

**A.2 Definitions**

Unless specified otherwise words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act* 1987 as in force at the date of consent.

*Applicant* means the applicant for this Consent.

*Approved Plans* mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

*AS* or *AS/NZS* means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

*BCA* means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

*Council* means Woollahra Municipal Council

*Court* means the Land and Environment Court

*Local native plants* means species of native plant endemic to Sydney's eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

*Stormwater Drainage System* means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- a. The collection of stormwater,
- b. The retention of stormwater,
- c. The reuse of stormwater,
- d. The detention of stormwater,
- e. The controlled release of stormwater; and
- f. Connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

*Owner* means the owner of the *site* and successors in title to the *site*.

*Owner Builder* has the same meaning as in the *Home Building Act 1989*.

*PCA* means the *Principal Certifying Authority* under the *Act*.

*Principal Contractor* has the same meaning as in the *Act* or where a *principal contractor* has not been appointed by the *owner* of the land being developed *Principal Contractor* means the *owner* of the land being developed.

*Professional Engineer* has the same meaning as in the *BCA*.

*Public Place* has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*.

*Road* has the same mean as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

*SEE* means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the *Applicant*.

*Site* means the land being developed subject to this consent.

*WLEP 1995* means *Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995*

*Work* for the purposes of this consent means:

- a. the use of land in connection with development,

- b. the subdivision of land,
- c. the erection of a building,
- d. the carrying out of any work,
- e. the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- f. the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- g. the demolition of a building,
- h. the piling, piercing, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- i. the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- j. the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an *occupation certificate*.

**Note: Interpretation of Conditions** - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council.  
Standard Condition: A2

### A.3 Approved Plans and supporting documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the plans and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp “Approved DA Plans” **unless modified by any following condition**. Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn
DA01 & DA10 issue 00 dated Nov 2006	Site and Floor Plan Elevations and Section	IUS Pty Ltd IUS Pty Ltd
Job No. PADD92H Dwg S1 Iss. 1	Sediment Control Plan	F&L Building Consultants
Job No. PADD92H Dwg S1 Iss. 1	Stormwater Management Plan	F&L Building Consultants

**Note:** Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

**Note:** These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)  
Standard Condition: A5

### A.4 Ancillary Aspect of the Development (s80A(2) of the Act)

The owner must procure the repair, replacement or rebuilding of all road pavement, kerb, gutter, footway, footpaths adjoining the site or damaged as a result of work under this consent or as a consequence of work under this consent. Such work must be undertaken to Council's satisfaction in accordance with Council's “Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works” dated January 2003 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the *owner's* expense.

**Note:** This condition does not affect the *principal contractor's* or any sub-contractors obligations to protect and preserve public infrastructure from damage or affect their liability for any damage that occurs.  
Standard Condition: A8

## A.5 Prescribed Conditions

Prescribed conditions in force under the *Act* and *Regulation* must be complied with.

**Note:** It is the responsibility of those acting with the benefit of this consent to comply with all prescribed conditions under the *Act* and the *Regulation*. Free access can be obtained to all NSW legislation at [www.legislation.nsw.gov.au](http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au)  
Standard Condition: A30

## B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction

### B.1 Construction Certificate required prior to any demolition

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 81A(2) of the Act. In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a PCA and Notice of Commencement under the Act.

**Note:** See *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.  
Standard Condition: B1

## C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate

### C.1 Modification of details of the development (s80A(1)(g) of the Act)

The approved plans must be amended and the Construction Certificate plans and specification, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the Regulation, must detail:

- a. The highest point of the masonry side walls on each boundary must not exceed a height of 3.9 metres above the proposed garage floor level of RL 55.8m.
- b. The planter screen and all openings on the southwest elevation on the first floor are deleted and replaced with a single timber framed translucent glazed window (700mm wide x 1500mm high) centrally located in this elevation (Consistent with that in the northeast elevation).
- c. The proposed loft level addition must be set back 0.3m from the south west so that it does not exceed an overall length of 6.5m.

**Note:** The effect of this condition is that it requires design changes and/or further information to be provided with the Construction Certificate drawings and specifications to address specific issues identified during assessment under section 79C of the Act.

**Note:** Clause 146 of the Regulation prohibits the issue of any Construction Certificate subject to this condition unless the Certifying Authority is satisfied that the condition has been complied with.

**Note:** Clause 145 of the Regulation prohibits the issue of any Construction Certificate that is inconsistent with this consent.  
Standard Condition: C4

## C.2 Payment of Security, Levies and Fees (S80A(6) & S94 of the Act, Section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993)

The person(s) with the benefit of this consent must pay the following long service levy, security, development levy, and fees prior to the issue of any *construction certificate*, *subdivision certificate* or *occupation certificate*, as will apply.

The *certifying authority* must not issue any *Part 4A Certificate* until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees. Specifically

- a. prior to the issue of a *construction certificate*, where a construction certificate is required; or
- b. prior to the issue of a *subdivision certificate*, where only a subdivision certificate is required; or
- c. prior to the issue of an *occupation certificate* in any other instance.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code
<b>LONG SERVICE LEVY</b> under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986			
<b>Long Service Levy</b> Use Calculator: <a href="http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm">http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm</a>	Contact LSL Corporation or use their online calculator	No	
<b>SECURITY</b> under section 80A(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
<b>Property Damage Security Deposit -</b> Making good any damage caused to any property of the <i>Council</i> as a consequence of the doing of anything to which the consent relates.	\$4000	No	T600
<b>INSPECTION FEES</b> under section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993			
Security Administration Fee	\$163	No	T16
<b>TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS, LEVIES AND FEES</b>	\$4163 <b>Plus any relevant indexed amounts and long service levy</b>		

### Building & Construction Industry Long Service Payment

The Long Service Levy under Section 34 of the *Building & Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act*, 1986, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the *Certifying Authority* prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** The Levy can be paid directly to the Long Services Payments Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Payments Corporation's website <http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/> or by telephoning the Long Service Payments Corporation on 13 14 41.

#### How must the payments be made?

Payments must be made by:

- a. Cash deposit with Council,
- b. Credit card payment with Council, or
- c. Bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- a. the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- b. the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first;
- c. the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent; and
- d. the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

Standard Condition: C5

### C.3 Road and Public Domain Works – Council approval required

This development consent does NOT give approval to works or structures over, on or under public roads or footpaths excluding minor works subject to separate Road Opening Permit.

Detailed plans and specifications of all works (including but not limited to structures, road works, driveway crossings, footpaths and stormwater drainage) within existing roads, must be submitted to and approved by *Council* under the *Roads Act 1993*, before the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

Specific works include:

- Removal of the existing sandstone kerb. The sandstone blockwork remains the property of Council. Please refer to condition “*Replacement of Sandstone Kerb and Gutter*”
- Construction of a fully new concrete driveway crossing, 3.50 metres wide and layback in accordance with Council's Standard Drawing RF2. Gutter invert levels and boundary levels must match existing.
- Reinstatement of concrete footpath between the boundary and kerb the remaining width of the site frontage.

Access levels and grades to and within the development must match access levels and grades within the road approved under the *Roads Act 1993*.

All public domain works must comply with Council's “*Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works*” dated January 2003 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions. This specification can be downloaded from [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).

**Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.

**Note:** *Road* has the same meaning as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

**Note:** The intent of this condition is that the design of the road, footpaths, driveway crossings and public stormwater drainage works must be detailed and approved prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*. Changes in levels may arise from the detailed design of buildings, road, footpath, driveway crossing grades and stormwater. Changes required under *Road Act 1993* approvals may necessitate design and levels changes under this consent. This may in turn require the applicant to seek to amend this consent.

Standard Condition: C13

#### C.4 Professional Engineering Details

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must include detailed *professional engineering* plans and specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydro-geological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, the statement of environmental effects and supporting documentation.

Detailed professional engineering plans and specifications must be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* with the application for any *Construction Certificate*.

Standard Condition: C36

#### C.5 Soil and Water Management Plan – Submission & Approval

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the *Certifying Authority* a soil and water management plan complying with:

- a. “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- b. “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition” (*The Blue Book*).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence. The *Certifying Authority* must be satisfied that the soil and water management plan complies with the publications above prior to issuing any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to eliminate potential water pollution and dust nuisance.

**Note:** The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia <http://www.austieca.com.au/> lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where erosion and sedimentation plans are required for larger projects it is recommended that expert consultants produce these plans.

**Note:** The “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” publications can be down loaded free of charge from <http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/>.

**Note:** Pursuant to clause 161(1)(a)(5) of the *Regulation* an *Accredited Certifier* may be satisfied as to this matter.  
Standard Condition: C25

#### C.6 Bicycle, Car and Commercial Parking Details

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must include detailed plans and specifications for all bicycle, car and commercial vehicle parking in compliance with AS2890.3:1993 *Parking Facilities - Bicycle Parking Facilities*, AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 : *Parking Facilities - Off-Street Car Parking* and AS 2890.2:2002 – *Off-Street Parking: Commercial Vehicle Facilities* respectively.

Specific works include:

- To comply with the parking module in AS28990.0 this requires a clear internal length of 5.4m.

Access levels and grades must comply with access levels and grade required by Council under the *Roads Act* 1993.

The *Certifying Authority* has no discretion to reduce or increase the number or area of car parking or commercial parking spaces required to be provided and maintained by this consent.  
Standard Condition: C45

### **C.7 Stormwater discharge to existing *Stormwater Drainage System* (Clause 25(2) WLEP 1995)**

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail:

- a. the location of the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* including all pipes, inspection openings, surface drains, pits and their discharge location,
- b. the state of repair of the existing *Stormwater Drainage System*,
- c. any remedial works required to upgrade the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* to comply with the BCA,
- d. any remedial works required to upgrade the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* crossing the footpath and any new kerb outlets,
- e. any new *Stormwater Drainage System* complying with the BCA,
- f. interceptor drain(s) at the site boundary to prevent stormwater flows from the site crossing the footpath,
- g. any rainwater tank required by BASIX commitments including their overflow connection to the *Stormwater Drainage System*, and
- h. general compliance with the Council's draft Development Control Plan Stormwater Drainage Management (draft version 1, public exhibition copy dated 23 August 2004)

Where any new *Stormwater Drainage System* crosses the footpath area within any road, separate approval under section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* must be obtained from Council for those works prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

All *Stormwater Drainage System* work within any road or public place must comply with Woollahra Municipal Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated January 2003.

