

Council Meeting

Monday 25 February 2008

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Items Determined Under Delegated Authority by Council Committees

The following Items were determined under Delegated Authority. To see the delegated decisions of Council please refer to the individual Committee Meeting Minutes.

Corporate & Works Committee Meeting held on Monday 18 February 2008

- D1 Confirmation of Minutes of Meeting held on 4 February 2008
- D2 Village Lower Road, Vacluse – Traffic Calming
- D3 Monthly Financial Report – January 2008
- D4 4 Wunulla Road, Point Piper - Proposed Road Closure and Sale
- D5 Bus Shelter Designs
- D6 Environmental, Infrastructure and Stormwater Works Program - 2nd Quarter Management Plan Review

Development Control Committee Meeting held on Monday 18 February 2008

- D1 Confirmation of Minutes of Meeting held on 4 February 2008
- D2 DA259/2007 – 2 Bayview Hill Road, Rose Bay – Alterations & additions including swimming pool & internal modifications – 27/4/2007 – **(See Item R1)**
- D3 DA370/2007 – 32 Guilfoyle Avenue, Double Bay – Demolition of existing residence, adjustment of boundary lines between existing two lots & construction of (2) new residences – 8/6/2007 – **(See Item R2)**
- D4 DA500/2007 – 1 Boambillee Avenue, Vacluse – Demolition of existing dwelling-house – Erection of new dwelling-house – New swimming pool – Landscaping & site works – 7/8/2007
- D5 DA172/2005 Part 5 – 6 Tarrant Avenue, Bellevue Hill - Section 96 Application – Proposed Modifications including new windows, changes to approved windows to allow for clear glazing to be fitted, changes to conditions & changes to roof – 29/10/2007
- D6 DA737/2007 – 594-596 New South Head Road, Rose Bay – Demolition of the Rose Bay Marina ramp & pontoon & construction of a new ramp, platform & pontoon system – 13/11/2007
- D7 DA325/2007 – 18 Bathurst Street, Woollahra – Demolition of existing dwelling & erection of new dwelling with swimming pool – 18/5/2007 – **(See Item R3)**
- D8 DA505/2007 – 17 Morrell Street, Woollahra – Section 82A Review of Refusal – 5/12/2007
- D9 DA709/2007 – 20 Suttie Road, Bellevue Hill – Installation of solar power panels – 1/10/2007
- D10 DA574/2007 – 101A Darling Point Road, Darling Point – Three apartments over basement parking – 6/9/2007
- D11 Register of Current Land and Environment Court Appeals for Development Applications

Urban Planning Committee Meeting held on Monday 11 February 2008

- D1 Confirmation of Minutes of Meeting held on 29 January 2008

Community & Environment Committee Meeting held on Monday 11 February 2008

- D1 Confirmation of Minutes of Meeting held on 29 January 2008
- D2 Woollahra Traffic Committee Minutes - 5 February 2008
- D3 Library Quarterly Report 1 October 2007 to 31 December 2007



Council Meeting

**Minutes of the Meeting of Woollahra Municipal Council
held at the Council Chambers, Double Bay, on
Monday 25 February 2008 at 8.00pm.**

Present: His Worship the Mayor, Councillor Geoff Rundle

Councillors Anthony Boskovitz
John Comino
Christopher Dawson
Tanya Excell
Wilhelmina Gardner
Keri Huxley
Julian Martin
Andrew Petrie
Isabelle Shapiro
David Shoebridge
Fiona Sinclair King (From Item DCC R3)

Staff: A Coker (Director – Planning & Development)
G Clarke (Director – Corporate Services)
W Hatton (Director – Technical Services)
G James (General Manager)
H Tola (Team Leader – Governance)

Also in Attendance: Nil

Note: Due to a power failure and the uncertainty on when power to the building would resume, the Councillors met at 7.20pm to discuss the matters on the agenda. Councillors Cullen & Ehrlich were at this meeting.

At 7.30pm the power to the building resumed and the meeting of Councillors concluded.

