



# Ordinary Council Meeting

**Agenda:** *Ordinary Council Meeting*

**Date:** *Monday 10 September 2007*

**Time:** *8.00pm*

# Woollahra Municipal Council

## Notice of Meeting

6 September 2007

To: The Mayor, Councillor Keri Huxley  
Councillors     Anthony Boskovitz  
                      John Comino  
                      Claudia Cullen  
                      Christopher Dawson  
                      Marcus Ehrlich  
                      Tanya Excell  
                      Wilhelmina Gardner  
                      Julian Martin  
                      Andrew Petrie  
                      Geoff Rundle  
                      Isabelle Shapiro  
                      David Shoebridge  
                      Fiona Sinclair King  
                      John Walker

Dear Councillors

### **Council Meeting – 10 September 2007**

In accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993, I request your attendance at Council's **Ordinary Council Meeting** to be held in the **Council Chambers, 536 New South Head Road, Double Bay, on Monday 10 September 2007 at 8.00pm.**

Gary James  
General Manager

## Meeting Agenda

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## Leave of Absence

**Item No:** 1  
**From:** Councillor John Comino  
**Reason for Report:** Seeking leave of absence for all meetings of the Council and its Committees from Monday 10 September 2007 to Friday 14 September 2007 inclusive.

**Recommendation:**

That leave of absence for all meetings of the Council and its Committees be granted to Councillor John Comino for the period Monday 10 September 2007 to Friday 14 September 2007 , inclusive.

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## 9.1 Corporate & Works Committee

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### Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 3 September 2007 Submitted to the Council for Determination

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**Item No:** R1 Recommendation to Council  
**Subject** **Lease of Stratum of Part of Oswald Lane adjoining 14 New Beach Road, Darling Point**  
**Author:** Anthony Sheedy – Property Officer  
**File No:** 327.14  
**Reason for Report:** To recommend the affixing of Council’s Seal to the Subdivision Plan to enable its registration at the Land and Property Information Office, Sydney

**Recommendation:**

That, in accordance with S195D of the Conveyancing Act 1919, it is recommended that the Seal of Council be affixed to the Subdivision Plan relating to the lease approved 25 June 2007, to Gregory William Solomons and Andrew Peter Solomons of the stratum of land below the surface of the road portion adjoining 14 New Beach Road, Darling Point.

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## 9.2 Development Control Committee

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### Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 3 September 2007 Submitted to the Council for Determination

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**Item No:** R1 Recommendation to Council  
**Subject:** 17 Kambala Road, Bellevue Hill – Section 82A Review of Refusal – 4/8/2006  
**Author:** Jenny Askin – Consultant Planner  
**File No:** DA662/2005  
**Reason for Report:** The development application was refused by the Development Control Committee on 22 May 2006. Having regard to Council's delegations the Section 82A Review is submitted to Council for determination.

**Recommendation: Pursuant to Section 82A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979**

THAT Council, as the consent authority, having considered the application for review of its determination, resolve to maintain its refusal of development consent to Development Application No. 662/2005 for residential flat buildings 2 storey and 3 storeys high on land at 17 Kambala Road Bellevue Hill, for the following reasons:

1. The proposal is of excessive height, bulk and scale relative to existing surrounding development and the development potential (permissible development and desired future character) of surrounding land as viewed from the public domain and from the adjoining properties. In this regard, the proposal is inconsistent with the terms of Object 5(a) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and the initial 2 planning principles established in the Fodor Investments v Hornsby Shire Council Land & Environment Court case.
2. The proposal will result in a significant and unreasonable loss of amenity for adjoining properties in terms of solar access and privacy with particular concern raised to the loss of solar access for the properties at No. 11 and No. 15 Kambala Road during winter and the overlooking of 19 Kambala Rd. In this regard, the proposal is unsatisfactory with Object 5(a) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and the third planning principle established in the Fodor Investments v Hornsby Shire Council Land & Environment Court case.
3. The proposal does not comply with the Principles 1 to 4 set out in State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Flat Development as the proposal is unacceptable in terms of Context, Scale, Built Form and Density and the proposal is unsatisfactory against the considerations set out in Residential Flat Design Code in terms of Relating to the Local Context and Site Configuration.
4. The proposal will require an unacceptable level of excavation.
5. The proposal does not provide a sufficient rear setback.
6. The proposal will have an adverse impact on the streetscape of Kambala Rd, as it does not relate to the existing character of the surrounding built environment.

7. The proposal will visually overpower No's. 11, 15 and 19 Kambala Rd.
8. The proposal will have an adverse environmental effect on the use and enjoyment of the adjoining properties.
9. The proposal is not in the public interest.
10. The proposed vehicle access arrangement does not satisfy C 5.9.16 of the Woollahra RDCP as access to the car lift from the waiting bay would require excessive manoeuvring to enter the parking facility thereby encouraging vehicles to stand on the footpath/ roadway. The location of the waiting bay on the right side of the driveway entry is also in contravention to the Australian Road Rules and creates an additional conflict point for opposing traffic flows.

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**Item No:** R2 Recommendation to Council  
**Subject:** **Manion Avenue, Rose Bay – Upgrade of lighting facilities by erection of 4 new light poles & removal of current lighting – 11/5/2005**  
**Author:** Peter Kauter - Executive Planner  
**File No:** DA258/2005  
**Reason for Report:** Pursuant to Section 47E of the Local Government Act relating to development of community land the matter is referred to full Council for determination.

**Recommendation: Pursuant to Section 80(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979**

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent to Development Application No. 258/2005 for upgrade of lighting facilities by erection of 4 new light poles and removal of current lighting on land at Manion Avenue Rose Bay, subject to the following conditions:

**1. Approved Plans**

The development must be carried out in accordance with plans numbered JOB No. 014/03, dwg. No. 01C & 02C dated SEPT. 2003, drawn by Paul Henningham, all of which carry a Council stamp "**Approved DA Plans**" and the signature of a Council officer, except where amended by the following conditions.

**2. Luminous intensity**

The luminous intensity of the light fittings is not to exceed the maximum permissible pursuant to AS 4282 – 1997, *Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting*, as shown in table 2.2 *Maximum luminous intensity per luminaire for pre-curfew operating times*, for level 1 control, i.e. 7,500 candella (cd). This will require the angle of the light fittings to be adjusted accordingly. A qualified lighting expert is to provide written confirmation to Council that the lighting as installed satisfies this condition prior to the fields being used at night.

This condition is imposed with regard to the amenity of surrounding residential properties.

**3. Vertical illuminance**

Vertical illuminance is not to exceed the maximum permissible pursuant to AS 4282 – 1997, *Control of obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting*, as shown in table 2.1 *Recommended Maximum Values of Light Technical Parameters for the Control of Obtrusive Light*, i.e. 10 lux (lx). In particular the louvers to the light fittings on light poles 3 & 4 are to be designed accordingly. A qualified lighting expert is to provide written confirmation to Council that the lighting as installed satisfies this condition prior to the fields being used at night.

This condition is imposed with regard to the amenity of surrounding residential properties.

**4. Night time use of the playing fields**

The fields are to be used at night for training purposes only and shall not be used for night-time games, matches or competition.

This condition is imposed with regard to the safety of the users of the playing fields, the amenity of neighbouring residential properties and the public interest.

**5. Finish/Colour of poles and headframes**

The poles and the headframes are to have either a galvanised finish or be painted in a light colour. Details are to be provided with the Construction Certificate.

This condition is imposed with regard to the visual impact of the structures and the safety of the users of the playing fields.

**6. Times of use of lighting by the applicant**

The lighting is to be used by the applicant only between sunset and 9pm on Tuesdays and Thursdays during the months of February to September inclusive. The lights are to be connected to an automated timing device which switches them off at 9pm.

The lights are not to be used by persons or organisations other than the applicant before sunset or after 9pm Mondays to Fridays

This condition is imposed with regard to the amenity of surrounding residential properties.

**7. Storage of materials and plant**

Materials and plant must not be stored on the sports ground or adjacent public car park unless prior written approval has been obtained from council.

This condition has been imposed to safeguard council property and the public.

**8. Protection of services**

Prior to undertaking works, the location of all services (electricity, gas, water, sewer, drainage, etc.) must be ascertained. The applicant must meet all costs of any adjustment, relocation or reinstatement of any services.

## **9. Vehicular access**

Construction vehicle access across the sportsground is prohibited. All access is to be confined to the outside of the field.

This condition is imposed with regard to maintenance of the surface of the playing fields.

## **10. Requirement for a Construction Certificate**

In accordance with the provisions of Section 81A of *the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the erection of the building must not be commenced until:

- (a) detailed plans and specifications of the building have been endorsed with a Construction Certificate by:
  - (i) Council; or
  - (ii) an accredited certifier; and
- (b) a principal certifying authority (PCA) has been appointed and the Council has been notified in writing of the appointment, and
- (c) at least two days notice, in writing, has been given to Council of the intention to commence work.

## **11. Structural details**

Structural engineering details and design calculations, prepared and certified by a qualified practising Structural Engineer, must be submitted with Construction Certificate application, for all reinforced concrete work, structural steel work and other structural members.

This condition is imposed to ensure the structural integrity of the proposed building work.

## **12. Demolition, excavation and construction hours**

Demolition, excavation and construction work must not take place outside the hours of 7.00am to 5.30pm Monday to Friday and 7.00am to 1.00pm Saturday. No work and no deliveries are to take place on Sundays and public holidays. Noise from construction activities associated with the development must comply with the guidelines contained in the NSW EPA *Environmental Noise Control Manual* Chapter 171.

## **13. Building Inspections**

The Applicant, Owner and Builder, jointly and severally, must ensure that they call their Principal Certifying Authority ("the PCA") to carry out such critical phase building inspections required by the PCA, the PCA Service Agreement and that the PCA is satisfied with the level of compliance achieved before the Builder proceeds to the next phase of construction. Ample notice of required inspections must be given to the PCA in accordance with the PCA Service Agreement. The Applicant, Owner and Builder must comply with the PCA Service Agreement (Service Contract) and any lawful direction given by the Principal Certifying Authority.

**Note:** It is the responsibility of the PCA to ensure that critical phase building inspections are undertaken in accordance with a PCA Service Agreement and issue to the Applicant, Owner and Builder appropriate Notice under Section 109L of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 ("the Act") where any breach of this consent occurs. Failure of the PCA to issue such notice may result in Council taking action under Section 109V of the Act. Failure of the Applicant, Owner and Builder to comply with a PCA Service Agreement and comply with lawful directions of the PCA under this condition may result in Council issuing fines, notices, orders and commencing legal proceedings. Council will only enter into PCA Agreements with the Owner of the land being developed. Council, if appointed as the PCA, will report to the owner of the land being developed.

#### 14. Payment of Long Service Levy, Security, Development Levy and Fees (G.1)

The person(s) with the benefit of this consent must pay the following long service levy, security, development levy, and fees prior to the issue of any *construction certificate*, *subdivision certificate* or *occupation certificate*, as will apply.

The *certifying authority* must not issue any *Part 4A Certificate* until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees. Specifically

- a) prior to the issue of a *construction certificate*, where a construction certificate is required; or
- b) prior to the issue of a *subdivision certificate*, where only a subdivision certificate is required; or
- c) prior to the issue of an *occupation certificate* in any other instance.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code
<b>LONG SERVICE LEVY</b> under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986			
<b>Long Service Levy</b> (Currently 0.35% of contract value – subject to change. Contact LSL Corporation to confirm current rate)	Contact LSL Corporation	No	
<b>SECURITY</b> under section 80A(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
<b>Property Damage Security Deposit</b> - Making good any damage caused to any property of the <i>Council</i> as a consequence of the doing of anything to which the consent relates.	\$5,000 + Index Amount	Yes, yearly	T600
<b>DEVELOPMENT LEVY</b> under Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005 This plan may be inspected at Woollahra Council or downloaded from our website <a href="http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au">www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</a> .			
<b>INSPECTION FEES</b> under section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993			
Security Administration Fee	\$158	No	T16
<b>TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS, LEVIES AND FEES</b>	\$5,158 Plus any relevant indexed amounts and long service levy		

#### How must the payments be made?

Payments must be made by:

1. Cash deposit with Council,
2. Credit card payment with Council, or
3. Bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- a) the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- b) the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first;
- c) the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent; and
- d) the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

#### **How will a security and a section 94A levy be indexed?**

To ensure that the value of a security and development levy are not eroded over time by increases in costs, the security and proposed cost of carrying out development (from which the development levy is calculated) will be indexed either annually or quarterly (see table above). Clause 3.13 of the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005 sets out the formula and index to be used in adjusting the s.94A levy.

Do you need HELP indexing the security, bond or levy?

Please contact our customer service officers. Failure to correctly calculate the adjusted security, bond or development levy will delay the issue of any Part 4A Certificate and could void any Part 4A Certificate (construction certificate, subdivision certificate, or occupation certificate).