**Note:** Clause F1.1 of Volume 1 and Part 3.1.2 of Volume 2 of the BCA provide that stormwater drainage complying with AS/NZS 3500.3 Plumbing and drainage - Part 3: Stormwater drainage is deemed-to-satisfy the BCA. Council's specifications apply in relation to any works with any road or public place.

**Note:** Stormwater Drainage Systems must not discharge to any Sewer System. It is illegal to connect stormwater pipes and drains to the sewerage system as this can overload the system and cause sewage overflows. See:  
<http://www.sydneywater.com.au/Publications/Factsheets/SewerfixLookingAfterYourSewerPipes.pdf>

**Note:** Woollahra Municipal Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated January 2003 and Council's draft Development Control Plan Stormwater Drainage Management (draft version 1, public exhibition copy dated 23 August 2004) can be downloaded from Council's website:  
[www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au)  
Standard Condition: C49

**D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work**

**D.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989**

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a. that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b. in the case of residential building work for which *the Home Building Act 1989* requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a. to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4),
- or
- b. to the erection of a temporary building.

In this condition, a reference to the *BCA* is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

**Note:** This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia.  
Standard Condition: D1

**D.2 Site Signs**

The *Principal Contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the sign required by clauses 98A and 227A of the *Regulation* is erected and maintained at all times.

“Erection of signs

1. For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.
2. A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:
  - a. showing the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifying authority for the work, and
  - b. showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
  - c. stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
3. Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
4. This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.

5. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the Act, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws."

**Note:** *PCA* and *principal contractors* must also ensure that signs required by this clause are erected and maintained (see clause 227A which imposes a penalty exceeding \$1,000).

**Note:** If *Council* is appointed as the *PCA* it will provide the sign to the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by Clause 98A of the *Regulation*.  
Standard Condition: D12

### D.3 Toilet Facilities

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

Each toilet provided:

- a. must be a standard flushing toilet, and
- b. must be connected to a public sewer, or
- c. if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the council, or
- d. if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the council.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced.

In this condition:

***accredited sewage management facility*** means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993* applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in clause 95B of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

***approved by the council*** means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

***public sewer*** has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

***sewage management facility*** has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**Note:** This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with Workcover NSW requirements.  
Standard Condition: D13

### D.4 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Installation

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must install and maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a. The *Soil and Water Management Plan* if required under this consent;

- b. “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c. “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition” (“The Blue Book”).

Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.

**Note:** The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia (<http://www.austieca.com.au/>) lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where Soil and Water Management Plan is required for larger projects it is recommended that this be produced by a member of the International Erosion Control Association – Australasia.

**Note:** The “Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry” publications can be down loaded free of charge from [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).

**Note:** A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* **without any further warning**. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

**Note:** Section 257 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides inter alia that “the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution” **Warning**, irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of their occupation of the land being developed.  
Standard Condition: D14

#### **D.5 Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (s81A(2) of the Act)**

The erection of the building in accordance with this development consent must not be commenced until:

- a. a construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the council (if the council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
- b. the person having the benefit of the development consent has:
  - i. appointed a principal certifying authority for the building work, and
  - ii. notified the principal certifying authority that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- b1. the principal certifying authority has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
  - i. notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
  - ii. notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- b2. the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:
  - i. appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and

- ii. notified the principal certifying authority of any such appointment, and
- iii. unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- iv. given at least 2 days' notice to the council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.

**Note:** *Building* has the same meaning as in section 4 of the *Act* and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure.

**Note:** *New building* has the same meaning as in section 109H of the *Act* and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

**Note:** The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 82A(2) of the *Act* (including the need for a *Construction Certificate*) prior to any demolition work. See: *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.

**Note:** *Construction Certificate* Application, *PCA Service Agreement* and *Notice of Commencement* forms can be downloaded from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).

**Note:** It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a *building* in breach of this condition and in breach of section 81A(2) of the *Act*.  
Standard Condition: D15

#### **D.6 Notification of Home Building Act 1989 requirements**

- a. For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of this condition are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989.
- b. Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the following information:
  - i. in the case of work for which a *principal contractor* is required to be appointed:
    - the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
    - the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that *Act*,
  - ii. in the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:
    - the name of the owner-builder, and
    - if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that *Act*, the number of the owner-builder permit.
- c. If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under subclause (2) becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the updated information.

- d. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the Act, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws.  
Standard Condition: D17

## E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work

### E.1 Tree Preservation

All persons must comply with Council's *Tree Preservation Order* ("the TPO"), other than where varied by this consent. The order applies to any tree, with a height greater than 5 metres or a diameter spread of branches greater than 3 metres, is subject to Council's Tree Preservation Order unless, exempted by specific provisions. Works to be carried out within a 5 metre radius of any tree, subject to the Tree Preservation Order, require the prior written consent of Council.

### E.2 Tree Preservation & Approved Landscaping Works

All landscape works must be undertaken in accordance with the approved landscape plan, arborist report, tree management plan and transplant method statement as applicable.

- a) The following trees may be removed:

Council Reference No:	Species	Location	Dimension (Metres)
1	<i>Eucalyptus grandis</i> Flooded Gum	Rear	25 x 18

**Note:** The tree trees that may be removed should appear coloured red on the construction certificate plans.

- b) The following compensatory replacement plantings must be planted to ensure the preservation of the landscape character of the area.

Species/Type	Planting Location	Container Size or Size of Tree (@ time of planting)	Minimum Dimensions at Maturity
<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i> Crepe Myrtle	Rear	75 litre	6 x 4

### E.3 Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition

Demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601—1991: The Demolition of Structures, published by Standards Australia, and as in force at 1 July 1993.

Standard Condition: E2

### E.4 Critical Stage Inspections

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* as required by the PCA, any PCA service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*.

Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the PCA is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*.

*critical stage inspections* means the inspections prescribed by the *Regulations* for the purposes of section 109E(3)(d) of the *Act* or as required by the *PCA* and any *PCA Service Agreement*.

**Note:** The *PCA* may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the *PCA* be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.

**Note:** The *PCA* may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of *Compliance Certificates*, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* in relation to any matter relevant to the development.

Standard Condition: E5

## **E.5 Hours of Work –Amenity of the neighbourhood**

- a. No *work* must take place on any Sunday or public holiday,
- b. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday,
- c. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday, and
- d. No piling, piercing, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of land or loading of material to or from trucks must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday.
- e. No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

**Note:** The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.

**Note:** Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.

**Note:** The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RTA and Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.

**Note:** Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2000*.

**Note:** EPA Guidelines can be downloaded from <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm>.

**Note:** See [http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci\\_build\\_sheet7.pdf](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci_build_sheet7.pdf)  
Standard Condition: E6

## **E.6 Maintenance of Vehicular and Pedestrian Safety and Access**

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* and any other person acting with the benefit of this consent must:

- a. Not erect or maintain any gate or fence swing out or encroaching upon the road or the footway.

- b. Not use the road or footway for the storage of any article, material, matter, waste or thing.
- c. Not use the road or footway for any *work*.
- d. Keep the road and footway in good repair free of any trip hazard or obstruction.
- e. Not stand any plant and equipment upon the road or footway.

***This condition does not apply to the extent that a permit or approval exists under the section 73 of the Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999, section 138 of the Roads Act 1993 or section 94 of the Local Government Act 1993 except that at all time compliance is required with:***

- a. Australian Standard AS 1742 (Set) Manual of uniform traffic control devices and all relevant parts of this set of standards.
- b. Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999*.

**Note:** Section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* allows the Police to close any road or road related area to traffic during any temporary obstruction or danger to traffic or for any temporary purpose. Any road closure requires Police approval.

**Note:** Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* provides that a person must not:

- (a) erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or
- (b) dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
- (c) remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or
- (d) pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or
- (e) connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road, otherwise than with the consent of the appropriate roads authority.

**Note:** Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* provides that a person may carry out certain activities only with the prior approval of the council including:

Part C Management of Waste:

- “1. For fee or reward, transport waste over or under a public place
- 2. Place waste in a public place
- 3. Place a waste storage container in a public place.”

Part E Public roads:

- “1. Swing or hoist goods across or over any part of a public road by means of a lift, hoist or tackle projecting over the footway
- 2. Expose or allow to be exposed (whether for sale or otherwise) any article in or on or so as to overhang any part of the road or outside a shop window or doorway abutting the road, or hang an article beneath an awning over the road.”

Any work in, on or over the Road or Footway requires *Council* Approval and in the case of classified roads the NSW Roads and Traffic Authority. Road includes that portion of the road uses as a footway.  
Standard Condition: E7

## **E.7 Maintenance of Environmental Controls**

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the following monitoring, measures and controls are maintained:

- (a) Erosion and sediment controls,
- (b) Dust controls,
- (c) Dewatering discharges,
- (d) Noise controls;
- (e) Vibration monitoring and controls and

(f) Ablutions

**Note 1:** See [http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/small\\_business/builders.htm](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/small_business/builders.htm) for additional information.  
Standard Condition: E11

## E.8 Support of adjoining land and buildings

A person must not do anything on or in relation to the *site* (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other land (the supported land) or building (the supported building).

For the purposes of this condition, supporting land includes the natural surface of the site, the subsoil of the site, any water beneath the site, and any part of the site that has been reclaimed.

**Note:** This condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is considered necessary upon any adjoining or supported land by any person the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must obtain:

- a) the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or
- b) an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or
- c) an easement under section 88K of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, or
- d) an easement under section 40 of the *Land & Environment Court Act 1979* as appropriate.

**Note:** Section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).

**Note:** Clause 20 of the *Roads (General) Regulation 2000* prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: “**Excavations adjacent to road** - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road.” Separate approval is required under the Roads Act 1993 for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road.

**Note:** The encroachment of work or the like is a civil matter of trespass or encroachment and Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments except in relation to encroachments upon any road, public place, crown land under Council’s care control or management, or any community or operational land as defined by the *Local Government Act 1993*.  
Standard Condition: E13

## E.9 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Maintenance

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) The Soil and Water Management Plan required under this consent;
- b) “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c) “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition (“*The Blue Book*”).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence.