The Ordinary Council meeting commenced at 8.00pm and determined all matters on the meeting agenda.

Confirmation of Minutes

(Huxley/Shapiro)

- 1/3** THAT the Minutes of the Council Meeting held on 11 February 2008 be taken as read and confirmed.

Adopted

Leave of Absence

(Huxley/Shapiro)

- 2/3** THAT leave of absence for all meetings of the Council and its Committees be granted to Councillor Julian Martin for the period Monday 3 March 2008 to Friday 7 March 2008.

Adopted

Note: Leave of absence was previously granted to Councillor Walker.

Apologies

Nil

Declarations of Interest

Nil

Corporate & Works Committee

Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 18 February 2008 Submitted to the Council for Determination

Item No: R1 Recommendation to Council
Subject: Double Bay Multi-Function Poles
Author: Trent Scrivener
File No: Tender 07/21
Reason for Report: Information for Councillors

Note: Late correspondence was tabled by Councils Director Technical Services - Warwick Hatton, Daniel Joseph of Streetscape Projects & Robert Matchett of HUB Street Equipment.

**Motion moved by Councillor Boskovitz
Seconded by Councillor Shapiro**

- A. That Council enter into schedule of rates contract in accordance with the offer of 6 December 2007 from Hub Street Equipment to deliver the Double Bay multi-function pole scheme along New South Head Road;
- B. That a further report be submitted with a lump sum price for the Double Bay multi-function-pole scheme from Hub Street Equipment based on the schedule of rates, a review of the extent and scope of works and a detailed lighting design; and
- C. That successful and unsuccessful tenderers be advised accordingly.

**Amendment moved by Councillor Huxley
Seconded by Councillor Shoebridge**

- A. That Council decline to accept any tender, because neither tender represents sufficient value for money.
- B. That Council proceed to prepare a streetlight layout and design to establish fixed quantities of components; and
- C. That Council then call a lump sum tender for supply and installation, based on this layout.
- D. That the tenderers be advised accordingly.

**The Amendment was put and carried
The Amendment became the Motion
The Motion was adopted**

3/3 Resolved:

- A. That Council decline to accept any tender, because neither tender represents sufficient value for money.
- B. That Council proceed to prepare a streetlight layout and design to establish fixed quantities of components; and
- C. That Council then call a lump sum tender for supply and installation, based on this layout.
- D. That the tenderers be advised accordingly.

Note: A Division was called by Councillors Petrie and Boskovitz

For the Motion

Councillor Gardner
 Councillor Huxley
 Councillor Martin
 Councillor Dawson
 Councillor Shoebridge
 Councillor Petrie
 Councillor Rundle

Against the Motion

Councillor Boskovitz
 Councillor Comino
 Councillor Excell
 Councillor Shapiro

7/4

Item No: R2 Recommendation to Council
Subject: **Port Jackson South Estuary Strategic Review**
Author: Melanie Tasker – Sustainability Projects Co-ordinator
File No: 1142.G General Grants
Reason for Report: To advise Council of and gain approval to accept grant funding offer from the NSW State Government for the Implementation of the Port Jackson South Estuary Strategic Review Project.

(Petrie/Huxley)

4/3 Resolved without debate:

- A. That Council accept the grant funding offer totalling \$25,000 by the NSW Government for the implementation of the Port Jackson South Estuary Strategic Review Project.
- B. That Council thank the Minister for Climate Change, Environment and Water for approving grant funding for Woollahra Council's estuary management initiatives.

Item No: R3 Recommendation to Council
Subject: **The Crescent, Vaucluse – Hopetoun Ave, Stage 1 Stormwater Drainage Upgrade**
Author: Joe Cavagnino – Purchasing Coordinator
File No: Tender No 07/22
Reason for Report: To recommend to Council the acceptance of a Tender

(Petrie/Huxley)

5/3 Resolved without debate:

That:

- A. Council enter into a Contract with Kingston Civil Pty Ltd for Part A of The Crescent, Vaucluse Project (Hopetoun Ave, Stage 1 Stormwater Drainage Upgrade) for the sum of \$406,781 (excluding GST).
- B. Successful and unsuccessful tenderers be advised accordingly.
- C. Council seek further funding through Floodplain Risk Management Program Grants to assist funding future stages of this project.
- D. A further report regarding the reallocation of residual funds be provided as part of the 3rd quarter budget review.

