



WEED CONTROL CLASS 4 MANAGEMENT PLAN

The control objective for weed control class 4 is to minimise the negative impact of those plants on the economy, community or environment of NSW.

NAME OF WEED: Asthma Weed

**Common names: Asthma Weed,
Pellitory**

Scientific names: *Parietaria judaica*

The above mentioned weed is a noxious weed declared under section 7 of the Noxious Weeds Act 1993.

AREA OF OPERATION & PHONE NUMBERS FOR LOCAL CONTROL AUTHORITIES:
Woollahra Municipality LGA
Woollahra Council 9391 7000

PLAN PERIOD

Starting date: 1st March 2006

Completion date: 28th February 2011
(Unless otherwise revoked)

CONTROL MEASURES FOR THE WEED AS PER ORDER 19

Class 4: "The growth and spread of the plant must be controlled according to the measures specified in a management plan published by the local control authority".

CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR THIS WEED IN THE AREA OF OPERATION

For any property occupying land of up to 500 sqm in size, plants must be removed / destroyed.

Properties larger than 500 sqm, a weed management plan approved by Council must be implemented.

On publicly owned or managed land, the weed will be strategically controlled and reduced according to available resources.

Note: The above control requirements will normally be met through applying the following control measures:

Manual control

Hand pull Asthma Weed plants taking care to remove the entire root system. Place in a plastic bag and dispose in the garbage. Check clothing, tools and gloves for pieces of the plant, to prevent further spread.

Herbicide control

If roots are firmly caught in cracks in stone walls or concrete, herbicide may need to be used. Apply the herbicide to the plants while actively growing, and prior to flowering if possible. Spray the plants thoroughly for effective treatment.

SPECIAL NOTES:

1. Asthma Weed pollen may cause asthma, conjunctivitis, rhinitis and hay fever. Contact with plants may cause skin rashes and other allergic reactions. It is recommended that long clothing, a dust mask or half face respirator, eye protection (goggles or glasses) and protective gloves be worn when handling the weed.
2. Follow up treatment will need to occur within three weeks of initial treatment, and may need to be repeated several times to eradicate this weed. It is crucial to control Asthma Weed prior to seeding.
3. Mulch bare soils to reduce re-growth.

General information on control methods for this weed can be found in the most recent edition of the annual *Noxious and Environmental Weed Control Handbook* www.dpi.nsw.gov.au or at www.sydneyweeds.org.au
Before commencing any chemical control program contact your local council's weeds officer for advice tailored to your situation.

All herbicide use should be undertaken with a registered herbicide as specified on the herbicide product label or relevant off-label permit published by the Australian Pesticides & Veterinary Medicines Authority.

LINKAGES TO OTHER PLANS, STRATEGIES (Local, Regional, State and National):

Sydney North Regional Weeds Strategy
Sydney Metropolitan Catchment Weeds Strategy (currently being developed)
Hawkesbury Nepean Catchment Weeds Strategy (currently being developed)
Regional Asthma Weed Management Plan – Sydney Central 2003 - 2008

SECTION 12 OBLIGATIONS (from the Noxious Weeds Act 1993)

Private occupiers of land must control noxious weeds on land.

An occupier (other than a public authority or a local control authority) of land to which a weed control order applies must control noxious weeds on the land as required under the order.

Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units.

Note: If an occupier fails to comply with obligations under a weed control order, those obligations may be enforced against the owner of the land as well as the occupier by a weed control notice issued under section 18.

PLAN ENDORSEMENT

This plan is endorsed by Woollahra Council in the area of operation.

Signed by:



Position:

DIRECTOR TECHNICAL SERVICES

Dated:

2.11.07

April 2006