**Note 1:** A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

**Note 2:** Section 257 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 provides that “the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution”. **Warning,** irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of the occupation of the land being developed whether or not they actually cause the pollution.  
Standard Condition: E15

### E.10 Disposal of site water during construction

The principal contractor or owner builder must ensure:

- a) Prior to pumping any water into the road or public stormwater system that approval is obtained from *Council* under section 138(1)(d) of the *Roads Act 1993*;
- b) That *water pollution*, as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, does not occur as the result of the discharge to the road, public stormwater system or other place or any site water;
- c) That stormwater from any roof or other impervious areas is linked, via temporary downpipes and stormwater pipes, to a Council approved stormwater disposal system immediately upon completion of the roof installation or work creating other impervious areas.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that adjoining and neighbouring land is not adversely affected by unreasonable overland flows of stormwater and that site water does not concentrate water such that they cause erosion and water pollution.  
Standard Condition: E17

### E.11 Placement and use of Skip Bins

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:

- a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 94 of the *Local Government Act 1993* to place the waste storage container in a public place, and
- b) Where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999*.

**Note:** Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards.  
Standard Condition: E21

## **E.12 Compliance with Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works Road works and work within the Road and Footway**

All work carried out on assets which are under Council ownership or will revert to the ownership, care, control or management of Council in connection with the *development* to which this consent relates must comply with Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated January 2003.

The *owner, principal contractor or owner builder* must meet all costs associated with such works.

This condition does not set aside the need to obtain relevant approvals under the *Roads Act 1993* or *Local Government Act 1993* for works within Roads and other public places.

**Note:** A copy of Council's "*Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works*" can be downloaded free of charge from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au)  
Standard Condition: E24

## **E.13 Replacement of Sandstone Kerb or Gutter**

Where existing sandstone kerb or gutter is to be replaced in concrete, the sandstone remains the property of Council. The stones are to be removed and handled in such a manner so as not to cause any damage to the sandstone.

The stones must be delivered on pallets between 7am to 4pm Monday to Friday by the *Principal Contractor* or *Owner* to:

Woollahra Council's Works Depot  
52-54 O'Dea Avenue  
Waterloo

Prior to delivery contact the Purchasing Officer, Mr Joe Cavagnino, on 9391 7973.  
Standard Condition: E25

## **F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)**

### **F.1 Occupation Certificate (section 109M of the Act)**

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 109H (4) of the *Act*) unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

**Note:** New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.  
Standard Condition: F1

**G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Subdivision Certificate**

No relevant conditions

**H. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate (s109C(1)(c))****H.1 Removal of Ancillary Works and Structures**

The *principal contractor* or *owner* must remove from the land and any adjoining public place:

- a. The site sign;
- b. Ablutions;
- c. Hoarding;
- d. Scaffolding; and
- e. Waste materials, matter, article or thing.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that all ancillary matter is removed prior to the issue of the *Final Occupation Certificate*.  
Standard Condition: H12

**H.2 Road Works (including footpaths)**

The following works must be completed to the satisfaction of Council, in compliance with Council's "Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works" dated January 2003 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the *principal contractor's* or *owner's* expense:

- a. stormwater pipes, pits and connections to public stormwater systems within the *road*;
- b. driveways and vehicular crossings within the *road*;
- c. removal of redundant driveways and vehicular crossings;
- d. new footpaths within the *road*;
- e. new or replacement street trees;
- f. new footway verges, where a grass verge exists, the balance of the area between the footpath and the kerb or site boundary over the full frontage of the proposed development must be turfed. The grass verge must be constructed to contain a uniform minimum 75mm of friable growing medium and have a total cover of turf predominant within the street.
- g. new or reinstated kerb and guttering within the *road*; and
- h. new or reinstated road surface pavement within the *road*.

**Note:** Security held by Council pursuant to section 80A(6) of the Act will not be release by Council until compliance has been achieved with this condition. An application for refund of security must be submitted with the *Final Occupation Certificate* to Council. This form can be downloaded from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) or obtained from Council's customer service centre.  
Standard Condition: H13

**I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the development****I.1 Outdoor lighting – Residential**

Outdoor lighting must comply with AS 4282-1997: Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.

The maximum luminous intensity from each luminaire must not exceed the level 1 control relevant under table 2.2 of AS 4282. The maximum illuminance and the threshold limits must be in accordance with table 2.1 of AS 4282.

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbours and limit the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting in public places.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to control the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.  
Standard Condition: I42

## I.2 Separate Domicile

To ensure the orderly development of the site and to maintain the amenity of the surrounding residential area the proposed studio shall not be used or occupied as a separate domicile.

## J. Miscellaneous Conditions

No relevant conditions

## K. Advisings

### K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent & Environmental laws

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence**. Failure to comply with other environmental laws are also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- Issue notices and orders;
- Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

### Warnings as to potential maximum penalties

Maximum Penalties under NSW Environmental Laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

### Warning as to enforcement and legal costs

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order.

This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

**Note:** The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of *the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. You can obtain further information from the following web sites:

<http://www.theshopfront.org/documents/ConvictionsCriminalRecords.pdf> and the Attorney General's [www.agd.nsw.gov.au](http://www.agd.nsw.gov.au).

Standard Advising: K1

## K.2 NSW Police Service and Road Closures

The Rose Bay Local Area Command closely aligns with the boundaries of the Woollahra local government area.

Council and Police approval is required prior to a partial or full temporary road closure. If you are seeking a partial or full temporary road closure you must comply with the relevant conditions of this consent and you must also gain the approval of the Traffic Sergeant, Paddington Police Station, 16 Jersey Road, Paddington. Phone No. 02 8356 8299 or Fax No. 0283568211.

**Warning:** If you partially or fully close a road without compliance with Council and Police requirements Council Rangers or the Police can issue Penalty Infringement Notices or Court Attendance Notices leading to prosecution.  
Standard Advising: K4

## K.3 Builders Licences and Owner Builders Permits

Section 81A of the *Act* requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appoint a *principal contractor* for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

Further information can be obtained from the NSW Office of Fair Trading website about how you obtain an owner builders permit or find a principal contractor (builder):  
<http://www.dft.nsw.gov.au/building.html> .

**The Owner(s) must appoint the PCA.** The PCA must check that Home Building Act insurance is in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (Builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 for the residential building work.

Standard Condition: K5

## K.4 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances

The PCA does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the PCA is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia. Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8 are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the *principal contractor's* or *owner builder's* supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The PCA does not undertake this role.

The NSW Office of Fair Trading have published a “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8. The guide can be obtained from the Office of Fair Trading by calling 13 32 20 or by Fax: 9619 8618 or by post to: Marketing Branch, PO Box 972, Parramatta NSW 2124.

The Guide can be down loaded from:

<http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/pdfs/corporate/publications/dft242.pdf>

Council, as the PCA or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the *principal contractor*, contractors and the owner.

Standard Condition: K6

### **K.5 Workcover requirements**

The *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 No 40* and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.

**Note:** Further information can be obtained from Workcover NSW's website:

<http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Industry/Construction/default.htm> or through their head office:

Location: Workcover NSW, 92-100 Donnison Street, GOSFORD 2250 Postal address: WorkCover NSW, Locked Bag 2906, LISAROW 2252, Phone (02) 4321 5000, Fax (02) 4325 4145.

Standard Condition: K7

### **K.6 Appeal**

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact:

**Mr G Fotis, Team Leader** on (02) 9391 7089

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land & Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a Section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.

This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the Section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

Standard Condition: K14

### **K.7 Release of Security**

An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 80A of the *Act*.

The securities will not be released until a *Final Occupation Certificate* has lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements.

Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be.

Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed.

Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the Bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.

**Note:** The Application for Refund of Security form can be downloaded from <http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/pdf/Forms/Planning/RefundofSecurity.pdf>  
Standard Condition: K15

## **K.8 Owner Builders**

Under the *Home Building Act 1989* any property owner who intends undertaking construction work to a dwelling house or dual occupancy to the value of \$12,000 or over must complete an approved education course and obtain an owner-builder permit from the Office of Fair Trading. See [www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au](http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au).

Standard Condition: K18

## **K.9 Compliance with the Building Code of Australia**

Preliminary assessment of the development application drawings indicates that the proposal may not comply with the following sections/parts of the *Building Code of Australia*:

Part 3.3.4 - Weatherproofing of masonry

Part 3.7 - Fire safety

Part 3.7.1 Fire separation

Part 3.7.2 Smoke alarms

Part 3.8 - Health and amenity

Part 3.8.1 Wet areas

Part 3.8.3 Facilities

Part 3.8.4 Light

Part 3.8.5 Ventilation

Part 3.9 - Safe movement and access

Part 3.9.1 Stair construction

Part 3.9.2 Balustrades

**Note:** There must be no removal of heritage building fabric unless expressly authorised under this consent where compliance with the BCA cannot be achieved without work not authorised under this consent application to amend this consent is required.

Standard Condition: K20 (Autotext KK20)

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## **D6 DA211/2007 – 168 Sutherland Street, Paddington – Alterations and additions to existing terrace including new pool, garage and boundary adjustment – 10/4/2007**

**Note:** Mr M Mijuskovic the owner addressed the Panel.

**Note:** The Panel amended Part B. 1 (Works as executed).

**(Coker/Bluett)****Resolved: Pursuant to Section 80(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979****Part 1: Works as Executed**

- A.** THAT the Council, as the consent authority, refuse Development Application No. 211/2007 for an additional level below the principle residence (*Ground Floor*), paved terrace area adjacent and works executed on land belonging to No. 170 Paddington, infill of the existing stair to the western boundary, the addition of a terrace and landscape area on land at 168 Sutherland Street Paddington, as the works have already been carried out without prior consent.
1. Council has no power under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 to grant retrospective consent to a development application in respect of works undertaken without development consent.
- B.** THAT, as the unauthorised works are considered to be satisfactory with regard to the relevant objectives and controls of the Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995 and the Woollahra Residential Control Plan 2003, Council take no action to require these works to be removed subject to the owners making an application for, and Council issuing a Building Certificate under Section 149A – 149G of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 for the works. The required Building Certificate application is to be submitted to Council within twenty-eight (28) days of this determination and is subject to the following conditions:
1. A light weight privacy screen to a length of 4.3m and a height of 1.7m is required to the paved terrace at RL39.71 along the north-western boundary, to maintain acoustic and visual privacy afforded to the adjoining property.
  2. A certificate from a practicing structural engineer certifying the structural adequacy of the works that have been undertaken without prior Council consent.
  3. A survey report prepared by a registered surveyor, showing the location of all structures on the subject property relative to the boundaries of the site.
  4. Details of the principal who has undertaken the works. If the principal contractor is a licensed building, the Council:
    - a. The licensee's name and contractor, license number; and
    - b. A certificate issued by an approved insurer under Part 6 of the 'Home Building Act 1989' that a person is the holder of an insurance policy issued for the purposes of that Part of the Act.