Item No: R4 Recommendation to Council
Subject: **2007/2008 Budget Review for the Quarter Ended 31 December 2007**
Author: Michelle Phair – Team Leader Financial Services
File No: 331.G
Reason for Report: To report on the review of the 2007/2008 Budget for the quarter ended 31 December 2007

(Petrie/Huxley)

6/3 Resolved without debate:

- A. That the report be received and noted and the variations to the Budget be adopted.
-

Item No: R5 Recommendation to Council
Subject: **Progress Report – Kiaora Lands Development**
Author: Zubin Marolia, Manager - Property and Projects
File No: 1209.G Part 7
Reason for Report: To provide a progress report on discussions with Woolworths in relation to Kiaora Lands Development proposal and advise on future steps

(Petrie/Huxley)

7/3 Resolved without debate:

1. That the briefing report be noted.
 2. That the Mayor appoint a Working party comprising the Chairman of the Corporate and Works Committee and two other Councillors to negotiate the specifics of the Commercial arrangement.
-

Development Control Committee

Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 18 February 2008 Submitted to the Council for Determination

Item No: R1 Recommendation to Council
Subject: **2 Bayview Hill Road, Rose Bay – Alterations & additions including swimming pool & internal modifications – 27/4/2007**
Author: Lewis Adey – Consultant Planner
File No: DA259/2007
Reason for Report: In accordance with Council's meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council due to a substantive change of the Committee's recommendation (approval) to the DCC Site Inspection recommendation (deferral).

Note: Late correspondence was tabled by Councils Team Leader, George Fotis.

(Huxley/Petrie)

8/3 Resolved: Pursuant to Section 80(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, is of the opinion that the objection under *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 1 – Development Standards* to the height development standard under Clause 12 is well founded. The Council is also of the opinion that strict compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances of this case as the proposal complies with the objectives of the development standard

AND

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, is of the opinion that the objection under *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 1 – Development Standards* to the foreshore building line development standard under Clause 22 is well founded. The Council is also of the opinion that strict compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances of this case as the proposal complies with the objectives of the development standard

AND

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, being satisfied that the objections under SEPP No. 1 are well founded and also being of the opinion that the granting of consent to Development Application No. 259/2007 is consistent with the aims of the Policy, grant development consent to DA No. 259/2007 for alterations and additions to the existing dwelling house on land at 2 Bayview Hill Road Rose Bay, subject to the following conditions:

A. General Conditions

A.1 Conditions

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 80 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (“the *Act*”) and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (“the *Regulation*”) such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 79C of the Act.

Standard Condition: A1

A.2 Definitions

Unless specified otherwise words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act 1987* as in force at the date of consent.

Applicant means the applicant for this Consent.

Approved Plans mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

AS or *AS/NZS* means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

BCA means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

Council means Woollahra Municipal Council

Court means the Land and Environment Court

Local native plants means species of native plant endemic to Sydney’s eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled “Local Native Plants for Sydney’s Eastern Suburbs published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

Stormwater Drainage System means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- a. The collection of stormwater,
- b. The retention of stormwater,
- c. The reuse of stormwater,
- d. The detention of stormwater,
- e. The controlled release of stormwater; and
- f. Connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

Owner means the owner of the *site* and successors in title to the *site*.

Owner Builder has the same meaning as in the *Home Building Act 1989*.

PCA means the *Principal Certifying Authority* under the *Act*.

Principal Contractor has the same meaning as in the *Act* or where a *principal contractor* has not been appointed by the *owner* of the land being developed *Principal Contractor* means the *owner* of the land being developed.

Professional Engineer has the same meaning as in the *BCA*.