#### **Deferred periodic payment of section 94A levy under the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005**

Where the applicant makes a written request supported by reasons for payment of the section 94A levy other than as required by clause 3.9, the Council may accept deferred or periodic payment. The decision to accept a deferred or periodic payment is at the sole discretion of the Council, which will consider:

- a) the reasons given;
- b) whether any prejudice will be caused to the community deriving benefit from the public facilities;
- c) whether any prejudice will be caused to the efficacy and operation of this plan; and
- d) whether the provision of public facilities in accordance with the adopted works schedule will be adversely affected.

Council may, as a condition of accepting deferred or periodic payment, require the provision of a bank guarantee where:

- a) the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- b) the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first;
- c) the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent; and
- d) the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

Any deferred or outstanding component of the section 94A levy will be adjusted in accordance with clause 3.13 of the plan. The applicant will be required to pay any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank guarantee. Council will not cancel the bank guarantee until the outstanding contribution as indexed and any accrued charges are paid.

## **15. Standard for demolition**

All demolition work must be undertaken in accordance with the provisions of *Australian Standard AS2601-2001: The Demolition of Structures*.

## **16. Discovery of additional information during demolition or construction**

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination and remediation must be notified to Council and the accredited certifier immediately after discovery.

## **17. Compliance with Building Code of Australia**

- (a) All building work must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the *Building Code of Australia*.
- (b) This condition does not apply to the extent to which an exemption is in force under Clause 187 or 188, of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in Clause 187 (6) or 188 (4) of the Regulation.

## **18. Excavations and backfilling**

- (a) All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely and in accordance with appropriate professional standards.
- (b) All excavations associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be properly guarded and protected to prevent them from being dangerous to life or property.

## **19. Signs to be erected on building and demolition sites**

- (a) A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out:
  - (i) stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited; and
  - (ii) showing the name of the person in charge of the work site and a telephone number at which that person may be contacted outside working hours.
- (b) Any such sign must be removed when the work has been completed.
- (c) This clause does not apply to:
  - (i) building work carried out inside an existing building; or
  - (ii) building work carried out on premises that must be occupied continuously (both during and outside working hours) while the work is being carried out.

## **20. Toilet facilities**

- (a) Toilet facilities must be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.
- (b) Each toilet provided:
  - (a) must be a standard flushing toilet; and

- (b) must be connected:
- (i) to a public sewer; or
  - (ii) if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the Council; or
  - (iii) if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the Council.
- (c) The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this clause must be completed before any other work is commenced.
- (d) In this condition:

***accredited sewage management facility*** means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993 applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in Clause 95B of the Regulation.

***approved by the Council*** means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

***public sewer*** has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

***sewage management facility*** has the same meaning as it has in the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993.

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**Item No:** R3 Recommendation to Council

**Subject:** **27 Chamberlain Avenue, Rose Bay – Alterations & additions to the existing dwelling-house – 17/1/2007**

**Author:** Simon Taylor – Assessment Officer

**File No:** DA32/2007

**Reason for Report:** In accordance with Council’s meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council due to a substantive change of the Committee’s recommendation (approval) to the Site Inspection recommendation (defer and confer).

**Recommendation: Pursuant to Section 80(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979**

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent to Development Application No. 32/2007 for alterations and additions to the existing dwelling house on land at 27 Chamberlain Avenue Rose Bay, subject to the following conditions:

**A. General Conditions**

## A.1 Conditions

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 80 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (“the *Act*”) and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (“the *Regulation*”) such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 79C of the Act.

Standard Condition: A1

## A.2 Definitions

Unless specified otherwise words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act 1987* as in force at the date of consent.

*Applicant* means the applicant for this Consent.

*Approved Plans* mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

*AS* or *AS/NZS* means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

*BCA* means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

*Council* means Woollahra Municipal Council

*Court* means the Land and Environment Court

*Local native plants* means species of native plant endemic to Sydney’s eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled “Local Native Plants for Sydney’s Eastern Suburbs published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

*Stormwater Drainage System* means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- a. The collection of stormwater,
- b. The retention of stormwater,
- c. The reuse of stormwater,
- d. The detention of stormwater,
- e. The controlled release of stormwater; and
- f. Connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

*Owner* means the owner of the *site* and successors in title to the *site*.

*Owner Builder* has the same meaning as in the *Home Building Act 1989*.

*PCA* means the *Principal Certifying Authority* under the *Act*.

*Principal Contractor* has the same meaning as in the *Act* or where a *principal contractor* has not been appointed by the *owner* of the land being developed *Principal Contractor* means the *owner* of the land being developed.

*Professional Engineer* has the same meaning as in the *BCA*.

*Public Place* has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*.

*Road* has the same mean as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

*SEE* means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the *Applicant*.

*Site* means the land being developed subject to this consent.

*WLEP 1995* means *Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995*

*Work* for the purposes of this consent means:

- a. the use of land in connection with development,
- b. the subdivision of land,
- c. the erection of a building,
- d. the carrying out of any work,
- e. the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- f. the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- g. the demolition of a building,
- h. the piling, piling, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- i. the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- j. the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an *occupation certificate*.

**Note: Interpretation of Conditions** - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council.  
Standard Condition: A2

### A.3 Approved Plans and supporting documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the plans and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved DA Plans" unless modified by any following condition. Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
DA07A, DA08A, DA09A, DA12A, DA13A	Architectural Plans	Architecture Artelier Australia	2 January 2007
104768S	BASIX Certificate	Department of Planning	17 June 2007

**Note:** Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

**Note:** These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)  
Standard Condition: A5

#### **A.4 Tree Management Details**

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation* must, show the following information;

- a. trees to be numbered in accordance with these conditions,
- b. shaded green where required to be protected and retained,
- c. shaded yellow where required to be transplanted,
- d. shaded blue where required to be pruned,
- e. shaded red where authorised to be removed and,
- f. references to applicable tree management plan, arborists report, transplant method statement or bush regeneration management plan.

Standard Condition: C30

#### **B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction**

##### **B.1 Construction Certificate required prior to any demolition**

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 81A(2) of the Act. In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a PCA and Notice of Commencement under the Act.

**Note:** See *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.  
Standard Condition: B1

#### **C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate**

##### **C.1 Modification of details of the development (s80A(1)(g) of the Act)**

The approved plans must be amended and the Construction Certificate plans and specification, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail: -

- the RL of the proposed dwelling (including roof overhangs, eaves upturns) to not exceed 69.27
- the existing timber decking between the rear boundary and swimming pool is to be replaced with a deep soil landscaped strip and planted with 2 x *Elaeocarpus reticulatus*' (Blueberry Ash). A revised landscape plan is to reflect this requirement
- the roof overhangs projecting beyond the trafficable area of the rear and front terraces is to be deleted

**Note:** The effect of this condition is that it requires design changes and/or further information to be provided with the Construction Certificate drawings and specifications to address specific issues identified during assessment under section 79C of the Act.

**Note:** Clause 146 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any Construction Certificate subject to this condition unless the Certifying Authority is satisfied that the condition has been complied with.

**Note:** Clause 145 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any Construction Certificate that is inconsistent with this consent.  
Standard Condition: C4

## C.2 Payment of Long Service Levy, Security, Development Levy and Fees

The certifying authority must not issue any Part 4A Certificate until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees prior to the issue of a construction certificate.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code
<b>LONG SERVICE LEVY</b> under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986			
<b>Long Service Levy</b> <a href="http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm">http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm</a>	Contact LSL Corporation	No	
<b>SECURITY</b> under section 80A(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
<b>Property Damage Security Deposit</b> - making good damage caused to any property of the <i>Council</i> as a consequence of the doing of anything to which the consent relates	\$15,200	No	T600
<b>DEVELOPMENT LEVY</b> under Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005 This plan may be inspected at Woollahra Council or downloaded from our website <a href="http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au">www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</a> .			
Development Levy	\$6,600 + Index Amount	Yes, quarterly	T94
<b>INSPECTION FEES</b> under section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993			
Security Administration Fee	\$163	No	T16
<b>TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS, LEVIES AND FEES</b>	\$21,963 plus any relevant indexed amounts and long service levy		

### How must the payments be made?

Payments must be made by:

1. Cash deposit with Council,
2. Credit card payment with Council, or
3. Bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- a) the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- b) the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first;
- c) the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent; and
- d) the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

### How will the section 94A levy be indexed?

To ensure that the value of the development levy is not eroded over time by increases in costs, the proposed cost of carrying out development (from which the development levy is calculated) will be indexed either annually or quarterly (see table above). Clause 3.13 of the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005 sets out the formula and index to be used in adjusting the s.94A levy.

### Do you need HELP indexing the levy?

Please contact our customer service officers. Failure to correctly calculate the development levy will delay the issue of any Part 4A Certificate and could void any Part 4A Certificate (construction certificate, subdivision certificate, or occupation certificate).

### **Deferred periodic payment of section 94A levy under the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005**

Where the applicant makes a written request supported by reasons for payment of the section 94A levy other than as required by clause 3.9, the Council may accept deferred or periodic payment. The decision to accept a deferred or periodic payment is at the sole discretion of the Council, which will consider:

- a) the reasons given;
- b) whether any prejudice will be caused to the community deriving benefit from the public facilities;
- c) whether any prejudice will be caused to the efficacy and operation of this plan; and
- d) whether the provision of public facilities in accordance with the adopted works schedule will be adversely affected.

Council may, as a condition of accepting deferred or periodic payment, require the provision of a bank guarantee where:

- a) the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- b) the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first;
- c) the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent; and
- d) the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

Any deferred or outstanding component of the section 94A levy will be adjusted in accordance with clause 3.13 of the plan. The applicant will be required to pay any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank guarantee. Council will not cancel the bank guarantee until the outstanding contribution as indexed and any accrued charges are paid.

### **C.3 BASIX commitments**

The applicant must submit to the Certifying Authority BASIX Certificate No. 104768S with any application for a Construction Certificate.

**Note:** Where there is any proposed change in the BASIX commitments the applicant must submit of a new *BASIX Certificate* to the *Certifying Authority* and Council. If any proposed change in the BASIX commitments are inconsistent with development consent (See: Clauses 145 and 146 of the *Regulation*) the applicant will be required to submit an amended development application to *Council* pursuant to section 96 of the Act.

All commitments in the *BASIX Certificate* must be shown on the *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** Clause 145(1)(a1) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000* provides: "A certifying authority must not issue a construction certificate for building work unless it is satisfied of the following matters: (a1) that the plans and specifications for the building include such matters as each relevant BASIX certificate requires,"  
Standard Condition: C7

### **C.4 Structural Adequacy of Existing Supporting Structures**

A certificate from a *professional engineer* (Structural Engineer), certifying the adequacy of the existing supporting structure to support the additional loads proposed to be imposed by the development, must be submitted with the *Construction Certificate* application.

**Note:** This condition is imposed to ensure that the existing structure structural is able to support the additional loads proposed.  
Standard Condition: C35

## C.5 Professional Engineering Details

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must include detailed *professional engineering* plans and/or specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydro-geological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, the statement of environmental effects and supporting documentation.

Detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications must be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* with the application for any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** This does not affect the right of the developer to seek staged Construction Certificates  
Standard Condition: C36

## C.6 Stormwater discharge to existing *Stormwater Drainage System* (Clause 25(2) WLEP 1995)

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must detail:

- a. the location of the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* including all pipes, inspection openings, surface drains, pits and their discharge location,
- b. the state of repair of the existing *Stormwater Drainage System*,
- c. any remedial works required to upgrade the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* to comply with the BCA,
- d. any remedial works required to upgrade the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* crossing the footpath and any new kerb outlets,
- e. any new *Stormwater Drainage System* complying with the BCA,
- f. interceptor drain(s) at the site boundary to prevent stormwater flows from the site crossing the footpath,
- g. any rainwater tank required by BASIX commitments including their overflow connection to the *Stormwater Drainage System*, and
- h. general compliance with the Council's draft Development Control Plan Stormwater Drainage Management (draft version 1, public exhibition copy dated 23 August 2004)

Where any new *Stormwater Drainage System* crosses the footpath area within any road, separate approval under section 138 of the *Roads Act* 1993 must be obtained from Council for those works prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

All *Stormwater Drainage System* work within any road or public place must comply with Woollahra Municipal Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated January 2003.

**Note:** Clause F1.1 of Volume 1 and Part 3.1.2 of Volume 2 of the BCA provide that stormwater drainage complying with AS/NZS 3500.3 Plumbing and drainage - Part 3: Stormwater drainage is deemed-to-satisfy the BCA. Council's specifications apply in relation to any works with any road or public place.

**Note:** Stormwater Drainage Systems must not discharge to any Sewer System. It is illegal to connect stormwater pipes and drains to the sewerage system as this can overload the system and cause sewage overflows. See:

<http://www.sydneywater.com.au/Publications/Factsheets/SewerfixLookingAfterYourSewerPipes.pdf>

**Note:** Woollahra Municipal Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated January 2003 and Council's draft Development Control Plan Stormwater Drainage Management (draft version 1, public exhibition copy dated 23 August 2004) can be downloaded from Council's website: [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au)  
Standard Condition: C49

**D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work**

**D.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989**

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a. that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b. in the case of residential building work for which *the Home Building Act 1989* requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a. to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4), or
- b. to the erection of a temporary building.