If the owners are the principal contractors, a copy of the owner builder permit issued by the Department of Fair Trading is required. Alternatively, documentary evidence from the Department of Fair Trading stating that an owner builder permit is not required under these circumstances.

Failure to comply with such requirements may result in Council commencing action under Part 6 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 including appropriate orders and prosecution.

- C. That the matter be referred to the Manager – Compliance to consider any further appropriate action against the person responsible for carrying out work without development consent under Part 6 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 in accordance with Council's Enforcement Policy.

## **Part 2: Proposed works**

THAT Council, as the consent authority, refuse development consent to Development Application No. 211/2007 for alterations and additions to existing terrace including new pool, garage and boundary adjustment on land at 168 Sutherland Street Paddington, for the following reasons:

### **1. Aims and Objectives of the Woollahra LEP**

The proposal does not accord to the general aims and objectives of the LEP with respect to heritage conservation (Clause 28) and does not comply with Clause 8(5) of the LEP.

### **2. Heritage Conservation**

The proposal would have a detrimental impact upon the Heritage Conservation Area and does not comply with Clause 2(2)(g)(ii) of the Woollahra LEP.

### **3. Rear elevations and yards**

The proposal will be contrary to Objectives **O2**, **O3** and Guidelines/controls **G2**, **G4** and **G5** of Part 5.1.3 of the Paddington DCP as the works will be excessive and an overdevelopment of the subject site and will be an unsympathetic design and construction within the conservation area.

### **4. Roofs**

The proposal will be contrary to Objectives **O1**, **O4** and Guidelines/controls **G7**, and **G8** of Part 5.1.4 of the Paddington DCP as the original roofscape of the Paddington area will be adversely modified with a proposed curved roof form. The proposal will not reflect appropriate traditional roof forms and will be an unsympathetic design which will not to respond the traditional architectural style and materials found in the area.

### **5. Site coverage, setbacks and levels**

The proposal will be contrary to Objectives **O2**, **O3**, **O4** and **O6** and Guidelines/controls **G2**, and **G3** of Part 5.1.5 of the Paddington DCP as the works will not respond appropriately to levels and siting of new development established by relevant historic development and adjoining properties and the site coverage will be disproportionate to the adjoining properties.

### **6. Landscaping and private open space**

The proposal will be contrary to Objectives **O1**, **O2**, **O3**, **O4**, and **O5** and Guidelines/controls **G1**, **G3**, **G4** and **G5** of Part 5.1.6 of the Paddington DCP as the works will eliminate soft landscaping, porous/semi porous area and on-site detention at the ground level or the original garden level as a result of the proposed excavation, garaging, raised courtyard and swimming pool to the rear of the subject site.

**7. Building height, bulk and scale**

The proposal will be contrary to Objectives *O1*, *O4*, and *O6* and Guidelines/controls *G1* and *G3* of Part 5.1.7 of the Paddington DCP as the height and bulk of the works will not appropriately respond to the established heights within the street as viewed from the front and rear of the subject property.

**8. Acoustic and visual privacy**

The proposal will be contrary to Objectives *O1*, and *O2* and Guidelines/control *G6* of Part 5.1.8 of the Paddington DCP as the works will adversely impact on the acoustic and visual privacy currently afforded to the adjoining properties as a result of the additions and deck/balcony to the first and second floor level.

**9. Chimneys**

The original chimneys are to be retained, however as a result of the proposed additional second floor the current visibility of the chimneys will be reduced as viewed from the public domain and is considered to be unsatisfactory.

**10. Windows, doors and shutters**

The works will be contrary to Objective *O1*, and Guidelines/control *G3* of Part 5.2.3 of the Paddington DCP as the proposed doors/windows will not reflect the traditional architectural character, materials and proportions of openings applicable to the Paddington area as viewed from the public domain.

**11. Verandahs and balconies**

The proposal will be contrary to Objectives *O3* and Guidelines/controls *G4* and *G7* of Part 5.2.4 of the Paddington DCP as the works will be an unsympathetic contemporary design which will not respond to the historic character of the area and will adversely impact the amenity and privacy currently afforded to the adjoining properties.

**12. Parking, access and servicing facilities**

The proposal will be contrary to Objectives *O3*, *O7*, *O8*, *O9* and *O10* and Guidelines/controls *G1*, *G7* and *G8* of Part 5.2.6 of the Paddington DCP as the proposed double garage door height would be greater than the maximum permitted 2.2m, the door width would be much greater than the maximum permitted 3.3m and the garage door would be metal paneling rather than timber.

**13. Materials and details**

The proposal will be contrary to Objectives *O3* and Guidelines/controls *G3* and *G4* of Part 5.2.8 of the Paddington DCP as the materials and details are not considered to respond to the architectural character of the existing building and the historic context of the area as the works are an unsympathetic contemporary response to a traditional building form.

**14. Australian Standard 2890.1**

The proposed garage width does not comply with AS 2890.1.

**15. Public Interest**

The proposal is not in the public interest.

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**D7 DA32/2007 – 27 Chamberlain Avenue, Rose Bay – Alterations & additions to the existing dwelling-house – 17/1/2007**

**Note:** This matter was called to the Development Control Committee Meeting of 20 August 2007 by Councillor Boskovitz.

**Reasons:** Concerns in regard to height, possible view loss.

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**D8 DA270/2006 – 79 New Beach Road, Darling Point – Section 82A Review of the entire proposal – 9/5/2007**

**Note:** Mr R Hirelscher the owner and Mr P Lonergan the architect, addressed the Panel.

**Note:** The Panel amended the table in Condition No. C.1 (Payment of Security, Levies and Fees (S80A(6) of the Act, Section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993))

**(Coker/Bluett)**

**Resolved: Pursuant to Section 82A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979**

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, is of the opinion that the objection under SEPP 1-Development Standards to Council's 6.5 m height development standard is well founded. The Council is also of the opinion that strict compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances of this case as the proposal achieves consistency with the objectives underlying the standard.

**AND**

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, being satisfied that the objection under SEPP 1 is well founded and also being of the opinion that the granting of consent to Development Application No. 270/2006 is consistent with the aims of the Policy, grant development consent to DA No. 270/2006 for the addition of 3 balconies and associated fenestrational alterations to an inter-war residential flat building on land at 79 New Beach Road, Darling Point, subject to the following conditions:

**A. General Conditions****A.1 Conditions**

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 80 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 ("the *Act*") and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 ("the *Regulation*") such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 79C of the Act.

## A.2 Definitions

Unless specified otherwise words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act 1987* as in force at the date of consent.

*Applicant* means the applicant for this Consent.

*Approved Plans* mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

*AS* or *AS/NZS* means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

*BCA* means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

*Council* means Woollahra Municipal Council

*Court* means the Land and Environment Court

*Local native plants* means species of native plant endemic to Sydney's eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

*Stormwater Drainage System* means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- a. The collection of stormwater,
- b. The retention of stormwater,
- c. The reuse of stormwater,
- d. The detention of stormwater,
- e. The controlled release of stormwater; and
- f. Connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

*Owner* means the owner of the *site* and successors in title to the *site*.

*Owner Builder* has the same meaning as in the *Home Building Act 1989*.

*PCA* means the *Principal Certifying Authority* under the *Act*.

*Principal Contractor* has the same meaning as in the *Act* or where a *principal contractor* has not been appointed by the *owner* of the land being developed *Principal Contractor* means the *owner* of the land being developed.

*Professional Engineer* has the same meaning as in the *BCA*.

*Public Place* has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*.

*Road* has the same mean as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

*SEE* means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the *Applicant*.

*Site* means the land being developed subject to this consent.

*WLEP 1995* means *Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995*

*Work* for the purposes of this consent means:

- a. the use of land in connection with development,
- b. the subdivision of land,
- c. the erection of a building,
- d. the carrying out of any work,
- e. the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- f. the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- g. the demolition of a building,
- h. the piling, piercing, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- i. the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- j. the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an *occupation certificate*.

**Note: Interpretation of Conditions** - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council.

### A.3 Approved Plans and supporting documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the plans and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp “Approved DA Plans” **unless modified by any following condition**. Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date
DA01	Architectural Plan	FH	7/5/07

**Note:** Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamp approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

**Note:** These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)  
Standard Condition: A5

## B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction

### B.1 Requirement for a Construction Certificate

In accordance with the provisions of Section 81A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the works must not commence until:

- (a) detailed plans and specifications of the building have been endorsed with a Construction Certificate by:

- (i) Council; or
  - (ii) an accredited certifier; and
- (b) a principal certifying authority (PCA) has been appointed and the Council has been notified in writing of the appointment, and
- (c) at least two days notice, in writing, has been given to Council of the intention to commence work.

**C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate**

**C.1 Payment of Security, Levies and Fees (S80A(6) of the Act, Section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993)**

The person(s) with the benefit of this consent must pay the following long service levy, security, development levy, and fees prior to the issue of any *construction certificate, subdivision certificate or occupation certificate*, as will apply.