Public Place has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Road has the same mean as in the *Roads Act 1993*.

SEE means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the *Applicant*.

Site means the land being developed subject to this consent.

WLEP 1995 means *Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995*

Work for the purposes of this consent means:

- a. the use of land in connection with development,
- b. the subdivision of land,
- c. the erection of a building,
- d. the carrying out of any work,
- e. the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- f. the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- g. the demolition of a building,
- h. the piling, piercing, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- i. the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- j. the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an *occupation certificate*.

Note: Interpretation of Conditions - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council.
Standard Condition: A2

A.3 Approved Plans and supporting documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the plans and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp “Approved DA Plans” **unless modified by any following condition**. Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
A:001C A:002C A:003AC and A004C & A:200C to A:203C inclusive	Architectural Plans	Level 5 Design	11.02.08
A26740	BASIX Certificate	Department of Planning	13.01.08

Note: Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

Note: These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)
Standard Condition: A5

A.4 Ancillary Aspect of the Development (s80A(2) of the Act)

The owner must procure the repair, replacement or rebuilding of all road pavement, kerb, gutter, footway, footpaths adjoining the site or damaged as a result of work under this consent or as a consequence of work under this consent. Such work must be undertaken to Council's satisfaction in accordance with Council's "Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works" dated January 2003 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the *owner's* expense.

Note: This condition does not affect the *principal contractor's* or any sub-contractors obligations to protect and preserve public infrastructure from damage or affect their liability for any damage that occurs.
Standard Condition: A8

A.5 General Terms of Approval – *Rivers and Foreshores Improvement Act 1948* (Maritime)

The following general terms of approval have been imposed by the NSW Maritime Authority:

Part 3A

- a. The works to which these general terms of approval apply are not to commence until such time as NSW Maritime has issued a Part 3A Permit under the Rivers and Foreshores Improvement Act, 1948.
- b. The proposed works are carried out so that:
 - a. No materials are eroded or likely to be eroded, are deposited, or likely to be deposited, on the bed or shore or into the waters of Blackburn Cove; and
 - b. No materials are likely to be carried by natural forces to the bed, shore or waters of Blackburn Cove
- c. Any material that does enter the waters of Blackburn Cove must be removed immediately.
- d. Best practice methods shall be adopted for the on-site control of runoff, sediment and other pollutants during, and post, construction. Methods shall be in accordance with the relevant specifications and standards contained in the manual *Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction* issued by the NSW Department of Housing/Landcom in 2004 and any other relevant Council requirements.
- e. The erosion, sediment and pollution controls must be installed and stabilised before commencement of site works. This does not include the works associated with the construction of the appropriate controls.
- f. The proposed system for erosion, sediment and pollution control is effectively maintained at or above design capacity for the duration of the works and until such time as all ground disturbed by the works has been stabilised and rehabilitated so that it no longer acts as a source of sediment.
- g. Any material that is to be stockpiled on site must be stabilised and covered to prevent erosion or dispersal of the material.
- h. Landscaping is to be comprised of locally indigenous species, which represent the original plant communities that would have been found along the shoreline in the vicinity of the subject land.
- i. Any trees that are removed during the works are to be replaced elsewhere on the site with a suitable replacement. Replacement trees are to be locally indigenous species.