In this condition, a reference to the *BCA* is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

**Note:** This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia.  
Standard Condition: D1

**D.2 Notification of Home Building Act 1989 requirements**

- a. For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the requirements of this condition are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989.
- b. Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the following information:
  - i. in the case of work for which a *principal contractor* is required to be appointed:
    - the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
    - the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that Act,
  - ii. in the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:
    - the name of the owner-builder, and
    - if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that Act, the number of the owner-builder permit.

- c. If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under subclause (2) becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the updated information.
- d. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the Act, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws.  
Standard Condition: D17

## **E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work**

### **E.1 Tree Preservation**

All persons must comply with Council's *Tree Preservation Order* ("the TPO"), other than where varied by this consent. The order applies to any tree, with a height greater than 5 metres or a diameter spread of branches greater than 3 metres, is subject to Council's Tree Preservation Order unless, exempted by specific provisions. Works to be carried out within a 5 metre radius of any tree, subject to the Tree Preservation Order, require the prior written consent of Council.

#### **General Protection Requirements:**

- a. There must be no excavation or *work* within the required Tree Protection Zone(s). The Tree Protection Zone(s) must be maintained during all *development work*.
- b. Where excavation encounters tree roots with a diameter exceeding 40mm excavation must cease. The *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree roots exposed by a qualified arborist. Excavation must only recommence with the implementation of the recommendations of the qualified arborist or where specific instructions are given by Council's Tree Management Officer in strict accordance with such Council instructions.
- c. Where there is damage to any part of a tree the *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree by a qualified arborist immediately. The *principal contractor* must immediately implement treatment as directed by the qualified arborist or where specific instructions are given by Council's Tree Management Officer in strict accordance with such Council instructions.

**Note:** Trees must be pruned in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4373 – 2007 "Pruning of Amenity Trees" and Workcover NSW Code of Practice Amenity Tree Industry 1998.  
Standard Condition: E8

### **E.2 Tree Preservation & Approved Landscaping Works**

All landscape works must be undertaken in accordance with the approved landscape plan, arborist report, tree management plan and transplant method statement as applicable.

The following trees must be retained: -

Council Ref No	Species	Location	Dimension (Metres)
1	<i>Melaleuca quinquenervia</i> Broad-leafed Paperbark	Rear yard northern boundary	8 (h) x 4 (w)
2	<i>Phoenix canariensis</i> Canary Island Date Palm		4 (h) x 5 (w)
3	<i>Melaleuca quinquenervia</i>		6 (h) x 4 (w)
5	Broad-leafed Paperbark	Rear yard south-eastern corner	13 (h) x 7 (w)

The following trees may be removed: -

Council Ref No	Species	Location	Dimension (Metres)
4	<i>Cupressus spp</i> (Cypress Pine)	Rear yard east boundary	12 (h) x 8 (w)

**Note:** The tree trees that may be removed should appear coloured red on the construction certificate plans.

**Note:** The tree trees required to be pruned should appear coloured blue on the construction certificate plans.

**Note:** Water Restrictions take precedence over this condition.

**Note:** Having regard to water restrictions manual hosing may be necessary.  
Standard Condition: E9

### **E.3 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989**

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a. that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b. in the case of residential building work for which the Home Building Act 1989 requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a. to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4) of the Regulation, or
- b. to the erection of a temporary building.

In this clause, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

Standard Condition: E1

#### E.4 Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition

Demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601—1991: The Demolition of Structures, published by Standards Australia, and as in force at 1 July 1993. Standard Condition: E2

#### E.5 Critical Stage Inspections

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* as required by the PCA, any PCA service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*.

Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the PCA is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*. *critical stage inspections* means the inspections prescribed by the *Regulations* for the purposes of section 109E(3)(d) of the *Act* or as required by the PCA and any PCA Service Agreement.

**Note:** The PCA may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the PCA be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.

**Note:** The PCA may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of *Compliance Certificates*, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA in relation to any matter relevant to the development.  
Standard Condition: E5

#### E.6 Hours of Work –Amenity of the neighbourhood

- a. No *work* must take place on any Sunday or public holiday,
- b. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday,
- c. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday, and
- d. No piling, piling, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of land or loading of material to or from trucks must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday.
- e. No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

**Note:** The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.

**Note:** Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.

**Note:** The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RTA and Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.

**Note:** Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2000*.

**Note:** EPA Guidelines can be down loaded from <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm> .

**Note:** See [http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci\\_build\\_sheet7.pdf](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci_build_sheet7.pdf)  
Standard Condition: E6

## **F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)**

### **F.1 Occupation Certificate (section 109M of the Act)**

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 109H (4) of the *Act*) unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

**Note:** New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.  
Standard Condition: F1

### **F.2 Letter Box(es)**

All letter boxes must be constructed and located in accordance with AS/NZS 4253:1994 Mailboxes and to Australia Post's satisfaction.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that mail can be delivered to occupiers of the site.  
Standard Condition: F12

### **F.3 Amenity Landscaping**

The *owner* or *principal contractor* must install all approved amenity landscaping (screen planting, soil stabilisation planting, etc.) prior to any occupation or use of the site.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that the environmental impacts of the development are mitigated by approved landscaping prior to any occupation of the development.  
Standard Condition: F6

## **G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Subdivision Certificate**

Nil.

## **H. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate (s109C(1)(c))**

### **H.1 Landscaping**

All landscape work including all planting must be completed by the *principal contractor* or *owner* in compliance with the approved landscape plan, arborist report, transplant method statement and tree management plan. The *principal contractor* or *owner* must provide to PCA a works-as-executed landscape plan and certification from a qualified landscape architect/designer, horticulturist and/or arborist as applicable to the effect that the works as completed comply with this consent.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that all Landscaping work is completed prior to the issue of the *Final Occupation Certificate*.  
Standard Condition: H9

## **H.2 Fulfillment of BASIX commitments – Clause 154B of the Regulation**

All BASIX commitments must be effected in accordance with the BASIX Certificate No. 104768S.

**Note:** Clause 154B(2) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000 provides: "A *certifying authority* must not issue a final occupation certificate for a BASIX affected building to which this clause applies unless it is satisfied that each of the commitments whose fulfilment it is required to monitor has been fulfilled."

Standard Condition: H7

### **I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the development**

#### **I.1 Maintenance of Landscaping**

All landscaping must be maintained in general accordance with this consent.

This condition does not prohibit the planting of additional trees or shrubs subject that they are native species endemic to the immediate locality.

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that the landscaping design intent is not eroded over time by the removal of landscaping or inappropriate exotic planting.

**Note:** This condition also acknowledges that development consent is not required to plant vegetation and that over time additional vegetation may be planted to replace vegetation or enhance the amenity of the locality. Owners should have regard to the amenity impact of trees upon the site and neighbouring land. Further, drought proof vegetation being native species endemic to the immediate locality is encouraged. Suggested native species endemic to the immediate locality are listed in the Brochure Titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs" published by Woollahra, Waverley, Randwick and Botany Bay Councils.

Standard Condition: I8

#### **I.2 Maintenance of BASIX commitments**

All BASIX commitments must be maintained in accordance with the BASIX Certificate No. 104768S.

**Note:** This condition affects successors in title with the intent that environmental sustainability measures must be maintained for the life of development under this consent.

Standard Condition: I7

### **J. Miscellaneous Conditions**

Nil.

### **K. Advisings**

#### **K.1 Pruning or Removing a Tree Growing on Private Property**

Woollahra Municipal Council's *Tree Preservation Order* 2006 (TPO) may require that an application be made to Council prior to pruning or removing any tree. The aim is to secure the amenity of trees and preserve the existing landscape within our urban environment.

Before you prune or remove a tree, make sure you read all relevant conditions. You can obtain a copy of the TPO from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) or you may contact Council on 9391-7000 for further advice.

Standard Condition: K19

## **K.2 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent & Environmental laws**

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence**. Failure to comply with other environmental laws are also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- Issue notices and orders;
- Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

### **Warnings as to potential maximum penalties**

Maximum Penalties under NSW Environmental Laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

### **Warning as to enforcement and legal costs**

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order.

This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

**Note:** The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of *the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. You can obtain further information from the following web sites:

<http://www.theshopfront.org/documents/ConvictionsCriminalRecords.pdf> and the Attorney General's [www.agd.nsw.gov.au](http://www.agd.nsw.gov.au).

Standard Advising: K1

## **K.3 Builders Licences and Owner Builders Permits**

Section 81A of the *Act* requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appointed a *principal contractor* for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

Further information can be obtained from the NSW Office of Fair Trading website about how you obtain an owner builders permit or find a principal contractor (builder):

<http://www.dft.nsw.gov.au/building.html> .

**The Owner(s) must appoint the PCA.** The PCA must check that Home Building Act insurance is in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (Builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 for the residential building work.

Standard Condition: K5

#### **K.4 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances**

The PCA does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the PCA is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia. Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8 are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the *principal contractor’s* or *owner builder’s* supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The PCA does not undertake this role.

The NSW Office of Fair Trading have published a “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8. The guide can be obtained from the Office of Fair Trading by calling 13 32 20 or by Fax: 9619 8618 or by post to: Marketing Branch, PO Box 972, Parramatta NSW 2124.

The Guide can be down loaded from:

<http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/pdfs/corporate/publications/dft242.pdf>

Council, as the PCA or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the *principal contractor*, contractors and the owner.

Standard Condition: K6

#### **K.5 Appeal**

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact Simon Taylor on (02) 9391 7162.

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land & Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a Section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.

This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the Section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

Standard Condition: K14

#### **K.6 Release of Security**

An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 80A of the *Act*.

The securities will not be released until a *Final Occupation Certificate* has lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council’s requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council’s requirements.

Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council’s satisfaction as the case may be.

Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed.

Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the Bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.

**Note:** The Application for Refund of Security form can be downloaded from  
<http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/pdf/Forms/Planning/RefundofSecurity.pdf>  
Standard Condition: K15

## **K.7 Recycling of Demolition and Building Material**

It is estimated that building waste, including disposable materials, resulting from demolition, excavation, construction and renovation, accounts for almost 70% of landfill. Such waste is also a problem in the generation of dust and the pollution of stormwater. Council encourages the recycling of demolition and building materials.

Standard Condition: K17

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**Item No:** R4 Recommendation to Council  
**Subject:** **51 John Street, Woollahra – Substantial alterations & additions to dwelling (new dwelling) including new rear wing with basement level – 6/9/2006**  
**Author:** Joeseph La Posta – Senior Assessment Officer  
**File No:** DA571/2006  
**Reason for Report:** In accordance with Council's meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council due to a substantive change of the Committee's recommendation (refusal) to the Officer's recommendation (approval).

### **Recommendation:**

THAT Council, as the consent authority, refuse development consent to Development Application No. 571/2006 on land at 51 John Street, Woollahra for substantial alterations & additions to dwelling (new dwelling) including new rear wing with basement level, for the following reasons:

#### **1. Bulk and Scale**

The proposed development has an excessive bulk and scale, which results in adverse amenity impacts on the neighbouring properties including a sense of enclosure, adverse streetscape outcomes and adverse impacts on the heritage values of the significant item. The proposed development is inconsistent with the following provisions of the Woollahra Heritage Conservation Area Development Control Plan 2003 (WHCA DCP 2003): O1 and C1 of 3.2.1; O3 and C7, C8, C9 of 3.2.3; O1 and O9 of 3.4.3 and C7 of 3.4.4.

#### **2. Excessive Excavation**

The proposed excavation is excessive and is inconsistent with the requirements of C9 of 3.4.3 of the WHCA DCP 2003.

### 3. Adverse amenity impacts

The proposed development will adversely affect the amenity of the neighbouring properties by virtue of overlooking and overshadowing. The proposed development is inconsistent with the following provisions of the WHCA DCP 2003: O9 of 3.4.3; O1, O2, and C9 and C12 of 3.4.12.

### 4. Impact on the significant item

The proposed development will dominate the original cottage and adversely affect its heritage value. The proposed development is inconsistent with the following requirements of the WHCA DCP 2003: C1 of 3.2.1; O1, O3 and C1, C7, C8, C9 of 3.2.3; O1 of 3.4.3.

### 5. Streetscape

The proposed development will adversely affect the streetscape of Bowden and John Street. The proposed development is inconsistent with the following requirements of the WHCA DCP 2003: O3 and C7, C8 and C9 of 3.2.3.

### 6. Public Interest

The proposal is not in the public interest.

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**Item No:** R5 Recommendation to Council  
**Subject:** **92 Sutherland Street, Paddington – Alterations & additions to dwelling & new plunge pool – 21/2/2007**  
**Author:** Thomass Wong – Senior Assessment Officer  
**File No:** DA93/2007  
**Reason for Report:** In accordance with Council’s meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council by Councillor Gardiner due to concerns over the pool and a build up of the rear yard area.

### **Recommendation: Pursuant to Section 80(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979**

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent to Development Application No. 93/2007 for alterations and additions to dwelling and new garage and plunge pool on land at 92 Sutherland Street, Paddington, subject to the following conditions:

#### **A. General Conditions**

##### **A.1 Conditions**

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 80 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (“the *Act*”) and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (“the *Regulation*”) such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 79C of the Act.