The *certifying authority* must not issue any *Part 4A Certificate* until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees. Specifically

- a. prior to the issue of a *construction certificate*, where a construction certificate is required; or
- b. prior to the issue of a *subdivision certificate*, where only a subdivision certificate is required; or
- c. prior to the issue of an *occupation certificate* in any other instance.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code
<b>LONG SERVICE LEVY</b> under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986			
<b>Long Service Levy</b> Use Calculator: <a href="http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm">http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm</a>	Contact LSL Corporation or use their online calculator	No	
<b>SECURITY</b> under section 80A(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
<b>Property Damage Security Deposit -</b> Making good any damage caused to any property of the <i>Council</i> as a consequence of the doing of anything to which the consent relates.	\$4000	No	T600
<b>INSPECTION FEES</b> under section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993			
Security Administration Fee	\$163	No	T16
<b>TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS, LEVIES AND FEES</b>	<b>\$4163</b> <b>Plus any relevant indexed amounts and long service levy</b>		

**Building & Construction Industry Long Service Payment**

The Long Service Levy under Section 34 of the *Building & Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act, 1986*, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the *Certifying Authority* prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** The Levy can be paid directly to the Long Services Payments Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Payments Corporation's website <http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/> or by telephoning the Long Service Payments Corporation on 13 14 41.

#### **How must the payments be made?**

Payments must be made by:

- a. Cash deposit with Council,
- b. Credit card payment with Council, or
- c. Bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- a. the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- b. the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first;
- c. the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent; and
- d. the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

### **C.2 Structural Adequacy of Existing Supporting Structures**

A certificate from a *professional engineer* (Structural Engineer), certifying the adequacy of the existing supporting structure to support the additional loads proposed to be imposed by the development, must be submitted with the *Construction Certificate* application.

**Note:** This condition is imposed to ensure that the existing structure structural is able to support the additional loads proposed.

### **C.3 Professional Engineering Details**

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must include detailed *professional engineering* plans and specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydro-geological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, the statement of environmental effects and supporting documentation.

Detailed professional engineering plans and specifications must be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* with the application for any *Construction Certificate*.

### **C.4 Connection to existing drainage system**

Stormwater run-off from the proposed additions must drain to the existing stormwater drainage system.

The existing stormwater drainage pipes on the property affected by the development must be checked and certified by a practising hydraulic engineer to ensure that existing stormwater pipes are in good condition and are operating satisfactorily. Certification and a plan showing pipe locations and diameters must be submitted to the Accredited Certifier prior to the issue of the final Occupation Certificate.

If the existing stormwater pipes are not in good condition and/or not operating satisfactorily, the existing drainage system must be upgraded. Certification and a plan showing pipe locations and diameters of the upgraded system must be submitted to the Accredited Certifier prior to the issue of the final Occupation Certificate.

Stormwater disposal is to comply with the requirements and conditions as set out in Council's Draft Stormwater Drainage Management DCP (Draft Version 1, Public Exhibition Copy dated 23/08/2004). This is available from Council's website <http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au>.

**Note:** Connection of stormwater run-off to the Sydney Water sewer system is not permitted.

### **C.5 Modification of details of the development (s80A(1)(g) of the Act)**

The *approved plans* must be amended and the *Construction Certificate* plans and specification, required to be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail:

- i. the increase to the width and height of the proposed 0.8-1 m wide, 1.5 m high privacy screens to the southern sides of the balconies to a width of 1.5 m and a height of 1.7 m above the respective floor levels in order to prevent overlooking to north-facing windows to habitable rooms of the adjoining residential flat building to the south (78 New Beach Road).

**Note:** The effect of this condition is that it requires design changes and/or further information to be provided with the *Construction Certificate* drawings and specifications to address specific issues identified during assessment under section 79C of the *Act*.

**Note:** Clause 146 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any *Construction Certificate* subject to this condition unless the *Certifying Authority* is satisfied that the condition has been complied with.

**Note:** Clause 145 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any *Construction Certificate* that is inconsistent with this consent.

### **D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work**

#### **D.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989**

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a. that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b. in the case of residential building work for which *the Home Building Act 1989* requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a. to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4),

or

- b. to the erection of a temporary building.

In this condition, a reference to the *BCA* is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

**Note:** This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia.

## D.2 Site Signs

The *Principal Contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the sign required by clauses 98A and 227A of the *Regulation* is erected and maintained at all times.

“Erection of signs

1. For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.
2. A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:
  - a. showing the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifying authority for the work, and
  - b. showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
  - c. stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
3. Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
4. This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.
5. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the *Act*, to comply with the technical provisions of the State’s building laws.”

**Note:** *PCA* and *principal contractors* must also ensure that signs required by this clause are erected and maintained (see clause 227A which imposes a penalty exceeding \$1,000).

**Note:** If *Council* is appointed as the *PCA* it will provide the sign to the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by Clause 98A of the *Regulation*.

## D.3 Toilet Facilities

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

Each toilet provided:

- a. must be a standard flushing toilet, and
- b. must be connected to a public sewer, or

- c. if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the council, or
- d. if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the council.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced.

In this condition:

**accredited sewage management facility** means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993* applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in clause 95B of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**approved by the council** means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**public sewer** has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**sewage management facility** has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**Note:** This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with Workcover NSW requirements.

#### **D.4 Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (s81A(2) of the Act)**

The erection of the building in accordance with this development consent must not be commenced until:

- a. a construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the council (if the council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
- b. the person having the benefit of the development consent has:
  - i. appointed a principal certifying authority for the building work, and
  - ii. notified the principal certifying authority that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- b1. the principal certifying authority has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
  - i. notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
  - ii. notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- b2. the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:

- i. appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
- ii. notified the principal certifying authority of any such appointment, and
- iii. unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- iv. given at least 2 days' notice to the council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.

**Note:** *Building* has the same meaning as in section 4 of the *Act* and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure.

**Note:** *New building* has the same meaning as in section 109H of the *Act* and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

**Note:** The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 82A(2) of the *Act* (including the need for a *Construction Certificate*) prior to any demolition work. See: *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.

**Note:** *Construction Certificate* Application, *PCA Service Agreement* and *Notice of Commencement* forms can be downloaded from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).

**Note:** It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a *building* in breach of this condition and in breach of section 81A(2) of the *Act*.

#### **D.5 Notification of Home Building Act 1989 requirements**

- a. For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of this condition are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989.
- b. Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the following information:
  - i. in the case of work for which a *principal contractor* is required to be appointed:
    - the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
    - the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that *Act*,
  - ii. in the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:
    - the name of the owner-builder, and
    - if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that *Act*, the number of the owner-builder permit.

- c. If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under subclause (2) becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the updated information.
- d. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the Act, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws.

## **E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work**

### **E.1 Disposal of site water during construction**

The principal contractor or owner builder must ensure:

- a) Prior to pumping any water into the road or public stormwater system that approval is obtained from *Council* under section 138(1)(d) of the *Roads Act 1993*;
- b) That *water pollution*, as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, does not occur as the result of the discharge to the road, public stormwater system or other place or any site water;
- d) That stormwater from any roof or other impervious areas is linked, via temporary downpipes and stormwater pipes, to a Council approved stormwater disposal system immediately upon completion of the roof installation or work creating other impervious areas.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that adjoining and neighbouring land is not adversely affected by unreasonable overland flows of stormwater and that site water does not concentrate water such that they cause erosion and water pollution.

### **E.2 Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition**

Demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601—1991: The Demolition of Structures, published by Standards Australia, and as in force at 1 July 1993.

### **E.3 Critical Stage Inspections**

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* as required by the PCA, any PCA service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*.

Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the PCA is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*. *critical stage inspections* means the inspections prescribed by the *Regulations* for the purposes of section 109E(3)(d) of the *Act* or as required by the *PCA* and any *PCA Service Agreement*.

**Note:** The PCA may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the PCA be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.

**Note:** The PCA may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of *Compliance Certificates*, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA in relation to any matter relevant to the development.

#### **E.4 Hours of Work –Amenity of the neighbourhood**

- a. No *work* must take place on any Sunday or public holiday,
- b. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday,
- c. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday, and
- d. No piling, piling, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of land or loading of material to or from trucks must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday.
- e. No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

**Note:** The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.

**Note:** Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.

**Note:** The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RTA and Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.

**Note:** Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2000*.

**Note:** EPA Guidelines can be downloaded from <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm> .

**Note:** See [http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci\\_build\\_sheet7.pdf](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci_build_sheet7.pdf)

#### **E.5 Check Surveys - boundary location, building location, building height and stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum**

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that a surveyor registered under the *Surveying Act 2002* carries out check surveys and provides survey certificates confirming the location of the building(s) and the stormwater drainage system relative to the boundaries of the *site* and that the height of buildings and the stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum complies with this consent at the following critical stages.

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that work must not proceed beyond each of the following critical stages until compliance has been demonstrated to the *PCA's* satisfaction:

- a) Upon the completion of foundation walls prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any floor slab and generally at damp proof course level;

- b) Upon the completion of formwork for floor slabs prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any concrete and generally at each storey;
- c) Upon the completion of formwork or framework for the roof(s) prior to the laying of any roofing or the pouring of any concrete roof;
- d) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for any ancillary structures, swimming pool or spa pool or the like;
- e) Driveway transitions and crest thresholds prior to pavement of driveways;
- f) Stormwater Drainage Systems prior to or post construction confirming location, height and capacity of works.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that development occurs in the location and at the height approved under this consent.

### **E.6 Placement and use of Skip Bins**

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:

- a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 94 of the *Local Government Act 1993* to place the waste storage container in a public place, and
- c) Where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999*.

**Note:** Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards.

### **E.7 Dust Mitigation**

Dust mitigation must be implemented in accordance with “*Dust Control - Do it right on site*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils.

This generally requires:

- a) Dust screens to all hoardings and site fences.
- b) All stockpiles or loose materials to be covered when not being used.
- c) All equipment, where capable, being fitted with dust catchers.
- d) All loose materials being placed bags before placing into waste or skip bins.
- e) All waste and skip bins being kept covered when not being filled or emptied.
- f) The surface of excavation work being kept wet to minimise dust.
- g) Landscaping incorporating trees, dense shrubs and grass being implemented as soon as practically possible to minimise dust.

**Note 1:** “*Dust Control - Do it right on site*” can be down loaded free of charge from Council’s web site [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) or obtained from Council’s office.

- Note 2:** Special precautions must be taken when removing asbestos or lead materials from development sites. Additional information can be obtained from [www.workcover.nsw.gov.au](http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au) and [www.epa.nsw.gov.au](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au). Other specific condition and advice may apply.
- Note 3:** Demolition and construction activities may affect local air quality and contribute to urban air pollution. The causes are dust, smoke and fumes coming from equipment or activities, and airborne chemicals when spraying for pest management. Precautions must be taken to prevent air pollution.