- j. In relation to (h) and (i) above, a suitable landscape plan is to be provided to NSW Maritime prior to a Part 3A permit being issued. The plan is to identify the location and species of trees at the site; measures to protect them from damage during the works and details of additional landscaping to be carried out, including species, numbers and location.
- k. It is noted that there are seagrass communities immediately adjacent the site, which are sensitive to disturbance and siltation. The erosion and sediment control system proposed to manage any potential impacts needs to reflect the sensitivity of the receiving waters and demonstrate that there are sufficient measures to prevent impacts to this sensitive habitat. To this effect a suitably prepared management plan is to be provided. The plan should include, but not limited to:
 - a. Measures to contain and reduce the dispersal of sediment and fines;
 - b. Post construction works to restore and stabilise affected areas;
 - c. Measures are in place to audit the environmental performance of the construction management and what approach is to be used for responding to this issue; and
 - d. Measures to prevent any material entering the water from waste receptacles that are to be transported to and from the site.
- l. The foreshore and intertidal area are to be fully protected for the duration of the works. This includes preventing the storage of any materials, equipment, supplies or waste receptacles within the intertidal area.
- m. Limited information has been provided regarding access for the proposed works. If access for construction and materials is to be sought via the foreshore (ie barge) then a comprehensive construction management plan is to be prepared by suitably qualified individuals and submitted to the satisfaction of NSW Maritime. The plan should include, but not limited to, measures that demonstrate:
 - a. The protection of sensitive intertidal areas through access and egress of the barge and associated activities (such as propeller damage, lines and anchor points, length of stay etc).
 - b. The management of disturbed foreshore lands to avoid any sediment entering the waterway.
 - c. Siltation management through the implementation of suitable controls (such as floating boom and silt curtains.
 - d. Post construction works to restore and stabilise the intertidal area.
 - e. Measures are in place to audit the environmental performance of the construction management and what approach is to be used for responding to an issue.
- n. Any works relating to the existing seawall are to be follow the same alignment to the existing wall, with no encroachment onto NSW Maritime land. Seawalls are to be constructed of, or faced with, similar sandstone materials which have been used elsewhere.
- o. Plans to be provided with the Part 3A Permit are to depict the site boundary (and/or MHW) in relation to Rose Bay. No works are to be undertaken on land owned by NSW Maritime without the relevant approvals being granted by NSW Maritime.

Note: These conditions have not been imposed by Council but are required to be incorporate as conditions of development consent. Where there is any inconsistency between these general terms of approval and other conditions of this consent the more onerous requirement prevails.

Standard Condition: A17

B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction

B.1 Construction Certificate required prior to any demolition

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 81A(2) of the Act. In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a PCA and Notice of Commencement under the Act.

Note: See *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.
Standard Condition: B1

C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate

C.1 Modification of details of the development (s80A(1)(g) of the Act)

The *approved plans* must be amended and the *Construction Certificate* plans and specification, required to be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail:

- a. The proposed extension to the balcony at ground floor level is not to extend beyond the northern building line and the connection between the existing courtyard and this part of the balcony is to be deleted from the proposal.

Note: The effect of this condition is that it requires design changes and/or further information to be provided with the *Construction Certificate* drawings and specifications to address specific issues identified during assessment under section 79C of the *Act*.

Note: Clause 146 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any *Construction Certificate* subject to this condition unless the *Certifying Authority* is satisfied that the condition has been complied with.

Note: Clause 145 of the *Regulation* prohibits the issue of any *Construction Certificate* that is inconsistent with this consent.
Standard Condition: C4

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code
LONG SERVICE LEVY under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986			
Long Service Levy Use Calculator: http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy_information/levy_calculator.stm	Contact LSL Corporation or use their online calculator	No	
SECURITY under section 80A(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
Property Damage Security Deposit - Making good any damage caused to any property of the <i>Council</i> as a consequence of the doing of anything to which the consent relates.	\$4000	No	T600

DEVELOPMENT LEVY			
under Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005 This plan may be inspected at Woollahra Council or downloaded from our website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au .			
Development Levy	\$880 + Index Amount	Yes, quarterly	T94
INSPECTION FEES			
under section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993			
Public Tree Management Inspection Fee	\$363.25	No	T95
Security Administration Fee	\$163	No	T16
TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS, LEVIES AND FEES	\$5406.25 Plus any relevant indexed amounts and long service levy		

Building & Construction Industry Long Service Payment

The Long Service Levy under Section 34 of the *Building & Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act, 1986*, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the *Certifying Authority* prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

Note: The Levy can be paid directly to the Long Services Payments Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Payments Corporation's website <http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/> or by telephoning the Long Service Payments Corporation on 13 14 41.

How must the payments be made?