Standard Condition: A1

## A.2 Definitions

Unless specified otherwise words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act 1987* as in force at the date of consent.

*Applicant* means the applicant for this Consent.

*Approved Plans* mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

*AS* or *AS/NZS* means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

*BCA* means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

*Council* means Woollahra Municipal Council

*Court* means the Land and Environment Court

*Local native plants* means species of native plant endemic to Sydney's eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

*Stormwater Drainage System* means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- a. The collection of stormwater,
- b. The retention of stormwater,
- c. The reuse of stormwater,
- d. The detention of stormwater,
- e. The controlled release of stormwater; and
- f. Connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

*Owner* means the owner of the *site* and successors in title to the *site*.

*Owner Builder* has the same meaning as in the *Home Building Act 1989*.

*PCA* means the *Principal Certifying Authority* under the *Act*.

*Principal Contractor* has the same meaning as in the *Act* or where a *principal contractor* has not been appointed by the *owner* of the land being developed *Principal Contractor* means the *owner* of the land being developed.

*Professional Engineer* has the same meaning as in the *BCA*.

*Public Place* has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*.

*Road* has the same mean as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

*SEE* means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the *Applicant*.

*Site* means the land being developed subject to this consent.

*WLEP 1995* means *Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995*

*Work* for the purposes of this consent means:

- a. the use of land in connection with development,
- b. the subdivision of land,
- c. the erection of a building,
- d. the carrying out of any work,
- e. the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- f. the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- g. the demolition of a building,
- h. the piling, piling, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- i. the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- j. the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an *occupation certificate*.

**Note: Interpretation of Conditions** - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council.

Standard Condition: A2

### A.3 Approved Plans and supporting documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the plans and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved DA Plans" **unless modified by any following condition**. Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
DA-07 to DA-13, DA14A and DA15 inclusive	Architectural Plans	Genevieve Lilley Architects	20 Feb 2007
07049 – GK – 1	Geotechnical Report	Keighran Geotechnics	16 May 2007
SY07.0162 C1.0	Stormwater Management Plan	Acor Consultants	April 2007
SY07.0162 C2.0	Soil Sediment & Erosion Control Plan	Acor Consultants	April 2007
DA-08	Landscape Diagram	Genevieve Lilley Architects	20 Feb 2007

**Note:** Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

**Note:** These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)

Standard Condition: A5

### B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction

## **B.1 Construction Certificate required prior to any demolition**

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 81A(2) of the Act. In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a PCA and Notice of Commencement under the Act.

**Note:** See *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.  
Standard Condition: B1

## **C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate**

### **C.1 Modification of details of the development (s80A(1)(g) of the Act)**

The *approved plans* must be amended and the *Construction Certificate* plans and specification, required to be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail:

- a. The roof terrace above the garage and the associated stairs to the rear private open space of the dwelling are to be deleted from the proposal. The structure is to be treated in such a manner that renders the roof area non-trafficable.
- b. The privacy screen along the western boundary with No. 90 Sutherland Street is to be deleted from the proposal and the existing wall along the western boundary is to be retained at the existing height.
- c. That part of the finished ground level (rear garden) proposed to be increased is to have a finished level of RL24.40 and the base level of the swimming pool is to be lowered ranging from RL23.40 to RL22.9. The area of the garden replacing the existing planter bed at RL25.0 will become trafficable but will be used to step down towards the new garden level RL24.40..
- d. A privacy screen to a height of RL26.80 is to be provided between the rear building line and the swimming pool fence along the western boundary of the site.
- e. The proposed balustrade to the north-western corner is to be of an open style.
- f. The timber windows to the front elevation at first floor level are to be deleted from the proposal.
- g. The side pillar to the garage adjoining the eastern boundary with No. 94A Sutherland Street is to be increased to a maximum width of 470mm.
- h. The proposed rainwater tank is to have a minimum setback of 0.5 metres from the eastern side boundary.

**Note:** The effect of this condition is that it requires design changes and/or further information to be provided with the *Construction Certificate* drawings and specifications to address specific issues identified during assessment under section 79C of the *Act*.

**Note:** Clause 146 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any *Construction Certificate* subject to this condition unless the *Certifying Authority* is satisfied that the condition has been complied with.

**Note:** Clause 145 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any *Construction Certificate* that is inconsistent with this consent.  
Standard Condition: C4

## C.2 Payment of Security, Levies and Fees (S80A(6) & S94 of the Act, Section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993)

The person(s) with the benefit of this consent must pay the following long service levy, security, development levy, and fees prior to the issue of any *construction certificate*, *subdivision certificate* or *occupation certificate*, as will apply.

The *certifying authority* must not issue any *Part 4A Certificate* until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees. Specifically

- a. prior to the issue of a *construction certificate*, where a construction certificate is required; or
- b. prior to the issue of a *subdivision certificate*, where only a subdivision certificate is required; or
- c. prior to the issue of an *occupation certificate* in any other instance.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code
<b>LONG SERVICE LEVY</b> under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986			
<b>Long Service Levy</b> Use Calculator: <a href="http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm">http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm</a>	Contact LSL Corporation or use their online calculator	No	
<b>SECURITY</b> under section 80A(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
<b>Property Damage Security Deposit -</b> Making good any damage caused to any property of the <i>Council</i> as a consequence of the doing of anything to which the consent relates.	\$4,000	No	T600
<b>DEVELOPMENT LEVY</b> under Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005 This plan may be inspected at Woollahra Council or downloaded from our website <a href="http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au">www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</a> .			
Development Levy	Nil	Yes, quarterly	T94
<b>INSPECTION FEES</b> under section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993			
Security Administration Fee	\$163	No	T16
<b>TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS, LEVIES AND FEES</b>	<b>\$4,163.00</b> <b>Plus any relevant indexed amounts and long service levy</b>		

### Building & Construction Industry Long Service Payment

The Long Service Levy under Section 34 of the *Building & Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act*, 1986, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the *Certifying Authority* prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** The Levy can be paid directly to the Long Services Payments Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Payments Corporation's website <http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/> or by telephoning the Long Service Payments Corporation on 13 14 41.

**How must the payments be made?**

Payments must be made by:

- a. Cash deposit with Council,
- b. Credit card payment with Council, or
- c. Bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- a. the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
  - b. the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first;
  - c. the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent; and
  - d. the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.
- Standard Condition: C5

**C.3 Road and Public Domain Works – Council approval required**

This development consent does NOT give approval to works or structures over, on or under public roads or footpaths excluding minor works subject to separate Road Opening Permit.

Detailed plans and specifications of all works (including but not limited to structures, road works, driveway crossings, footpaths and stormwater drainage) within existing roads, must be submitted to and approved by *Council* under the *Roads Act 1993*, before the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

Specific works include:

- a. Full width vehicular crossings having a width of 4 metres in accordance with Council's standard drawing RF2.

Access levels and grades to and within the development must match access levels and grades within the road approved under the *Roads Act 1993*.

All public domain works must comply with Council's "*Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works*" dated January 2003 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions. This specification can be downloaded from [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).

**Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.

**Note:** *Road* has the same meaning as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

**Note:** The intent of this condition is that the design of the road, footpaths, driveway crossings and public stormwater drainage works must be detailed and approved prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*. Changes in levels may arise from the detailed design of buildings, road, footpath, driveway crossing grades and stormwater. Changes required under *Road Act 1993* approvals may necessitate design and levels changes under this consent. This may in turn require the applicant to seek to amend this consent.

Standard Condition: C13

#### C.4 Soil and Water Management Plan – Submission & Approval

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the *Certifying Authority* a soil and water management plan complying with:

- a. “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- b. “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition” (*The Blue Book*).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence. The *Certifying Authority* must be satisfied that the soil and water management plan complies with the publications above prior to issuing any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to eliminate potential water pollution and dust nuisance.

**Note:** The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia <http://www.austieca.com.au/> lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where erosion and sedimentation plans are required for larger projects it is recommended that expert consultants produce these plans.

**Note:** The “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” publications can be down loaded free of charge from <http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/> .

**Note:** Pursuant to clause 161(1)(a)(5) of the *Regulation* an *Accredited Certifier* may satisfied as to this matter.  
Standard Condition: C25

#### C.5 Structural Adequacy of Existing Supporting Structures

A certificate from a *professional engineer* (Structural Engineer), certifying the adequacy of the existing supporting structure to support the additional loads proposed to be imposed by the development, must be submitted with the *Construction Certificate* application.

**Note:** This condition is imposed to ensure that the existing structure structural is able to support the additional loads proposed.  
Standard Condition: C35

#### C.6 Professional Engineering Details

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include detailed *professional engineering* plans and/or specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydro-geological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, the statement of environmental effects and supporting documentation.

Detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications must be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* with the application for any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** This does not affect the right of the developer to seek staged *Construction Certificates*  
Standard Condition: C36

## C.7 Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Design, Certification & Monitoring

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specification required to be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must be accompanied by a *Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program* together with civil and structural engineering details for foundation retaining walls, footings, basement tanking, and subsoil drainage systems, as applicable, prepared by a *professional engineer*, who is suitably qualified and experienced in geotechnical and hydrogeological engineering. These details must be certified by the *professional engineer* to:

- a. Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no ground settlement or movement, during excavation or after construction, sufficient to cause an adverse impact on adjoining property or public infrastructure.
- b. Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no adverse impact on surrounding property or infrastructure as a result of changes in local hydrogeology (behaviour of groundwater).
- c. Provide foundation tanking prior to excavation such that any temporary changes to the groundwater level, during construction, will be kept within the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations. Where the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations is unknown, the design must demonstrate that changes in the level of the natural water table, due to construction, will not exceed 0.3m at any time.
- d. Provide tanking of all below ground structures to prevent the entry of all ground water such that they are fully tanked and no on-going dewatering of the site is required.

Standard Condition: C40

## C.8 Bicycle, Car and Commercial Parking Details

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include detailed plans and specifications for all bicycle, car and commercial vehicle parking in compliance with AS2890.3:1993 *Parking Facilities - Bicycle Parking Facilities*, AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 : *Parking Facilities - Off-Street Car Parking* and AS 2890.2:2002 – *Off-Street Parking: Commercial Vehicle Facilities* respectively.

Access levels and grades must comply with access levels and grade required by Council under the *Roads Act 1993*.

The *Certifying Authority* has no discretion to reduce or increase the number or area of car parking or commercial parking spaces required to be provided and maintained by this consent.

Standard Condition: C45

## C.9 Swimming and Spa Pools – Child Resistant Barriers

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation* must demonstrate compliance (by showing the proposed location of all child-resistant barriers and the resuscitation sign) with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.

**Note:** A statement to the effect that isolation swimming pool fencing complying with AS1926 will be installed does not satisfy this condition. The location of the required barriers and the sign must be detailed upon the *Construction Certificate* plans.

Standard Condition: C55

## C.10 Swimming and Spa Pools – Backwash

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specification required to be submitted pursuant to clause 139 of the Regulation must detail the connection of backwash to Sydney Waters sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

**Note:** The plans must show the location of Sydney Waters sewer, the yard gully or any new connection to the sewer system including a detailed cross section of the connection complying with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

**Note:** The discharge of backwash water to any stormwater system is water pollution and an offence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*. The connection of any backwash pipe to any stormwater system is an offence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.  
Standard Condition: C56

## C.11 Acoustic Certification of Mechanical Plant & Equipment

The Construction Certificate plans and specification required to be submitted pursuant to clause 139 of the Regulation must be accompanied by a certificate from a professional engineer (acoustic engineer) certifying that noise from the operation of mechanical plant and equipment will not exceed the background noise level when measured at any boundary of the site.

Where sound attenuation is required this must be detailed.

**Note:** Further information including lists of Acoustic Engineers can be obtained from:

1. **Australian Acoustical Society**—professional society of noise-related professionals ([www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php](http://www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php)).
2. **Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants**—professional society of noise related professionals ([www.aaac.org.au](http://www.aaac.org.au)).  
Standard Condition: C62

## D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work

### D.1 Dilapidation Reports for existing buildings

Dilapidation surveys must be conducted and dilapidation reports prepared by a *professional engineer* (structural) of all buildings on land whose title boundary abuts the site and of such further buildings located within the likely “zone of influence” of any excavation, dewatering and/or construction induced vibration.

These properties must include (but is not be limited to):

- a. 90 Sutherland Street
- b. 94A Sutherland Street

The dilapidation reports must be completed and submitted to *Council* with the *Notice of Commencement* prior to the commencement of any *development work*.

Where excavation of the site will extend below the level of any immediately adjoining building the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must give the adjoining building owner(s) a copy of the dilapidation report for their building(s) and a copy of the *notice of commencement* required by s81A(2) of the *Act* not less than two (2) days prior to the commencement of any work.

Standard Condition: D4

## **D.2 Adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials**

The *principal contractor* must ensure that a *professional engineer* determines the possibility of any adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials being affected by piling, piers or excavation. The *professional engineer* (geotechnical consultant) must assess the requirements for underpinning any adjoining or adjacent buildings founded on such soil on a case by case basis and the *principal contractor* must comply with any reasonable direction of the *professional engineer*.