## **F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)**

### **F.1 Commissioning and Certification of Systems and Works**

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the satisfaction of the *PCA* works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* confirming that the *works*, as executed and as detailed, comply with the requirement of this consent, the *Act*, the *Regulations*, any relevant *construction certificate*, the *BCA* and relevant *Australian Standards*.

Works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* including but may not be limited to:

- a. Certification from the supervising professional engineer that the requirement of the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological conditions and report recommendations were implemented and satisfied during development work.
- b. All flood protection measures.
- c. All stormwater drainage systems.
- d. All mechanical ventilation systems.
- e. All hydraulic systems.
- f. All structural work.
- g. All acoustic attenuation work.
- h. All waterproofing.
- i. Such further matters as the *Principal Certifying Authority* may require.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that systems and works as completed meet *development standards* as defined by the *Act*, comply with the *BCA*, comply with this consent and so that a public record of works as execute is maintained.

**Note:** The *PCA* may require any number of WAE plans, certificates, or other evidence of suitability as necessary to confirm compliance with the *Act*, *Regulation*, *Development Standards*, *BCA*, and relevant *Australia Standards*. As a minimum WAE plans and certification is required for stormwater drainage and detention, mechanical ventilation work, hydraulic services (including but not limited to fire services).

**Note:** The *PCA* must submit to Council, with any *Occupation Certificate*, copies of works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* upon which the *PCA* has relied in issuing any *Occupation Certificate*.

### **F.2 Occupation Certificate (section 109M of the Act)**

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 109H (4) of the *Act*) unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

**Note:** New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

## **G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate (s109C(1)(c))**

### **G.1 Removal of Ancillary Works and Structures**

The *principal contractor* or *owner* must remove from the land and any adjoining public place:

- a. The site sign;
- b. Ablutions;
- c. Hoarding;
- d. Scaffolding; and
- e. Waste materials, matter, article or thing.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that all ancillary matter is removed prior to the issue of the *Final Occupation Certificate*.

## **H. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the development**

### **H.1 Outdoor lighting – Residential**

Outdoor lighting must comply with AS 4282-1997: Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting. The maximum luminous intensity from each luminaire must not exceed the level 1 control relevant under table 2.2 of AS 4282. The maximum illuminance and the threshold limits must be in accordance with table 2.1 of AS 4282.

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbours and limit the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting in public places.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to control the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.

## **I. Advisings**

### **I.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent & Environmental laws**

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence**. Failure to comply with other environmental laws are also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- Issue notices and orders;
- Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

#### **Warnings as to potential maximum penalties**

Maximum Penalties under NSW Environmental Laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

### **Warning as to enforcement and legal costs**

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order. This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

**Note:** The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of *the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. You can obtain further information from the following web sites:  
<http://www.theshopfront.org/documents/ConvictionsCriminalRecords.pdf> and the Attorney General's [www.agd.nsw.gov.au](http://www.agd.nsw.gov.au).

### **I.2 Builders Licences and Owner Builders Permits**

Section 81A of the *Act* requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appointed a *principal contractor* for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

Further information can be obtained from the NSW Office of Fair Trading website about how you obtain an owner builders permit or find a principal contractor (builder):  
<http://www.dft.nsw.gov.au/building.html> .

**The Owner(s) must appoint the PCA.** The PCA must check that Home Building Act insurance is in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (Builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 for the residential building work.

### **I.3 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances**

The PCA does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the PCA is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia. Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the "Guide to Standards and Tolerances©" ISBN 0 7347 6010 8 are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the *principal contractor's* or *owner builder's* supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The PCA does not undertake this role.

The NSW Office of Fair Trading have published a "Guide to Standards and Tolerances©" ISBN 0 7347 6010 8. The guide can be obtained from the Office of Fair Trading by calling 13 32 20 or by Fax: 9619 8618 or by post to: Marketing Branch, PO Box 972, Parramatta NSW 2124.

The Guide can be down loaded from:  
<http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/pdfs/corporate/publications/dft242.pdf>

Council, as the PCA or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the *principal contractor*, contractors and the owner.

#### **I.4 Workcover requirements**

The *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 No 40* and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.

**Note:** Further information can be obtained from Workcover NSW's website:

<http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Industry/Construction/default.htm> or through their head office:

Location: Workcover NSW, 92-100 Donnison Street, GOSFORD 2250 Postal address: WorkCover NSW, Locked Bag 2906, LISAROW 2252, Phone (02) 4321 5000, Fax (02) 4325 4145.

#### **I.5 Asbestos Removal, Repair or Disturbance**

Anyone who removes, repairs or disturbs bonded or a friable asbestos material must hold a current removal licence from Workcover NSW.

Before starting work, a work site-specific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from Workcover NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current Workcover licence.

All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with:

- The Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000;
- The Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001;
- The Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos [NOHSC: 2002 (1998)];
- The Guide to the Control of Asbestos Hazards in Buildings and Structures [NOHSC: 3002 (1998)] <http://www.nohsc.gov.au/>; and
- The Workcover NSW Guidelines for Licensed Asbestos Removal Contractors.

**Note:** The Code of Practice and Guide referred to above are known collectively as the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. They are specifically referenced in the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001 under Clause 259. Under the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001, the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos are the minimum standards for asbestos removal work. Council does not control or regulate the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. You should make yourself aware of the requirements by visiting [www.workcover.nsw.gov.au](http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au) or one of Workcover NSW's offices for further advice.

#### **I.6 Lead Paint**

It is beyond the scope of this consent to provide detailed information about dealing with lead paint. Painters working in an area containing lead-based paint should refer to Australian Standard AS 4361.1-1995, Guide to Lead Paint Management—Industrial Applications, or AS 4361.2-1998, Guide to Lead Paint Management—Residential and Commercial Buildings.

Industrial paints may contain lead. Lead is used in some specialised sign-writing and artist paints, and road marking paints, and anti-corrosive paints. Lead was a major ingredient in commercial and residential paints from the late 1800s to 1970. Most Australian commercial buildings and residential homes built before 1970 contain lead paint. These paints were used both inside and outside buildings.

Lead hazards - Lead particles are released when old lead paint flakes and peels and collects as dust in ceiling, wall and floor voids. If dust is generated it must be contained. If runoff contains lead particles it must be contained. Lead is extremely hazardous, and stripping of lead-based paint and the disposal of contaminated waste must be carried out with all care. Lead is a cumulative poison and even small levels in the body can have severe effects.

## **I.7 Appeal**

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact:

**David Booth, Senior Assessment Officer** on (02) 9391 7119

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land & Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a Section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.

This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the Section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

## **I.8 Release of Security**

An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 80A of the *Act*. The securities will not be released until a *Final Occupation Certificate* has lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements. Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be. Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed. Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the Bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.

**Note:** The Application for Refund of Security form can be downloaded from <http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/pdf/Forms/Planning/RefundofSecurity.pdf>

## **I.9 Owner Builders**

Under the *Home Building Act 1989* any property owner who intends undertaking construction work to a dwelling house or dual occupancy to the value of \$12,000 or over must complete an approved education course and obtain an owner-builder permit from the Office of Fair Trading. See [www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au](http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au).

**D9 DA721/2006 – 14 Junction Street, Woollahra – Change of use from residential dwelling-house to alternative therapy consulting rooms – 17/10/2006**

**Note:** The Panel amended Condition No. I.1 (Hours of use)

**(Coker/Bluett)**

**Resolved: Pursuant to Section 80(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979**

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent to Development Application No. 721/2006 for change of use from residence to medical consulting rooms on land at 14 Junction Street, Woollahra, subject to the following conditions:

**A. General Conditions****A.1 Conditions**

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 80 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (“the *Act*”) and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (“the *Regulation*”) such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 79C of the Act.

Standard Condition: A1

**A.2 Definitions**

Unless specified otherwise words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act* 1987 as in force at the date of consent.

*Applicant* means the applicant for this Consent.

*Approved Plans* mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

*AS* or *AS/NZS* means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

*BCA* means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

*Council* means Woollahra Municipal Council

*Court* means the Land and Environment Court

*Local native plants* means species of native plant endemic to Sydney’s eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled “Local Native Plants for Sydney’s Eastern Suburbs published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

*Stormwater Drainage System* means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- a) The collection of stormwater,

- b) The retention of stormwater,
- c) The reuse of stormwater,
- d) The detention of stormwater,
- e) The controlled release of stormwater; and
- f) Connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

*Owner* means the owner of the *site* and successors in title to the *site*.

*Owner Builder* has the same meaning as in the *Home Building Act 1989*.

*PCA* means the *Principal Certifying Authority* under the *Act*.

*Principal Contractor* has the same meaning as in the *Act* or where a *principal contractor* has not been appointed by the *owner* of the land being developed *Principal Contractor* means the *owner* of the land being developed.

*Professional Engineer* has the same meaning as in the *BCA*.

*Public Place* has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*.

*Road* has the same mean as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

*SEE* means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the *Applicant*.

*Site* means the land being developed subject to this consent.

*WLEP 1995* means *Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995*

*Work* for the purposes of this consent means:

- a) the use of land in connection with development,
- b) the subdivision of land,
- c) the erection of a building,
- d) the carrying out of any work,
- e) the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- f) the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- g) the demolition of a building,
- h) the piling, piling, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- i) the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- j) the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an *occupation certificate*.

**Note: Interpretation of Conditions** - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council.  
Standard Condition: A2

### A.3 Approved Plans and supporting documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the plans and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved DA Plans" **unless modified by any following condition**. Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
One A3 sheet – floor plans	Architectural Plans	Bortex Pty Ltd	Received by Council's Customer services Department on 17 October 2006

**Note:** Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

**Note:** These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)  
Standard Condition: A5

### A.4 Prescribed Conditions

Prescribed conditions in force under the *Act* and *Regulation* must be complied with.