Payments must be made by:

- a. Cash deposit with Council,
- b. Credit card payment with Council, or
- c. Bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- a. the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- b. the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first;
- c. the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent; and
- d. the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

How will the section 94A levy be indexed?

To ensure that the value the development levy is not eroded over time by increases in costs, the proposed cost of carrying out development (from which the development levy is calculated) will be indexed either annually or quarterly (see table above). Clause 3.13 of the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005 sets out the formula and index to be used in adjusting the s.94A levy.

Do you need HELP indexing the levy?

Please contact our customer service officers. Failure to correctly calculate the adjusted the development levy will delay the issue of any Part 4A Certificate and could void any Part 4A Certificate (construction certificate, subdivision certificate, or occupation certificate).

Deferred periodic payment of section 94A levy under the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2005

Where the applicant makes a written request supported by reasons for payment of the section 94A levy other than as required by clause 3.9, the Council may accept deferred or periodic payment. The decision to accept a deferred or periodic payment is at the sole discretion of the Council, which will consider:

- a. the reasons given;
- b. whether any prejudice will be caused to the community deriving benefit from the public facilities;
- c. whether any prejudice will be caused to the efficacy and operation of this plan; and
- d. whether the provision of public facilities in accordance with the adopted works schedule will be adversely affected.

Council may, as a condition of accepting deferred or periodic payment, require the provision of a bank guarantee where:

- a. the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- b. the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first;
- c. the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent; and
- d. the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

Any deferred or outstanding component of the section 94A levy will be adjusted in accordance with clause 3.13 of the plan. The applicant will be required to pay any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank guarantee. Council will not cancel the bank guarantee until the outstanding contribution as indexed and any accrued charges are paid.

Standard Condition: C5

C.2 BASIX commitments

The *applicant* must submit to the *Certifying Authority BASIX Certificate* No. A26740 with any application for a *Construction Certificate*.

Note: Where there is any proposed change in the BASIX commitments the applicant must submit of a new *BASIX Certificate* to the *Certifying Authority* and Council. If any proposed change in the BASIX commitments are inconsistent with development consent (See: Clauses 145 and 146 of the *Regulation*) the applicant will be required to submit an amended development application to *Council* pursuant to section 96 of the Act.

All commitments in the *BASIX Certificate* must be shown on the *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

Note: Clause 145(1)(a1) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000* provides: "A certifying authority must not issue a construction certificate for building work unless it is satisfied of the following matters: (a1) that the plans and specifications for the building include such matters as each relevant BASIX certificate requires,"

Standard Condition: C7

C.3 Soil and Water Management Plan – Submission & Approval

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the *Certifying Authority* a soil and water management plan complying with:

- a. “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- b. “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition” (*The Blue Book*).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence. The *Certifying Authority* must be satisfied that the soil and water management plan complies with the publications above prior to issuing any *Construction Certificate*.

Note: This condition has been imposed to eliminate potential water pollution and dust nuisance.

Note: The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia <http://www.austieca.com.au/> lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where erosion and sedimentation plans are required for larger projects it is recommended that expert consultants produce these plans.

Note: The “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” publications can be down loaded free of charge from <http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/> .

Note: Pursuant to clause 161(1)(a)(5) of the *Regulation an Accredited Certifier* may satisfied as to this matter.
Standard Condition: C25

C.4 Structural Adequacy of Existing Supporting Structures

A certificate from a *professional engineer* (Structural Engineer), certifying the adequacy of the existing supporting structure to support the additional loads proposed to be imposed by the development, must be submitted with the *Construction Certificate* application.