**Note:** A failure by contractors to adequately assess and seek professional engineering (geotechnical) advice to ensure that appropriate underpinning and support to adjoining land is maintained prior to commencement may result in damage to adjoining land and buildings. Such contractors are likely to be held responsible for any damages arising from the removal of any support to supported land as defined by section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*.

Standard Condition: D6

## **D.3 Construction Management Plan – Approval & Implementation**

A construction management plan must be submitted to and approved by Council's Development Engineer before the commencement of demolition, excavation or construction works.

The Plan must:-

- a. describe the anticipated impact of the construction works on:
  - i. local traffic routes,
  - ii. pedestrian circulation adjacent to the building site,
  - iii. the public place including crown land and community land,
  - iv. and on-street parking in the local area.
- b. describe the means proposed to:
  - v. manage construction works to minimise such impacts,
  - vi. provide for the standing of vehicles during construction, and
  - vii. provide for the movement of trucks to and from the site, and deliveries to the site.
- c. show the location of:
  - viii. all proposed site sheds and any anticipated use of cranes and concrete pumps,
  - ix. any areas of Council property on which it is proposed to install a Work (construction) Zone, and
  - x. proposed structures such as hoardings, scaffolding or shoring, or to excavate.

The Plan must make provision for all materials, plant, etc. to be stored within the development site at all times during construction. Structures or works on Council property such as hoardings, scaffolding, shoring or excavation need separate approval from Council under the Roads Act 1993. Standing of cranes and concrete pumps on Council property or the road will need consent on each occasion.

**Note:** Separate approval is required for any proposed site crane, hoarding, work zone, road opening, road closure or the standing of any plant (crane or pump or the like) in any public place.  
Standard Condition: D9

#### D.4 Site Signs

The *Principal Contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the sign required by clauses 98A and 227A of the *Regulation* is erected and maintained at all times.

“Erection of signs

1. For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.
2. A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:
  - a. showing the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifying authority for the work, and
  - b. showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
  - c. stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
3. Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
4. This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.
5. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the *Act*, to comply with the technical provisions of the State’s building laws.”

**Note:** *PCA* and *principal contractors* must also ensure that signs required by this clause are erected and maintained (see clause 227A which imposes a penalty exceeding \$1,000).

**Note:** If *Council* is appointed as the *PCA* it will provide the sign to the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by Clause 98A of the *Regulation*.  
Standard Condition: D12

#### D.5 Toilet Facilities

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

Each toilet provided:

- a. must be a standard flushing toilet, and
- b. must be connected to a public sewer, or
- c. if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the council, or

- d. if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the council.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced.

In this condition:

**accredited sewage management facility** means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993* applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in clause 95B of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**approved by the council** means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**public sewer** has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**sewage management facility** has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

**Note:** This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with Workcover NSW requirements.  
Standard Condition: D13

## D.6 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Installation

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must install and maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a. The *Soil and Water Management Plan* if required under this consent;
- b. “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c. “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition” (“The Blue Book”).

Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.

**Note:** The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia (<http://www.austieca.com.au/>) lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where Soil and Water Management Plan is required for larger projects it is recommended that this be produced by a member of the International Erosion Control Association – Australasia.

**Note:** The “Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry” publications can be down loaded free of charge from [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au).

**Note:** A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* **without any further warning**. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

**Note:** Section 257 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides inter alia that “the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution” **Warning**, irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of their occupation of the land being developed.  
Standard Condition: D14

**D.7 Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (s81A(2) of the Act)**

The erection of the building in accordance with this development consent must not be commenced until:

- a. a construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the council (if the council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
- b. the person having the benefit of the development consent has:
  - i. appointed a principal certifying authority for the building work, and
  - ii. notified the principal certifying authority that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- b1. the principal certifying authority has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
  - i. notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
  - ii. notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- b2. the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:
  - i. appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
  - ii. notified the principal certifying authority of any such appointment, and
  - iii. unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
  - iv. given at least 2 days' notice to the council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.

**Note:** *Building* has the same meaning as in section 4 of the *Act* and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure.

**Note:** *New building* has the same meaning as in section 109H of the *Act* and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

**Note:** The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 82A(2) of the *Act* (including the need for a *Construction Certificate*) prior to any demolition work. See: *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.

**Note:** *Construction Certificate* Application, *PCA Service Agreement* and *Notice of Commencement* forms can be downloaded from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) .

**Note:** It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a *building* in breach of this condition and in breach of section 81A(2) of the *Act*.  
Standard Condition: D15

## **D.8 Notification of Home Building Act 1989 requirements**

- a. For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the requirements of this condition are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989.
- b. Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the following information:
  - i. in the case of work for which a *principal contractor* is required to be appointed:
    - the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
    - the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that Act,
  - ii. in the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:
    - the name of the owner-builder, and
    - if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that Act, the number of the owner-builder permit.
- c. If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under subclause (2) becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the updated information.
- d. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the Act, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws.

Standard Condition: D17

## **D.9 Establishment of boundary location, building location and datum**

Prior to the commencement of any work the principal contractor or owner builder must ensure that a surveyor registered under the *Surveying Act 2002* sets out:

- a. the boundaries of the *site* by permanent marks (including permanent recovery points);
- b. the location and level of foundation excavations, footings, walls and slabs by permanent marks, pegs or profiles relative to the boundaries of the land and relative to Australian Height Datum ("AHD") in compliance with the approved plans;
- c. establishes a permanent datum point (bench mark) within the boundaries of the *site* relative to AHD; and
- d. provides a copy of a survey report by the registered surveyor detailing, the title boundaries, pegs/profiles, recovery points and bench mark locations as established pursuant to this condition to the PCA.

**Note:** Where the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* notes any discrepancy between the approved development consent and the *Construction Certificate*, especially in relation to the height, location or external configuration of the building (but not limited to these issues) the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* should not proceed until satisfied that the variations as shown are consistent with the consent. Failure to do so may result in a breach of development consent.

**Note:** On larger developments, or where boundary redefinition is required, the placement of new State Survey Marks as permanent marks should be considered by the registered surveyor.  
Standard Condition: D18

## **E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work**

### **E.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989**

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a. that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b. in the case of residential building work for which the Home Building Act 1989 requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a. to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4) of the Regulation, or
- b. to the erection of a temporary building.

In this clause, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made. Standard Condition: E1

### **E.2 Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition**

Demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601—1991: The Demolition of Structures, published by Standards Australia, and as in force at 1 July 1993. Standard Condition: E2

### **E.3 Compliance with Construction Management Plan**

All development activities and traffic movements must be carried out in accordance with the approved construction management plan.

All controls in the Plan must be maintained at all times. A copy of the Plan must be kept on-site at all times and made available to the *PCA* or *Council* on request.

**Note:** Irrespective of the provisions of the Construction Management Plan the provisions of traffic and parking legislation prevails.  
Standard Condition: E3

#### E.4 Critical Stage Inspections

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* as required by the PCA, any PCA service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*.

Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the PCA is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*. *critical stage inspections* means the inspections prescribed by the *Regulations* for the purposes of section 109E(3)(d) of the *Act* or as required by the *PCA* and any PCA Service Agreement.

**Note:** The PCA may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the PCA be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.

**Note:** The PCA may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of *Compliance Certificates*, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA in relation to any matter relevant to the development.

Standard Condition: E5

#### E.5 Hours of Work –Amenity of the neighbourhood

- a. No *work* must take place on any Sunday or public holiday,
- b. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday,
- c. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday, and
- d. No piling, piling, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of land or loading of material to or from trucks must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday.
- e. No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

**Note:** The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.

**Note:** Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.

**Note:** The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RTA and Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.

**Note:** Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2000*.

**Note:** EPA Guidelines can be downloaded from <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm> .

**Note:** See [http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci\\_build\\_sheet7.pdf](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci_build_sheet7.pdf)  
Standard Condition: E6

## E.6 Maintenance of Vehicular and Pedestrian Safety and Access

The *principal contractor or owner builder* and any other person acting with the benefit of this consent must:

- a. Not erect or maintain any gate or fence swing out or encroaching upon the road or the footway.
- b. Not use the road or footway for the storage of any article, material, matter, waste or thing.
- c. Not use the road or footway for any *work*.
- d. Keep the road and footway in good repair free of any trip hazard or obstruction.
- e. Not stand any plant and equipment upon the road or footway.

This condition does not apply to the extent that a permit or approval exists under the section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999*, section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* or section 94 of the *Local Government Act 1993* except that at all time compliance is required with:

- a. Australian Standard AS 1742 (Set) Manual of uniform traffic control devices and all relevant parts of this set of standards.
- b. Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999*.

**Note:** Section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* allows the Police to close any road or road related area to traffic during any temporary obstruction or danger to traffic or for any temporary purpose. Any road closure requires Police approval.

**Note:** Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* provides that a person must not:

- (a) erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or
- (b) dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
- (c) remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or
- (d) pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or
- (e) connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road, otherwise than with the consent of the appropriate roads authority.

**Note:** Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* provides that a person may carry out certain activities only with the prior approval of the council including:

Part C Management of Waste:

- “1. For fee or reward, transport waste over or under a public place
2. Place waste in a public place
3. Place a waste storage container in a public place.”

Part E Public roads:

- “1. Swing or hoist goods across or over any part of a public road by means of a lift, hoist or tackle projecting over the footway
2. Expose or allow to be exposed (whether for sale or otherwise) any article in or on or so as to overhang any part of the road or outside a shop window or doorway abutting the road, or hang an article beneath an awning over the road.”

Any work in, on or over the Road or Footway requires *Council Approval* and in the case of classified roads the NSW Roads and Traffic Authority. Road includes that portion of the road used as a footway.  
Standard Condition: E7

## E.7 Tree Preservation

All persons must comply with Council's *Tree Preservation Order* ("the TPO"), other than where varied by this consent. The order applies to any tree, with a height greater than 5 metres or a diameter spread of branches greater than 3 metres, is subject to Council's Tree Preservation Order unless, exempted by specific provisions. Works to be carried out within a 5 metre radius of any tree, subject to the Tree Preservation Order, require the prior written consent of Council.

### General Protection Requirements:

- a. There must be no excavation or *work* within the required Tree Protection Zone(s). The Tree Protection Zone(s) must be maintained during all *development work*.
- b. Where excavation encounters tree roots with a diameter exceeding 40mm excavation must cease. The *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree roots exposed by a qualified arborist. Excavation must only recommence with the implementation of the recommendations of the qualified arborist or where specific instructions are given by Council's Tree Management Officer in strict accordance with such Council instructions.
- c. Where there is damage to any part of a tree the *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree by a qualified arborist immediately. The *principal contractor* must immediately implement treatment as directed by the qualified arborist or where specific instructions are given by Council's Tree Management Officer in strict accordance with such Council instructions.

**Note:** Trees must be pruned in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4373 – 2007 "Pruning of Amenity Trees" and Workcover NSW Code of Practice Amenity Tree Industry 1998.  
Standard Condition: E8

## E.8 Maintenance of Environmental Controls

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the following monitoring, measures and controls are maintained:

- a. Erosion and sediment controls,
- b. Dust controls,
- c. Dewatering discharges,
- d. Noise controls;
- e. Vibration monitoring and controls;
- f. Ablutions.

**Note 1:** See [http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/small\\_business/builders.htm](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/small_business/builders.htm) for additional information.  
Standard Condition: E11

## E.9 Support of adjoining land and buildings

A person must not do anything on or in relation to the *site* (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other land (the supported land) or building (the supported building).

For the purposes of this condition, supporting land includes the natural surface of the site, the subsoil of the site, any water beneath the site, and any part of the site that has been reclaimed.

**Note:** This condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is considered necessary upon any adjoining or supported land by any person the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must obtain:

- a) the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or
- b) an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or
- c) an easement under section 88K of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, or
- d) an easement under section 40 of the *Land & Environment Court Act 1979* as appropriate.

**Note:** Section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).

**Note:** Clause 20 of the *Roads (General) Regulation 2000* prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: “**Excavations adjacent to road** - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road.” Separate approval is required under the Roads Act 1993 for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road.

**Note:** The encroachment of work or the like is a civil matter of trespass or encroachment and Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments except in relation to encroachments upon any road, public place, crown land under Council’s care control or management, or any community or operational land as defined by the *Local Government Act 1993*.  
Standard Condition: E13

## E.10 Tree Preservation & Approved Landscaping Works

All landscape works must be undertaken in accordance with the approved landscape plan, arborist report, tree management plan and transplant method statement as applicable.

- a. The following trees may be removed:

Council Reference No:	Species	Location	Dimension (Metres)
	<i>Syagrus romanzoffianum</i> Cocos Palm	Eastern boundary	
	<i>Cupressocyparis leylandii</i> Leighton Green	North-western corner	

**Note:** The tree/s that may be removed should appear coloured red on the construction certificate plans.

- b. The following trees shall be planted:

Council Reference No:	Species	Location	Minimum size
	<i>Plumeria acutifolia</i> (Frangipanni)	North-western corner	35 litre

Standard Condition: E9

## E.11 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Maintenance

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) The Soil and Water Management Plan required under this consent;
- b) “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and

- c) “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition (“*The Blue Book*”).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence.