**Note:** It is the responsibility of those acting with the benefit of this consent to comply with all prescribed conditions under the *Act* and the *Regulation*. Free access can be obtained to all NSW legislation at [www.legislation.nsw.gov.au](http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au)  
Standard Condition: A30

### A.5 Parking

No approval is given or implied by this consent to any change in the parking arrangement at the rear of the site

## B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction

### B.1 Construction Certificate required prior to any demolition

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 81A(2) of the *Act*. In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a PCA and Notice of Commencement under the *Act*.

**Note:** See *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.  
Standard Condition: B1

## C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate

No relevant conditions.

**D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work.**

No relevant conditions.

**E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work**

No relevant conditions.

**F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)**

**F.1 Change of building use of existing building requires occupation certificate (section 109N of the Act)**

A person must not effect a change of building use for the whole or any part of an existing building unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

Standard Condition: F2

**F.2 Fire Safety Schedule**

The Principal Certifying Authority shall submit to Council a fire safety schedule indicating fire safety measures to be installed within the building. The fire safety schedule shall be submitted with the notice of proposed commencement required by (s) 81A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 no later than 2 days prior the beginning of any work.

**F.3 Fire safety upgraded – Change of building use (cl. 93 of the Regulation)**

*Council* considers pursuant to clause 93 of the *Regulation* that it is appropriate to require the following essential fire safety measures to be installed in the building, to ensure that it is appropriate for its new use:

- Portable Fire Extinguishers and Fire Blankets in accordance with AS 2444 – 2001 E1.6.

The building must not be occupied or used until these essential fire safety measures are installed.

**F.4 Fire Safety Certificates**

In the case of a *final occupation certificate* to authorise a person:

- a. to commence occupation or use of a *new building*, or
- b. to commence a change of building use for an existing building,

a *certifying authority* must be satisfied that a final fire safety certificate has been issued for the building.

In the case of an *interim occupation certificate* to authorise a person:

- a. to commence occupation or use of a partially completed *new building*, or
- b. to commence a change of building use for part of an existing building,

a *certifying authority* must be satisfied that a final fire safety certificate or an interim fire safety certificate has been issued for the relevant part of the building.

**Note:** This condition does not apply to a class 1a or class 10 building within the meaning of clause 167 of the Regulation.

**Note:** In this condition:

*interim fire safety certificate* has the same meaning as it has in Part 9 of the Regulation.

*final fire safety certificate* has the same meaning as it has in Part 9 of the Regulation.

*new building* has the same meaning as it has in section 109H of the Act.

Standard Condition: F4

## **F.5 Trade Waste Agreement**

Prior to commencement of use a Trade Waste Collection Agreement shall be entered into with an appropriate operator. Evidence of the agreement must be provided to Council's Health Section, with a copy to Council's Works and Services Department.

## **G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Subdivision Certificate**

No relevant conditions.

## **H. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a final Occupation Certificate.**

No relevant conditions.

## **I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the premises**

### **I.1 Hours of use**

The hours of use are limited to the following:

- a. Monday to Saturday: 9am – 6pm

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood.

**Note:** Deliveries to or dispatches from the site must not be made outside these hours. Trading Hours may be more onerous than these general hours of use. This condition does not apply to activities such as cleaning which takes place wholly within the building and which are not audible within any adjoining residential dwelling. If internal activities are audible within any adjoining residential dwelling such that they cause a nuisance to the occupiers of such dwelling than such internal activities must not occur outside these hours of use. This condition does not restrict the operation of noise pollution laws.  
Standard Condition: I1

### **I.2 Use of premises**

This approval allows for the use of the premises for rendering professional medical or health services to members of the public by not more than three health professionals at any one time.

### **I.3 Annual Fire Safety Statements (Class 1b to 9c buildings inclusive)**

Each year, the owner of a building to which an *essential fire safety measure* is applicable must provide an *annual fire safety statement* to Council and the Commissioner of the NSW Fire Brigades. The *annual fire safety statement* must be prominently displayed in the building.

**Note:** *Essential fire safety* measure has the same meaning as in clause 165 of the *Regulation*. *Annual fire safety statement* has the same meaning as in clause 175 of the *Regulation*. Part 9 Division 5 of the *Regulation* applies in addition to this condition at the date of this consent. Visit Council's web site for additional information in relation to fire safety [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).  
Standard Condition: 122

#### I.4 Commercial Waste Management

All waste must be presented for collection in a receptacle. Waste receptacles must be presented no earlier than close of business on day before collection and removed from collection point an hour after open of business on day of collection. Receptacles are not to be stored in any public place at anytime. Waste and recycling receptacles must be stored at all times within the boundaries of the site.

**Note:** No waste will be collected by Council that isn't presented properly. The waste must be presented with lid closed to reduce littering.  
Standard Condition: 146

#### I.5 Noise Control

The use of the premises must not give rise to the transmission of *offensive noise* to any place of different occupancy. *Offensive noise* is defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

**Note:** Council will generally enforce this condition in accordance with the *Noise Guide for Local Government* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm>) and the *Industrial Noise Guidelines* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/industrial.htm>) published by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Other state government authorities also regulate the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Useful links:**

**Community Justice Centres**—free mediation service provided by the NSW Government ([www.cjc.nsw.gov.au](http://www.cjc.nsw.gov.au)).

**Department of Environment and Conservation NSW**, Noise Policy Section web page ([www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise](http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise)).

**New South Wales Government Legislation** home page for access to all NSW legislation, including the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *Protection of the Environment Noise Control Regulation 2000* ([www.legislation.nsw.gov.au](http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au)).

**Australian Acoustical Society**—professional society of noise-related professionals ([www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php](http://www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php)).

**Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants**—professional society of noise related professionals ([www.aaac.org.au](http://www.aaac.org.au)).

**Department of Gaming and Racing** - ([www.dgr.nsw.gov.au](http://www.dgr.nsw.gov.au)).  
Standard Condition: 150

#### I.6 Maintenance of Premises

The premises being kept in a clean and hygienic condition at all times with the finish on all surfaces within the consulting rooms being made of materials that are impervious, durable and easily cleaned.

## **I.7 Cleaning, disinfection and sterilising of equipment**

The cleaning, disinfection and sterilising of equipment being undertaken in accordance with NSW Department of Health, Skin Penetration Code of Best Practice and Australian Standard, AS 4815.

## **I.8 Waste Disposal bins**

A waste disposal bin being provided in each consulting room at all times with the waste being appropriately bagged and disposed daily. No sharps or other clinical waste shall be disposed in the general waste stream.

## **J. Miscellaneous Conditions**

No relevant conditions.

## **K. Advisings**

### **K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent & Environmental laws**

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence**. Failure to comply with other environmental laws are also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- Issue notices and orders;
- Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

### **Warnings as to potential maximum penalties**

Maximum Penalties under NSW Environmental Laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

### **Warning as to enforcement and legal costs**

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order.

This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

**Note:** The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. You can obtain further information from the following web sites:

<http://www.theshopfront.org/documents/ConvictionsCriminalRecords.pdf> and the Attorney General's [www.agd.nsw.gov.au](http://www.agd.nsw.gov.au).

Standard Advising: K1

## K.2 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances

The PCA does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the PCA is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia. Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8 are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the *principal contractor's* or *owner builder's* supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The PCA does not undertake this role.

The NSW Office of Fair Trading have published a “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8. The guide can be obtained from the Office of Fair Trading by calling 13 32 20 or by Fax: 9619 8618 or by post to: Marketing Branch, PO Box 972, Parramatta NSW 2124.

The Guide can be down loaded from:

<http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/pdfs/corporate/publications/dft242.pdf>

Council, as the PCA or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the *principal contractor*, contractors and the owner.

Standard Condition: K6

## K.3 Workcover requirements

The Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 No 40 and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.

**Note:** Further information can be obtained from Workcover NSW's website:

<http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Industry/Construction/default.htm> or through their head office:

Location: Workcover NSW, 92-100 Donnison Street, GOSFORD 2250 Postal address: WorkCover NSW, Locked Bag 2906, LISAROW 2252, Phone (02) 4321 5000, Fax (02) 4325 4145.

Standard Condition: K7

## K.4 Appeal

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact:

**John Saszczak, Assessment Officer (02) 9391 7157**

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land & Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a Section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.

This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the Section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

Standard Condition: K14

**D10 DA112/2006 – 189 Edgecliff Road, Woollahra – Section 82A Review of Refusal – 9/11/2006**

**Note:** Ms L Johnson representing the owner and Ms K Jackson the owner, addressed the Panel.

(Bluett/Coker)

**Resolved: Pursuant to Section 82A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979**

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent to Development Application No. 112/2006 for change of use to medical consulting rooms, operating Monday to Friday from 9am to 6pm on land at 189 Edgecliff Road Woollahra, subject to the following conditions:

**1. Approval of the use subject to the following conditions:****A. General Conditions****A.1 Conditions**

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 80 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (“the *Act*”) and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (“the *Regulation*”) such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 79C of the Act.

Standard Condition: A1

**A.2 Definitions**

Unless specified otherwise words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act* 1987 as in force at the date of consent.

*Applicant* means the applicant for this Consent.

*Approved Plans* mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

*AS* or *AS/NZS* means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

*BCA* means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

*Council* means Woollahra Municipal Council

*Court* means the Land and Environment Court

*Local native plants* means species of native plant endemic to Sydney’s eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled “Local Native Plants for Sydney’s Eastern Suburbs published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

*Stormwater Drainage System* means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- g) The collection of stormwater,
- h) The retention of stormwater,
- i) The reuse of stormwater,
- j) The detention of stormwater,
- k) The controlled release of stormwater; and
- l) Connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

*Owner* means the owner of the *site* and successors in title to the *site*.

*Owner Builder* has the same meaning as in the *Home Building Act 1989*.

*PCA* means the *Principal Certifying Authority* under the *Act*.

*Principal Contractor* has the same meaning as in the *Act* or where a *principal contractor* has not been appointed by the *owner* of the land being developed *Principal Contractor* means the *owner* of the land being developed.

*Professional Engineer* has the same meaning as in the *BCA*.

*Public Place* has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*.

*Road* has the same mean as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

*SEE* means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the *Applicant*.

*Site* means the land being developed subject to this consent.

*WLEP 1995* means *Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995*

*Work* for the purposes of this consent means:

- k) the use of land in connection with development,
- l) the subdivision of land,
- m) the erection of a building,
- n) the carrying out of any work,
- o) the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- p) the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- q) the demolition of a building,
- r) the piling, piercing, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- s) the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- t) the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an *occupation certificate*.