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure that the existing structure structural is able to support the additional loads proposed.
Standard Condition: C35

C.5 Stormwater discharge to existing *Stormwater Drainage System* (Clause 25(2) WLEP 1995)

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail:

- a. the location of the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* including all pipes, inspection openings, surface drains, pits and their discharge location,
- b. the state of repair of the existing *Stormwater Drainage System*,
- c. any remedial works required to upgrade the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* to comply with the BCA,
- d. any remedial works required to upgrade the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* crossing the footpath and any new kerb outlets,
- e. any new *Stormwater Drainage System* complying with the BCA,
- f. interceptor drain(s) at the site boundary to prevent stormwater flows from the site crossing the footpath,
- g. any rainwater tank required by BASIX commitments including their overflow connection to the *Stormwater Drainage System*, and
- h. general compliance with the Council’s draft Development Control Plan Stormwater Drainage Management (draft version 1, public exhibition copy dated 23 August 2004)

Where any new *Stormwater Drainage System* crosses the footpath area within any road, separate approval under section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* must be obtained from Council for those works prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

All *Stormwater Drainage System* work within any road or public place must comply with Woollahra Municipal Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated January 2003.

Note: Clause F1.1 of Volume 1 and Part 3.1.2 of Volume 2 of the BCA provide that stormwater drainage complying with AS/NZS 3500.3 Plumbing and drainage - Part 3: Stormwater drainage is deemed-to-satisfy the BCA. Council's specifications apply in relation to any works with any road or public place.

Note: Stormwater Drainage Systems must not discharge to any Sewer System. It is illegal to connect stormwater pipes and drains to the sewerage system as this can overload the system and cause sewage overflows. See:

<http://www.sydneywater.com.au/Publications/Factsheets/SewerfixLookingAfterYourSewerPipes.pdf>

Note: Woollahra Municipal Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated January 2003 and Council's draft Development Control Plan Stormwater Drainage Management (draft version 1, public exhibition copy dated 23 August 2004) can be downloaded from Council's website:

www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au

Standard Condition: C49

C.6 Stormwater Discharge to Harbour (Clause 25(2) WLEP 1995)

The developer must obtain written approval from the NSW Maritime Authority to discharge stormwater from the subject property directly into Sydney Harbour.

Standard Condition: C50

C.7 Swimming and Spa Pools – Child Resistant Barriers

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation* must demonstrate compliance (by showing the proposed location of all child-resistant barriers and the resuscitation sign) with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.

Note: A statement to the effect that isolation swimming pool fencing complying with AS1926 will be installed does not satisfy this condition. The location of the required barriers and the sign must be detailed upon the *Construction Certificate* plans.

Standard Condition: C55

C.8 Swimming and Spa Pools – Backwash

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specification required to be submitted pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must detail the connection of backwash to Sydney Waters sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

Note: The plans must show the location of Sydney Waters sewer, the yard gully or any new connection to the sewer system including a detailed cross section of the connection complying with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

Note: The discharge of backwash water to any stormwater system is water pollution and an offence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*. The connection of any backwash pipe to any stormwater system is an offence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

Standard Condition: C56

C.9 Construction Methodology Report

There are built structures deemed to be in the zone of influence of the proposed excavations on this site. A qualified geotechnical engineer must prepare a Construction Methodology report demonstrating that the proposed excavation will have no adverse impact on any surrounding property and infrastructure. The report must be submitted with the application for a Construction Certificate.

The report must include an investigation to determine the design parameters appropriate to the specific development and site. This would typically include:

- Location and level of nearby foundations/footings (site and neighbouring)
- Proposed method of excavation
- Permanent and temporary support measures for excavation
- Potential settlements affecting footings/foundations
- Ground-water levels (if any)
- Batter slopes
- Potential vibration caused by method of excavation
- The provision of a geotechnical and hydrogeotechnical program if necessary
- De-watering including seepage and off site disposal rate (if any)
- Dilapidation reports on the adjoining properties if necessary

The Report must include recommendations on appropriate construction techniques to ameliorate any potential adverse impacts.

D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work

D.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a. that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b. in the case of residential building work for which *the Home Building Act 1989* requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a. to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4),
- or
- b. to the erection of a temporary building.

In this condition, a reference to the *BCA* is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

Note: This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia.
Standard Condition: D1

D.2 Adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials

The *principal contractor* must ensure that a *professional engineer* determines the possibility of any adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials being affected by piling, piers or excavation. The *professional engineer* (geotechnical consultant) must assess the requirements for underpinning any adjoining or adjacent buildings founded on such soil on a case by case basis and the *principal contractor* must comply with any reasonable direction of the *professional engineer*.