- Note 1:** A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.
- Note 2:** Section 257 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 provides that “the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution”. **Warning,** irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of the occupation of the land being developed whether or not they actually cause the pollution.  
Standard Condition: E15

## E.12 Disposal of site water during construction

The principal contractor or owner builder must ensure:

- a) Prior to pumping any water into the road or public stormwater system that approval is obtained from *Council* under section 138(1)(d) of the *Roads Act 1993*;
- b) That *water pollution*, as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, does not occur as the result of the discharge to the road, public stormwater system or other place or any site water;
- c) That stormwater from any roof or other impervious areas is linked, via temporary downpipes and stormwater pipes, to a Council approved stormwater disposal system immediately upon completion of the roof installation or work creating other impervious areas.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that adjoining and neighbouring land is not adversely affected by unreasonable overland flows of stormwater and that site water does not concentrate water such that they cause erosion and water pollution.  
Standard Condition: E17

## E.13 Filling of site

To the extent that this consent permits filling of the site such fill must be *virgin excavated natural material* (“*VENM*”).

*VENM* means “*Virgin excavated natural material (such as clay, gravel, sand, soil and rock) that is not mixed with any other type of waste and which has been excavated from areas of land that are not contaminated with human-made chemicals as a result of industrial, commercial, mining or agricultural activities and which do not contain sulphidic ores or soils.*”

**Note:** This definition is the same as in Schedule 1 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, Appendix IX: Types of waste.

**Note:** Sulphidic ores and soils are commonly known as Acid Sulphate Soils.

**Note:** If a person transports waste to a place (the site) that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility for that waste: (a) the person, and, (b) if the person is not the owner of the waste, the owner, are each guilty of an offence under section 143 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Note:** A person who is the owner or occupier (principal contractor) of any land that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility and who permits the land to be used as a waste facility is guilty of an offence under section 144 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Note:** Additional information is available from the following websites:

**Illegal waste dumping** - <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/waste/dumping.htm>

**Is that fill legal?** <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/012648web.epa%20fill.dl%20bro.pdf>  
Standard Condition: E18

#### **E.14 Check Surveys - boundary location, building location, building height and stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum**

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that a surveyor registered under the *Surveying Act 2002* carries out check surveys and provides survey certificates confirming the location of the building(s) and the stormwater drainage system relative to the boundaries of the *site* and that the height of buildings and the stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum complies with this consent at the following critical stages.

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that work must not proceed beyond each of the following critical stages until compliance has been demonstrated to the *PCA*'s satisfaction:

- a) Upon the completion of foundation walls prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any floor slab and generally at damp proof course level;
- b) Upon the completion of formwork for floor slabs prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any concrete and generally at each storey;
- c) Upon the completion of formwork or framework for the roof(s) prior to the laying of any roofing or the pouring of any concrete roof;
- d) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for any ancillary structures, swimming pool or spa pool or the like;
- e) Driveway transitions and crest thresholds prior to pavement of driveways;
- f) Stormwater Drainage Systems prior to or post construction confirming location, height and capacity of works.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that development occurs in the location and at the height approved under this consent.  
Standard Condition: E20

### **E.15 Placement and use of Skip Bins**

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:

- a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 94 of the *Local Government Act 1993* to place the waste storage container in a public place, and
- b) Where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999*.

**Note:** Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards.  
Standard Condition: E21

### **E.16 Dust Mitigation**

Dust mitigation must be implemented in accordance with “*Dust Control - Do it right on site*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils.

This generally requires:

- a) Dust screens to all hoardings and site fences.
- b) All stockpiles or loose materials to be covered when not being used.
- c) All equipment, where capable, being fitted with dust catchers.
- d) All loose materials being placed bags before placing into waste or skip bins.
- e) All waste and skip bins being kept covered when not being filled or emptied.
- f) The surface of excavation work being kept wet to minimise dust.
- g) Landscaping incorporating trees, dense shrubs and grass being implemented as soon as practically possible to minimise dust.

**Note 1:** “*Dust Control - Do it right on site*” can be down loaded free of charge from Council’s web site [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) or obtained from Council’s office.

**Note 2:** Special precautions must be taken when removing asbestos or lead materials from development sites. Additional information can be obtained from [www.workcover.nsw.gov.au](http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au) and [www.epa.nsw.gov.au](http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au) . Other specific condition and advice may apply.

**Note 3:** Demolition and construction activities may affect local air quality and contribute to urban air pollution. The causes are dust, smoke and fumes coming from equipment or activities, and airborne chemicals when spraying for pest management. Precautions must be taken to prevent air pollution.  
Standard Condition: E23

### **E.17 Swimming and Spa Pools – Temporary Child Resistant Barriers and other matters**

Temporary child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* where any swimming pool or spa pool as defined by the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* contains more than 300mm in depth of water at any time. Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* as soon as practical.

Backwash and any temporary dewatering from any swimming pool or spa pool as defined by the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

**Note:** This condition does not prevent Council from issuing an order pursuant to section 23 of the *Swimming Pool Act 1992* or taking such further action as necessary for a breach of this condition or the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.  
Standard Condition: E26

## **F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)**

### **F.1 Occupation Certificate (section 109M of the Act)**

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 109H (4) of the *Act*) unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

**Note:** New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.  
Standard Condition: F1

### **F.2 Commissioning and Certification of Systems and Works**

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the satisfaction of the *PCA* works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* confirming that the *works*, as executed and as detailed, comply with the requirement of this consent, the *Act*, the *Regulations*, any relevant *construction certificate*, the *BCA* and relevant *Australian Standards*.

Works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* must including but may not be limited to:

- a. Certification from the supervising professional engineer that the requirement of the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological conditions and report recommendations were implemented and satisfied during development work.
- b. All flood protection measures.
- c. All stormwater drainage systems.
- d. All mechanical ventilation systems.
- e. All hydraulic systems.
- f. All structural work.
- g. All acoustic attenuation work.
- h. All waterproofing.
- i. Such further matters as the *Principal Certifying Authority* may require.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that systems and works as completed meet *development standards* as defined by the *Act*, comply with the *BCA*, comply with this consent and so that a public record of works as execute is maintained.

**Note:** The *PCA* may require any number of WAE plans, certificates, or other evidence of suitability as necessary to confirm compliance with the *Act*, *Regulation*, *Development Standards*, *BCA*, and relevant *Australia Standards*. As a minimum WAE plans and certification is required for stormwater drainage and detention, mechanical ventilation work, hydraulic services (including but not limited to fire services).

**Note:** The *PCA* must submit to Council, with any *Occupation Certificate*, copies of works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* upon which the *PCA* has relied in issuing any *Occupation Certificate*.  
Standard Condition: F7

### **F.3 Swimming and Spa Pools – Permanent Child Resistant Barriers and other matters**

Prior to any occupation or use of the development and prior to filling any swimming pool as defined by the *Swimming Pool Act 1992*:

- a. Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.
- b. The *Principal Contractor* or *owner* must apply for and obtain a Compliance Certificate under section 24 of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.
- c. Public Pools must comply with the NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines in force at that time and private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable.
- d. Water recirculation and filtration systems must be installed in compliance with AS 1926.3-2003: *Swimming pool safety - Water recirculation and filtration systems*.

Backwash must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

- e. Water recirculation and filtration systems must be connected to the electricity supply by a timer that limits the systems operation such that it does not operate:
- f. before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday, or  
before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.

**Note:** The NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines can be down loaded free from:  
<http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/public-health/ehb/general/pools/poolguidelines.pdf>  
Standard Condition: F13

### **G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Subdivision Certificate**

Nil

### **H. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate (s109C(1)(c))**

#### **H.1 Road Works (including footpaths)**

The following works must be completed to the satisfaction of Council, in compliance with Council's "Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works" dated January 2003 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the *principal contractor's* or *owner's* expense:

- a. stormwater pipes, pits and connections to public stormwater systems within the *road*;
- b. driveways and vehicular crossings within the *road*;
- c. removal of redundant driveways and vehicular crossings;
- d. new footpaths within the *road*;
- e. new or replacement street trees;
- f. new footway verges, where a grass verge exists, the balance of the area between the footpath and the kerb or site boundary over the full frontage of the proposed development must be turfed. The grass verge must be constructed to contain a uniform minimum 75mm of friable growing medium and have a total cover of turf predominant within the street.
- g. new or reinstated kerb and guttering within the *road*; and
- h. new or reinstated road surface pavement within the *road*.

**Note:** Security held by Council pursuant to section 80A(6) of the Act will not be release by Council until compliance has been achieved with this condition. An application for refund of security must be submitted with the *Final Occupation Certificate* to Council. This form can be downloaded from Council's website [www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au](http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au) or obtained from Council's customer service centre.  
Standard Condition: H13

## **I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the development**

### **I.1 Maintenance of Landscaping**

All landscaping must be maintained in general accordance with this consent.

This condition does not prohibit the planting of additional trees or shrubs subject that they are native species endemic to the immediate locality.

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that the landscaping design intent is not eroded over time by the removal of landscaping or inappropriate exotic planting.

**Note:** This condition also acknowledges that development consent is not required to plant vegetation and that over time additional vegetation may be planted to replace vegetation or enhance the amenity of the locality. Owners should have regard to the amenity impact of trees upon the site and neighbouring land. Further, drought proof vegetation being native species endemic to the immediate locality is encouraged. Suggested native species endemic to the immediate locality are listed in the Brochure Titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs" published by Woollahra, Waverley, Randwick and Botany Bay Councils.  
Standard Condition: I8

### **I.2 Swimming and Spa Pools – Maintenance**

Swimming and Spa Pools must be maintained:

- a. in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* with regard to the provision of child-resistant barriers and resuscitation signs;
- b. in compliance with the NSW Health "Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines" in force at that time. Private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable;
- c. in compliance with AS 1926.3-2003:Swimming pool safety - Water recirculation and filtration systems ;
- d. with backwash being discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996, and
- e. with a timer that limits the recirculation and filtration systems operation such that it does not emit noise that can be heard within a habitable room in any other residential premises (regardless of whether any door or window to that room is open):
  - before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday, or
  - before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.

**Note:** Child-resistant barriers, resuscitation signs, recirculation and filtration systems and controls systems require regular maintenance to ensure that life safety, health and amenity standards are maintained.

**Note:** The NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines can be down loaded free from:  
<http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/public-health/ehb/general/pools/poolguidelines.pdf>  
Standard Condition: I13

### I.3 Outdoor lighting – Residential

Outdoor lighting must comply with AS 4282-1997: Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting. The maximum luminous intensity from each luminaire must not exceed the level 1 control relevant under table 2.2 of AS 4282. The maximum illuminance and the threshold limits must be in accordance with table 2.1 of AS 4282.

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbours and limit the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting in public places.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to control the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.  
Standard Condition: I42

### I.4 Noise Control

The use of the premises must not give rise to the transmission of *offensive noise* to any place of different occupancy. *Offensive noise* is defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

**Note:** Council will generally enforce this condition in accordance with the *Noise Guide for Local Government* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm>) and the *Industrial Noise Guidelines* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/industrial.htm>) published by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Other state government authorities also regulate the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

**Useful links:**

**Community Justice Centres**—free mediation service provided by the NSW Government ([www.cjc.nsw.gov.au](http://www.cjc.nsw.gov.au)).

**Department of Environment and Conservation NSW**, Noise Policy Section web page ([www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise](http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise)).

**New South Wales Government Legislation** home page for access to all NSW legislation, including the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *Protection of the Environment Noise Control Regulation 2000* ([www.legislation.nsw.gov.au](http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au)).

**Australian Acoustical Society**—professional society of noise-related professionals ([www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php](http://www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php)).

**Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants**—professional society of noise related professionals ([www.aaac.org.au](http://www.aaac.org.au)).

**Department of Gaming and Racing** - ([www.dgr.nsw.gov.au](http://www.dgr.nsw.gov.au)).  
Standard Condition: I50

### I.5 Noise from mechanical plant and equipment

Noise from the operation of mechanical plant and equipment must not exceed *background noise* when measured at the nearest lot boundary of the site. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, noise from the operation of mechanical plant and equipment must not exceed *background noise* when measured at the nearest strata, stratum or community title boundary.

**Reason:** This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

**Note:** Words in this condition have the same meaning as in the:  
*NSW Industrial Noise Policy* ([http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/ind\\_noise.pdf](http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/ind_noise.pdf))  
ISBN 0 7313 2715 2, dated January 2000, and  
*Noise Guide for Local Government* (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm>)  
ISBN 1741370671, dated December 2004.  
Standard Condition: I53

## **J. Miscellaneous Conditions**

### **J.1 Rainwater Storage – Installation**

- Water is to be collected from the roof only
- All plumbing and drainage work is to be undertaken by a licensed plumber in accordance with the requirements of the NSW Code of Practice for Plumbing and Drainage 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition 2006.
- Where reticulated water supply is available, cross connection control and backflow prevention shall be in accordance with the requirements of Sydney Water.
- Overflow from the rainwater tank is to be directed to the stormwater drainage system in accordance with Councils requirements.
- Rainwater tank inlets should be screened and tanks provided with tight fitting access covers to prevent ingress of foreign matter and are to be child proofed.
- The rainwater tank is to be mosquito proofed to prevent breeding.
- Signage for rainwater tank outlets and pipes shall be in accordance with the requirements of Sydney Water.