**Note: Interpretation of Conditions** - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council.  
Standard Condition: A2

### A.3 Approved Plans and supporting documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the plans and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved DA Plans" **unless modified by any following condition**. Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
Entry level and lower entry level plans	Architectural Plans	Jones and Jones Pty Ltd	No date

**Note:** Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

**Note:** These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)  
Standard Condition: A5

### A.4 Prescribed Conditions

Prescribed conditions in force under the *Act* and *Regulation* must be complied with.

**Note:** It is the responsibility of those acting with the benefit of this consent to comply with all prescribed conditions under the *Act* and the *Regulation*. Free access can be obtained to all NSW legislation at [www.legislation.nsw.gov.au](http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au)  
Standard Condition: A30

### A.5 Removal of advertising signage

No consent is granted for the advertising signage. The unauthorised signage should be removed immediately from the site.

## B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction

### B.1 Construction Certificate required prior to any demolition

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 81A(2) of the *Act*. In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a PCA and Notice of Commencement under the *Act*.

**Note:** See *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.  
Standard Condition: B1

## C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate

No relevant conditions.

**D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work.**

No relevant conditions.

**E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work**

No relevant conditions.

**F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)**

**F.1 Change of building use of existing building requires occupation certificate (section 109N of the Act)**

A person must not effect a change of building use for the whole or any part of an existing building unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

Standard Condition: F2

**F.2 Fire Safety Schedule**

The Principal Certifying Authority shall submit to Council a fire safety schedule indicating fire safety measures to be installed within the building. The fire safety schedule shall be submitted with the notice of proposed commencement required by (s) 81A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 no later than 2 days prior the beginning of any work.

**F.3 Fire safety upgraded – Change of building use (cl. 93 of the Regulation)**

*Council* considers pursuant to clause 93 of the *Regulation* that it is appropriate to require the following essential fire safety measures to be installed in the building, to ensure that it is appropriate for its new use:

- Portable Fire Extinguishers and Fire Blankets in accordance with AS 2444 – 2001 E1.6.

The building must not be occupied or used until these essential fire safety measures are installed.

**F.4 Fire Safety Certificates**

In the case of a *final occupation certificate* to authorise a person:

- a. to commence occupation or use of a *new building*, or
- b. to commence a change of building use for an existing building,

a *certifying authority* must be satisfied that a final fire safety certificate has been issued for the building.

In the case of an *interim occupation certificate* to authorise a person:

- a. to commence occupation or use of a partially completed *new building*, or
- b. to commence a change of building use for part of an existing building,

a *certifying authority* must be satisfied that a final fire safety certificate or an interim fire safety certificate has been issued for the relevant part of the building.

**Note:** This condition does not apply to a class 1a or class 10 building within the meaning of clause 167 of the Regulation.

**Note:** In this condition:

*interim fire safety certificate* has the same meaning as it has in Part 9 of the Regulation.

*final fire safety certificate* has the same meaning as it has in Part 9 of the Regulation.

*new building* has the same meaning as it has in section 109H of the Act.

Standard Condition: F4

## **F.5 Trade Waste Agreement**

Prior to commencement of use a Trade Waste Collection Agreement shall be entered into with an appropriate operator. Evidence of the agreement must be provided to Council's Health Section, with a copy to Council's Works and Services Department.

## **F.6 Wash hand basins**

Wash hand basins being provided to each Treatment and Minor Procedures rooms with an adequate supply of potable water at a temperature of at least 40 degrees centigrade mixed from a hot and cold water supply. Soap and single use paper towels are required to be at the hand basin.

In order to comply with the requirements of this condition, it may be necessary for the applicant to lodge a separate development application.

## **F.7 Natural Ventilation**

All internal rooms not provided with natural ventilation, shall be provided with a mechanical ventilation system in accordance with the Building Code of Australia and AS 1668 Parts 1 & 2.

In order to comply with the requirements of this condition, it may be necessary for the applicant to lodge a separate development application.

## **G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Subdivision Certificate**

No relevant conditions.

## **H. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a final Occupation Certificate.**

No relevant conditions.

## **I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the premises**

### **I.1 Hours of use**

The hours of use are limited to the following:

- a. Monday to Friday: 9am – 6pm

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood.

**Note:** Deliveries to or dispatches from the site must not be made outside these hours. Trading Hours may be more onerous than these general hours of use. This condition does not apply to activities such as cleaning which takes place wholly within the building and which are not audible within any adjoining residential dwelling. If internal activities are audible within any adjoining residential dwelling such that they cause a nuisance to the occupiers of such dwelling than such internal activities must not occur outside these hours of use. This condition does not restrict the operation of noise pollution laws.  
Standard Condition: 11

## I.2 Use of premises

This approval allows for the use of the premises for rendering professional medical or health services to members of the public by not more than two health professionals at any one time.

## I.3 Annual Fire Safety Statements (Class 1b to 9c buildings inclusive)

Each year, the owner of a building to which an *essential fire safety measure* is applicable must provide an *annual fire safety statement* to Council and the Commissioner of the NSW Fire Brigades. The *annual fire safety statement* must be prominently displayed in the building.

**Note:** *Essential fire safety measure* has the same meaning as in clause 165 of the *Regulation*. *Annual fire safety statement* has the same meaning as in clause 175 of the *Regulation*. Part 9 Division 5 of the *Regulation* applies in addition to this condition at the date of this consent. Visit Council's web site for additional information in relation to fire safety [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).  
Standard Condition: 122

## I.4 Commercial Waste Management

All waste must be presented for collection in a receptacle. Waste receptacles must be presented no earlier than close of business on day before collection and removed from collection point an hour after open of business on day of collection. Receptacles are not to be stored in any public place at anytime. Waste and recycling receptacles must be stored at all times within the boundaries of the site.

**Note:** No waste will be collected by Council that isn't presented properly. The waste must be presented with lid closed to reduce littering.  
Standard Condition: 146

## I.5 Noise Control

The use of the premises must not give rise to the transmission of *offensive noise* to any place of different occupancy. *Offensive noise* is defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

**Note:** Council will generally enforce this condition in accordance with the *Noise Guide for Local Government* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm>) and the *Industrial Noise Guidelines* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/industrial.htm>) published by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Other state government authorities also regulate the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Useful links:**

**Community Justice Centres**—free mediation service provided by the NSW Government ([www.cjc.nsw.gov.au](http://www.cjc.nsw.gov.au)).

**Department of Environment and Conservation NSW**, Noise Policy Section web page ([www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise](http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise)).

**New South Wales Government Legislation** home page for access to all NSW legislation, including the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the Protection of the Environment Noise Control Regulation 2000 ([www.legislation.nsw.gov.au](http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au)).

**Australian Acoustical Society**—professional society of noise-related professionals ([www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php](http://www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php)).

**Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants**—professional society of noise related professionals ([www.aaac.org.au](http://www.aaac.org.au)).

**Department of Gaming and Racing** - ([www.dgr.nsw.gov.au](http://www.dgr.nsw.gov.au)).  
Standard Condition: 150

## **I.6 Maintenance of Premises**

The premises being kept in a clean and hygienic condition at all times with the finish on all surfaces within the consulting rooms being made of materials that are impervious, durable and easily cleaned.

## **I.7 Cleaning, disinfection and sterilising of equipment**

The cleaning, disinfection and sterilising of equipment being undertaken in accordance with NSW Department of Health, Skin Penetration Code of Best Practice and Australian Standard, AS 4815.

## **I.8 Hand basins**

The wash hand basins located within the consulting rooms being provided with an adequate supply of potable water at a temperature of at least 40 degrees centigrade mixed from a hot and cold water supply. Soap and single use paper towels are required to be at the hand basin.

## **I.9 Sharps bin**

A sharps bin being provided in each consulting room where disposable sharps are used and disposed of by an authorised waste disposal contractor.

## **I.10 Clinical waste**

All clinical waste arising from the premises being handled and disposed of in accordance with the Department of NSW Health Guidelines for Handling, Storage and Disposal of Clinical and related waste.

## **I.11 Waste Disposal bins**

A waste disposal bin being provided in each consulting room at all times with the waste being appropriately bagged and disposed daily. No sharps or other clinical waste shall be disposed in the general waste stream.

## **J. Miscellaneous Conditions**

No relevant conditions.

## **K. Advisings**

### **K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent & Environmental laws**

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence**. Failure to comply with other environmental laws are also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- Issue notices and orders;
- Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

#### **Warnings as to potential maximum penalties**

Maximum Penalties under NSW Environmental Laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

#### **Warning as to enforcement and legal costs**

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order.

This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

**Note:** The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of *the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. You can obtain further information from the following web sites:

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Standard Advising: K1

### **K.2 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances**

The PCA does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the PCA is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia. Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the "Guide to Standards and Tolerances©" ISBN 0 7347 6010 8 are achieved.

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Council, as the PCA or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the *principal contractor*, contractors and the owner.

Standard Condition: K6

### **K.3 Workcover requirements**

The *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 No 40* and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.

**Note:** Further information can be obtained from Workcover NSW’s website:

<http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Industry/Construction/default.htm> or through their head office:

Location: Workcover NSW, 92-100 Donnison Street, GOSFORD 2250 Postal address: WorkCover NSW, Locked Bag 2906, LISAROW 2252, Phone (02) 4321 5000, Fax (02) 4325 4145.

Standard Condition: K7

### **K.4 Class 9A**

Building has been registered requiring Fire Safety Certificate annually (Form 15A)

### **K.5 Appeal**

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact:

**Joseph La Posta, Senior Assessment Officer (02) 9391 7145**

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land & Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a Section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.

This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the Section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

Standard Condition: K14

- 2. The matter be referred to the Manager Compliance to determine, in accordance with Council's Enforcement Policy adopted by Council 16 April 2007, what enforcement action is appropriate.**

There being no further business the meeting concluded at 4.50pm.

*We certify that the pages numbered 1 to 65 inclusive are the Minutes of the Application Assessment Panel Meeting held on 7 August 2007 and confirmed by the Application Assessment Panel on 14 August 2007 as correct.*

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**Chairperson**

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**Secretary**