### **J.2 Rainwater Tank – Operation and Maintenance**

- All rainwater tank systems shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the technical provisions of the NSW Code of Practice for Plumbing and Drainage 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition 2006, AS/NZS 3500 and NSW Health “*Rainwater Tanks*” brochure available from NSW Health or their website at [www.health.nsw.gov.au](http://www.health.nsw.gov.au).

Maintenance of the rainwater tank system, including the backflow prevention devices, is the responsibility of the property owner/occupier.

### **J.3 Permitted Uses of Stored Rainwater**

- Toilet/urinal flushing;
- Clothes washing machines;
- Garden irrigation;
- Car washing and similar outdoor use;
- Filling ornamental ponds
- Filling of swimming pools and spas.

## **K. Advisings**

### **K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent & Environmental laws**

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence**. Failure to comply with other environmental laws are also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- Issue notices and orders;
- Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

### **Warnings as to potential maximum penalties**

Maximum Penalties under NSW Environmental Laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

### **Warning as to enforcement and legal costs**

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order.

This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

**Note:** The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. You can obtain further information from the following web sites:

<http://www.theshopfront.org/documents/ConvictionsCriminalRecords.pdf> and the Attorney General's [www.agd.nsw.gov.au](http://www.agd.nsw.gov.au).

Standard Advising: K1

## **K.2 Dial before you dig**



The *principal contractor, owner builder* or any person digging may be held financially responsible by the asset owner should they damage underground pipe or cable networks. Minimise your risk and Dial 1100 Before You Dig or visit [www.dialbeforeyoudig.com.au](http://www.dialbeforeyoudig.com.au).

When you contact Dial Before You Dig, you will be sent details of all Dial Before You Dig members who have underground assets in the vicinity of your proposed excavation.

Standard Advising: K2

## **K.3 Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (“DDA”)**

The Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (DDA) makes it against the law for public places to be inaccessible to people with a disability. Compliance with this development consent, Council's Access DCP and the BCA does not necessarily satisfy compliance with the DDA.

The DDA applies to existing places as well as places under construction. Existing places must be modified and be accessible (except where this would involve "unjustifiable hardship").

Further detailed advice can be obtained from the Human Rights and Equal Opportunity Commission (“HEROC”):

- <http://www.hreoc.gov.au/index.html>
- [http://www.hreoc.gov.au/disability\\_rights/dda\\_guide/ins/ins.html](http://www.hreoc.gov.au/disability_rights/dda_guide/ins/ins.html)

If you have any further questions relating to the application of the DDA you can send an email to HEROC at [disabdis@humanrights.gov.au](mailto:disabdis@humanrights.gov.au).

Standard Advising: K3

#### **K.4 Builders Licences and Owner Builders Permits**

Section 81A of the *Act* requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appoint a *principal contractor* for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

Further information can be obtained from the NSW Office of Fair Trading website about how you obtain an owner builders permit or find a principal contractor (builder):

<http://www.dft.nsw.gov.au/building.html> .

**The Owner(s) must appoint the PCA.** The PCA must check that Home Building Act insurance is in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (Builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 for the residential building work.

Standard Condition: K5

#### **K.5 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances**

The PCA does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the PCA is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia. Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8 are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the *principal contractor's* or *owner builder's* supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The PCA does not undertake this role.

The NSW Office of Fair Trading have published a “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8. The guide can be obtained from the Office of Fair Trading by calling 13 32 20 or by Fax: 9619 8618 or by post to: Marketing Branch, PO Box 972, Parramatta NSW 2124.

The Guide can be down loaded from:

<http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/pdfs/corporate/publications/dft242.pdf>

Council, as the PCA or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the *principal contractor*, contractors and the owner.

Standard Condition: K6

#### **K.6 Workcover requirements**

The *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 No 40* and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.

**Note:** Further information can be obtained from Workcover NSW's website:

<http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Industry/Construction/default.htm> or through their head office:

Location: Workcover NSW, 92-100 Donnison Street, GOSFORD 2250 Postal address: WorkCover NSW,  
Locked Bag 2906, LISAROW 2252, Phone (02) 4321 5000, Fax (02) 4325 4145.

Standard Condition: K7

### **K.7 Asbestos Removal, Repair or Disturbance**

Anyone who removes, repairs or disturbs bonded or a friable asbestos material must hold a current removal licence from Workcover NSW.

Before starting work, a work site-specific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from Workcover NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current Workcover licence.

All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with:

- The Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000;
- The Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001;
- The Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos [NOHSC: 2002 (1998)];
- The Guide to the Control of Asbestos Hazards in Buildings and Structures [NOHSC: 3002 (1998)] <http://www.nohsc.gov.au/>; and
- The Workcover NSW Guidelines for Licensed Asbestos Removal Contractors.

**Note:** The Code of Practice and Guide referred to above are known collectively as the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. They are specifically referenced in the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001 under Clause 259. Under the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001, the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos are the minimum standards for asbestos removal work. Council does not control or regulate the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. You should make yourself aware of the requirements by visiting [www.workcover.nsw.gov.au](http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au) or one of Workcover NSW's offices for further advice.  
Standard Advising: K8

### **K.8 Appeal**

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact:

**Mr George Fotis, Team Leader** on (02) 9391 7081.

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land & Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a Section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.

This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the Section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

Standard Condition: K14

### **K.9 Release of Security**

An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 80A of the *Act*.

The securities will not be released until a *Final Occupation Certificate* has lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements.

Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be.

Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed.

Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the Bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.

**Note:** The Application for Refund of Security form can be downloaded from  
<http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/pdf/Forms/Planning/RefundofSecurity.pdf>  
Standard Condition: K15

## K.10 Owner Builders

Under the *Home Building Act 1989* any property owner who intends undertaking construction work to a dwelling house or dual occupancy to the value of \$12,000 or over must complete an approved education course and obtain an owner-builder permit from the Office of Fair Trading. See [www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au](http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au).

Standard Condition: K18

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**Item No:** R6 Recommendation to Council  
**Subject:** **14 Caledonia Street, Paddington – Section 82A Review of Refusal of Development Application – 23/2/2007**  
**Author:** Lynette Apostolou – Assessment Officer  
**File No:** DA89/2006  
**Reason for Report:** In accordance with Council's meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council due to a substantive change of the Committee's recommendation (refusal) to the Officer's recommendation (approval).

### **Recommendation: Pursuant to Section 80(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979**

That Council, as the consent authority, having considered the application for review of its determination, resolve to maintain its refusal of development consent to Development Application No. 89/2006 for alterations and additions to existing dwelling on land at 14 Caledonia Street, Paddington, for the following reasons:

#### **1. Aims and Objectives of the Woollahra LEP**

The proposal does not accord to the general aims and objectives of the LEP with respect to heritage conservation (Clause 28) and does not comply with Clause 8(5) of the LEP.

**2. Heritage Conservation**

The proposal would have a detrimental impact upon the Heritage Conservation Area and does not comply with Clause 2(2)(g)(ii) of the Woollahra LEP.

**3. Rear elevations**

The proposed works would be contrary to G5 and G6 of Part 5.1.3 '*rear elevations and yards*' of the Paddington DCP which does not permit additions to extend beyond the established building line in rows of buildings and requires a double system of stormwater drainage in lightwell courtyards.

**4. Site coverage, setbacks and levels**

The proposed works would be contrary to G1, G2 and G3 Of Part 5.1.5 '*site coverage, setbacks and levels*' of the Paddington DCP which require existing front setbacks to be maintained and new development to be proportionate to adjoining properties and not to be forward of existing building alignments, respectively.

**5. Landscaping and private open space**

The proposed works would be contrary to G4 of Part 5.1.6 '*landscaping and private open space*' of the Paddington DCP as it would not provide for adequate soft landscaping on site.

**6. Building Height, Bulk and Scale**

The proposed 3 storey dwelling would be unacceptably high and bulky on the streetscape and would unacceptably reduce solar access to the habitable rooms of No. 16 Caledonia Street, therefore being contrary to Objectives 1, 3, 4 and 5 and G3 and G4 of Part 5.1.7 '*Building height, bulk and scale*' of the Paddington DCP.

**7. Acoustic and visual privacy**

The proposed balconies would be contrary to 5.1.8 '*Acoustic and visual privacy*' and G7 of Part 5.2.4 '*Verandas and balconies*' of the PDCP as it would result in unacceptable overlooking of the private open space of a number of surrounding residences.

**8. Windows, doors and shutters**

The proposed works would be contrary to G4 of Part 5.2.3 '*Windows, doors and shutters*' of the Paddington DCP as the proposed windows do not reflect traditional forms.

**9. Fences and gates**

The proposed entry gate would create an unsympathetic element on the streetscape and would therefore be contrary to Part 5.2.5 '*Fences and gates*' of the Paddington DCP would not comply with the maximum height and width recruitments in Part 5.2.6 '*On-site vehicle parking, garages, carports, driveway access and servicing facilities*' of the Paddington DCP.

**10. On-site vehicle parking, garages, carports, driveway access and servicing facilities'**

The proposed streetfront double garage would be contrary to Part 5.2.6 '*On-site vehicle parking, garages, carports, driveway access and servicing facilities*' of the Paddington DCP.

**11. Infill Development**

The proposed infill development would not respond to the surrounding Conservation Area or achieve a cohesive relationship with surrounding dwellings and would therefore be contrary to Objective 2 and G1, 2, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Part 5.4 *'Infill development'* of the Paddington DCP.

**12. Australian Standard 2890.1**

The proposed garage width does not comply with AS 2890.1.

**13. Public Interest**

The proposal is not in the public interest.

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## 9.3 Urban Planning Committee

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### Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 27 August 2007 Submitted to the Council for Determination

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<b>Item No:</b>	R1 Recommendation to Council
<b>Subject:</b>	<b>Draft White City Development Control Plan</b>
<b>Author:</b>	Chris Bluett - Manager Strategic Planning
<b>File No:</b>	1064.G (Am59)
<b>Reason for Report:</b>	To report on submissions arising from public exhibition of the Draft White City DCP

#### Recommendation:

That Draft White City Development Control Plan, as contained in **annexure 3** of the report to the Urban Planning Committee meeting on 27 August 2007, as amended by the following:

- Clause 1.5 Objective of this plan** (page 5 of Draft DCP)  
The following objective is to be included after the third objective:
  - “to retain the White City site as a principally grass court tennis centre.”
- Clause 4.2 Building location, design and uses - Tennis/Recreation Club Building** (page 17 of Draft DCP)  
  
Control C11 being amended to read:  
“A viewing platform on the Glenmore Road frontage is to be provided. Public access to the viewing platform from Glenmore Road is strongly encouraged.”
- Clause 4.2 Building location, design and uses - Tennis/Recreation Club Building** (page 17 of Draft DCP)  
  
Control C4 being amended to read:  
“The centre courts should be retained in their current locations and be the focus of any new development, subject to Control C3 under clause 4.4 (Heritage conservation)”
- Clause 4.2 Building location, design and uses - Tennis/Recreation Club Building** (page 17 of Draft DCP)  
  
The last sentence of Control C8 being amended to read:  
“Tennis courts on upper roofs are not permitted, unless they are on a single storey element of the building.”
- Clause 4.3 Landscape** (page 18 of Draft DCP)  
  
Add Control C11:  
“Retain an unbuilt area to the north of the club house building by providing tennis courts principally of grass.”

6. **Clause 4.6 Pedestrian and cycle access** (page 23 of Draft DCP)

Control C2 being amended to read:

“A pedestrian/cycle path must be provided between New South Head Road and Alma Street. It should have a minimum width of 3 metres, to allow for safe and convenient combined use. Public access is strongly encouraged.

7. **Clause 4.6 Pedestrian and cycle access** (page 24 of Draft DCP)

Control C5 being amended to read:

“Secure and accessible bike storage is to be provided. The number of spaces is to at least meet the requirements set down in the publication titled “*Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice Part 14 – Bicycles*, second edition 1999, Austroads Publications.”

8. **Annexure 1 – White City conservation policy statements** (page 41 of Draft DCP)

The “Statement of Cultural Significance” in section 4.6 on pages 128 and 129 of the “White City Conservation Management Plan for Tennis NSW” prepared by Conybeare Morrison International Pty Ltd, dated revised March 2004, be included after the second paragraph and before section “1.0 General :Policies”.

9. **Annexure 1 – White City conservation policy statements - Policy 53.2 Landscape Spaces** (page 52 of Draft DCP)

Landscape Space 1 – former practice courts being amended to read:

“Landscape Space 1 – former practice courts

- Aim to retain tennis courts in this location ~~{The surfaces may be altered}~~(Revised)”

be approved and come into effect on the date a public notice of Council’s approval is placed in the newspaper.

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## 9.4 Community & Environment Committee

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### Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 27 August 2007 Submitted to the Council for Determination

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**Item No:** R1 Recommendation to Council  
**Subject:** Unmade Road Portion - Victoria Street, Watsons Bay  
**Author:** Paul Fraser, Parks & Recreation Coordinator  
**File No:** 524  
**Reason for Report:** Proposed closure of unmade road portion of Victoria Street, Watsons Bay.

**Recommendation:**

- A. That Council advertise the road closure proposal for a period of 28 days to ascertain community views.
  - B. That, should any objections be received as a result of (A), a report be presented for Council's consideration outlining the nature of the objections.
  - C. That, should no objections be received as a result of (A), Council apply to the Minister to close the unmade road portion of Victoria Street, Watsons Bay, for future dedication as public open space.
  - D. That for the purposes of proceeding with the road closure, Council authorise the General Manager and Mayor to execute all necessary documentation including the affixing of Council's seal to the documentation.
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## 9.5 Strategic & Corporate Committee

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### Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 3 September 2007 Submitted to the Council for Determination

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#### **Recommendation:**

That Council notes that the Strategic and Corporate Committee meeting held on Monday 3 September 2007 to consider the following matters:

- R1 Investment Portfolio Update
- R2 Consideration of Mayoral Minute Deferred from Council Meeting held 27 August
- R3 Consideration of Notice of Motion Deferred from Council Meeting 27 August

was adjourned to a future meeting of the Strategic and Corporate Committee on a date to be determined by the Mayor and that the recommendations made in “Closed Session” of the Committee Meeting of 3 September 2007 remain confidential until such time as the Strategic and Corporate Committee meets again.

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## Notices of Motion

**Item No:** 1  
**From:** Councillors Shapiro & Boskovitz  
**Date:** 5 September 2007  
**File No:** 900.G

That Council investigates the introduction of an electronic means of payment (such as smart card or e-tag) as an alternate method of payment for motorists using parking meters in Woollahra, and a report be brought to the appropriate Committee.

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**Item No:** 12  
**Subject:** Questions Without Notice  
**Author:** Gary James, General Manager  
**File No:** 467.G/Q01  
**Reason for Report:** To provide a response to Questions without Notice from Council Meeting of 27 August 2007 and for Councillors to ask Questions without Notice in accordance with Council's Code of Meeting Practice.

**Recommendation:**

That the responses to previous Questions without Notice be noted.

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**Background:**

The provision for Councillors to ask Questions Without Notice is contained in Section 3 of Council's Code of Meeting Practice which states:

- (1) *As a standard practice, "Questions Without Notice" shall be listed in all agendas of Ordinary Meetings of Council*
- (2) *Questions shall be in writing.*
- (3) *The Mayor shall direct the question to the General Manager or responsible Division Head; or if the question is directed to another Councillor, the Councillor concerned. There shall be no requirement to answer the question immediately.*
- (4) *If the answer to a question can be given immediately then such shall be done and a record made in the Minutes of the Meeting. If an answer can be given, but not immediately, then the Mayor shall indicate to whom the question is to be directed and the basis upon which the answer is to be provided (whether in writing and direct to the Enquirer, or by means of a report to an appropriate Committee, or otherwise.)*
- (5) *In the spirit of achieving the expeditious discharge of Council business the agenda item "Questions Without Notice" shall generally be limited to not more than 30 minutes duration unless the Council determines otherwise, on the evening in question and by way of specific resolution.*

Questions Without Notice should be asked in accordance with the Code of Meeting Practice.

Responses to Councillors Questions Without Notice on 27 August 2007 are as follows:

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**Councillor Comino asking:**

Regarding the removal of dinghies and other water craft from the Rose Bay Seawall and Rose Bay Park, what action has Council taken in regard to temporary storage and disposal/return of impounded dinghies and watercraft?

**Director Technical Services in response:**

We gave 6 weeks for owners to reclaim the dinghies from our depot. This period is over and we will be arranging disposal of those unclaimed.

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**Councillor Comino asking:**

Will Council place flashing warning lights at regular intervals on the chain wire safety fencing lining the works zone along Rose Bay promenade?

**Project Manager Civil Works in response:**

Flashing lights are present on the barricades at Cranbrook Road and O'Sullivan Road alerting motorists travelling along New South Head Road. The Contractor will be placing additional flashing lights on the temporary fence opposite Beresford Road, Salisbury Road and Balfour Road alerting motorists exiting these streets.

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**Councillor Comino asking:**

Have the issues raised by David Caldwell to bus shelters in the Municipality been actioned? If so, in what way?

**Manager Property & Projects in response:**

This bus shelter was inspected by a consultant structural engineer who supplied a condition summary and repair schedule. In response to Mr Caldwell's previous concerns a request was made for one of Council's Heritage Planners to inspect the shelter and the response received after the inspection was conducted was that all work was being carried out in accordance with heritage guidelines and that the work inspected was to a high standard. Regular inspections were carried out through the course of the work. All timber that required repair or replacement was attended to and grass and weeds around the perimeter were pulled away for the base and were not intentionally left under the boards.

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**Councillor Martin asking:**

To the Director Planning and Development

When will you complete your answer to my question of last time, re City Rail's role in expediting the north south pedestrian pathway through White City.

**Director Planning and Development in response:**

We have had a meeting with Sydney Grammar School about the establishment of the pathway. There are three other owners that we also need to consult in order to achieve the right of way. Sydney Grammar have indicated a willingness to participate in negotiations but only when we get advice from the other land owners that the other land owners are also willing to participate in the discussions. You would be aware that the land ownership of a substantial part of the land changed only about three weeks ago and what we propose to do now is to draw the land owners together and put the proposal to them in a meeting so we can get all the parties together to see if we can get agreement on it.

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**Councillor Martin asking:**

What will the time frame be for this meeting to take place?

**Director Planning and Development in response:**

I will put action in place to get that meeting running as soon as possible, hopefully within the next three weeks. I would anticipate that I may not be able to get all those land owners to the table at short notice but we will get the invitation out this week.

**Director Planning and Development further in response:**

On 31 August 2007 letters were sent to the following owners inviting them to a meeting on 20 September 2007 to discuss public access arrangements across their lands:

1. John Alexander Clubs
2. Macabi Tennis Club
3. Sydney Grammar School
4. Sydney Water
5. NSW Rail Corporation.

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**Councillor Martin asking:**

You said that Sydney Grammar have said that they would only participate in this subject to other parties. That is not my understanding of the undertakings they took when we approved their development.

**Director Planning and Development in response:**

They have reiterated the commitment they gave to the Council when their development application was determined by the Council. But the ability of us to achieve this is dependant on the contiguous land owners also being agreeable to a similar arrangement. As I have indicated, the owners that we need to discuss that with has only been known to us in the last three weeks because of the change in land ownership in relation to the land which contains the White City Tennis Courts.

**Councillor Excell asking:**

To the Mayor

Recently in the Village Voice you stated that the Greens Councillors myself and David Shoebridge as the first Green Councillors on Woollahra Council were guilty of political stunts and not good policy while portraying yourself as a lone environmental campaigner struggling against the “conservatism” that is Council.

For the record, following is a list of the 25 environmentally progressive Notices of Motion that myself and David Shoebridge as Greens Councillors have put forward over the last 3.5 years of which three quarters have been adopted by this Council.

Item 1	15 September 2005	ethical investments	adopted
Item 2	10 November 2004	40 km/h zones	adopted
Item 1	9 September 2004	the effects on Woollahra of climate change	
Item 1	16 June 2004	recycled paper	adopted
Item 1	4 June 2004	waterless urinals	adopted
Item 5	10 February 2005	reduction in water consumption	adopted
Item 1	29 April 2005	re-cycling computers	
Item 2	29 April 2005	BASIX	adopted
Item 3	29 April 2005	Nathers	adopted
Item 3	26 March 2007	shared traffic zones	
Item 2	26 March 2007	40 km zone Woollahra heritage areas	adopted
Item 2	12 June 2007	Adopt a whale	
Item 2	26 February 2004	Mobile phone deposit boxes	adopted
Item 1	27 November 2006	metered parking Syd Einfield Drive	
Item 2	13 November 2006	Call on Government to enable WARR Act	adopted
Item 5	14 November 2005	Cat curfew	adopted
Item 3	13 March 2006	View obstruction device	
Item 5	15 May 2006	Improving BASIX	adopted
Item 1	15 May 2006	Asbestos	
Item 2	13 March 2006	Dead tree screen	adopted
Item 1	28 August 2006	Community Garden	adopted
Item 1	11 September 2006	climate change	
Item 1	24 March 2006	Sliding scale for parking fees	
Item 2	25 September 2006	Climate change	
Item 6	26 June 2006	Nuclear fee zones	

Could the Mayor please supply us with a list of the environmental initiatives that she has tried to implement over the last 3.5 years?

You also stated in the article that you had difficulty shifting “the organisation into a carbon neutral organisation”. Could you please explain, exactly what these aims are and how it is that you tried to achieve these aims?

Also in the article you stated that we, the Greens Councillors, had proposed to measure carbon emissions produced by the Woollahra Municipality. I believe this is a figment of your imagination. If I am mistaken please show us where we said it?

**Mayor In response:**

I have no idea if what you are saying is correct. I have not seen the article. I have no idea whether this is totally fallacious, made up or what ever. I will take it On notice.

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**Councillor Dawson asking:**

There are dinghies and kayaks at the other end of Rose Bay that lie irregularly at Tingara Reserve. Do we have a policy to tidy up the storage of watercraft on this area of public park and beach?

**Manager Public Open Space in response:**

The newly adopted water craft storage on public land policy identifies the opportunity to install a dinghy storage facility at Tingira Memorial Park subject to consultation with adjoining residents. We have also applied for funding assistance from the state government to install this facility. The outcome of our grant application should be known within the next two months.

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**Councillor Walker asking:**

Some months ago a roundabout sign in the median strip leading to the roundabout at Latimer Road and O'Sullivan Road (north side) was knocked down and removed. When will it be replaced?

**Manager Civil Works in response:**

A sign on the splitter island at the roundabout is missing - CRMS raised for replacement. Also two warning signs on the approach to the roundabout were identified as being bent and therefore hard to see. These are also being repaired.

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**Councillor Rundle asking:**

Does Council have a policy of reviewing parking restrictions in small shopping centres? I have been approached by shopkeepers in Queen Street who are concerned that the current restrictions are not encouraging turnover of vehicles. Is it possible for consideration of 15 minute parking on the northern side of Queen Street from Moncur Street to Holdsworth Street and half hour parking instead of one hour parking on the southern side in that area?

**Traffic Engineer in response:**

There is no policy for this type of review. We respond to submissions raising issues such as the one contained in the QWN. A number plate survey would be required to determine turnaround times for users of this shopping strip. This will be scheduled for September/October with a report to November Traffic Committee.

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**Councillor Sinclair King asking:**

I understand that someone has offered to buy the Paddington Bowling Club. Are you aware of this?

**Manager Property & Projects in response:**

The Paddington Bowling Club is the subject of an Inquiry by the Office of Liquor and Gaming into allegations of "corrupt or improper conduct" in the affairs of the Club. We are not aware of any prospective sale of the Club and would not expect any developments in this area until the Inquiry is concluded.

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**Councillor Sinclair King asking:**

I like our Humpback Whale banner but I am wondering whether you could put somewhere on it what "Bo-a-Millie" means?

**Director Community Services in response:**

I will have a look at that.

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**Councillor Boskovitz asking:**

I recently received a letter from a resident in Hopetoun Avenue Vacluse which raised concerns about the footpath view across the road from Petrach Avenue. The resident lists a number of reasonable suggestions that could be undertaken to improve the situation. I will hand up the letter and could you please respond and hopefully, if necessary, undertake the works.

**Traffic Engineer in response:**

Letter has been forwarded to Mr Freedman addressing his concerns. Investigation is to be carried out to determine safe pedestrian crossing points at this location and will be the subject of a report to Council.

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**Councillor Shoebridge asking:**

When will the issue of amended proposed hours of construction activity for Sydney Grammar School Playing Fields come before the Development Control Committee?

**Director Planning & Development in response:**

The S96 Application for modification of construction hours required external referral to the Dept of Water and Energy which has been sent on 8 August 2007. The Dept has 40 days to reply. Meanwhile internal referral is also required to Technical Services and their comments are still outstanding. At this stage, I can only estimate that the matter may be able to go to the DCC by October the earliest.

**Councillor Shoebridge asking:**

A resident of 36 Adelaide Street Woollahra has raised concerns about an application said to have been made to Council to fix issues with a sewerage line running near or through her property. Could you please advise what, if any, steps have been taken in relation to this issue?

**Team Leader Development Control in response:**

This refers to a 2005 DA that was refused. Subsequently the applicant applied for a Section 82A Review. This application has now been approved.

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**Councillor Shoebridge asking:**

I have been provided with correspondence raising concerns about the build up of rubbish at Rose Bay Beach. Could you please advise Council and the resident as to any schedule for cleaning the beach?

**Coordinator Parks Maintenance in response:**

The beach cleaning schedule for Rose Bay Beach is for Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings. The unusual amount of wood and other debris which washed up on Gibsons and Rose Bay Beaches over the last few weeks has been collected and removed. Residents who raised concerns are being advised.

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Gary James  
General Manager

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**Annexures:** Nil