Note: A failure by contractors to adequately assess and seek professional engineering (geotechnical) advice to ensure that appropriate underpinning and support to adjoining land is maintained prior to commencement may result in damage to adjoining land and buildings. Such contractors are likely to be held responsible for any damages arising from the removal of any support to supported land as defined by section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*.
Standard Condition: D6

D.3 Work (Construction) Zone – Approval & Implementation

A work zone is required for this development. The *principal contractor* or *owner* must apply for, obtained approval for, pay all fees for and implemented the required work zone before commencement of any work.

The *principal contractor* must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road as a work zone. All Work Zone signs must have been erected by Council to permit enforcement of the work zone by Rangers and Police before commencement of any work. Signs are not erected until full payment of work zone fees.

Note: The *principal contractor* or *owner* must allow not less than four weeks (for routine applications) from the date of making an application to the Traffic Committee (Woollahra Local Traffic Committee) constituted under the Clause 22 of the *Transport Administration (General) Regulation 2000* to exercise those functions delegated by the Roads and Traffic Authority under Section 50 of the *Transport Administration Act 1988*.

Note: The enforcement of the work zone is at the discretion of Council's Rangers and the NSW Police Service. The principal contractor must report any breach of the work zone to either Council or the NSW Police Service.
Standard Condition: D10

D.4 Site Signs

The *Principal Contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the sign required by clauses 98A and 227A of the *Regulation* is erected and maintained at all times.

“Erection of signs

1. For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.
2. A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:

- a. showing the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifying authority for the work, and
 - b. showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
 - c. stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
3. Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
 4. This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.
 5. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the Act, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws."

Note: *PCA* and *principal contractors* must also ensure that signs required by this clause are erected and maintained (see clause 227A which imposes a penalty exceeding \$1,000).

Note: If *Council* is appointed as the *PCA* it will provide the sign to the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by Clause 98A of the *Regulation*.
Standard Condition: D12

D.5 Toilet Facilities

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

Each toilet provided:

- a. must be a standard flushing toilet, and
- b. must be connected to a public sewer, or
- c. if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the council, or
- d. if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the council.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced.

In this condition:

accredited sewage management facility means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993* applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in clause 95B of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

approved by the council means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

public sewer has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

sewage management facility has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

Note: This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with Workcover NSW requirements.
Standard Condition: D13

D.6 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Installation

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must install and maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a. The *Soil and Water Management Plan* if required under this consent;
- b. “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c. “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition” (“The Blue Book”).

Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.

Note: The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia (<http://www.austieca.com.au/>) lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where Soil and Water Management Plan is required for larger projects it is recommended that this be produced by a member of the International Erosion Control Association – Australasia.

Note: The “Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry” publications can be down loaded free of charge from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au.

Note: A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* **without any further warning**. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

Note: Section 257 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides inter alia that “the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution” **Warning**, irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of their occupation of the land being developed.
Standard Condition: D14

D.7 Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (s81A(2) of the Act)

The erection of the building in accordance with this development consent must not be commenced until:

- a. a construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the council (if the council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
- b. the person having the benefit of the development consent has:
 - i. appointed a principal certifying authority for the building work, and
 - ii. notified the principal certifying authority that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case, and

- b1. the principal certifying authority has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
- i. notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
 - ii. notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- b2. the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:
- i. appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
 - ii. notified the principal certifying authority of any such appointment, and
 - iii. unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
 - iv. given at least 2 days' notice to the council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.

Note: *building* has the same meaning as in section 4 of the *Act* and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure.

Note: *new building* has the same meaning as in section 109H of the *Act* and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

Note: The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 82A(2) of the *Act* (including the need for a *Construction Certificate*) prior to any demolition work. See: *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.

Note: *Construction Certificate* Application, *PCA Service Agreement* and *Notice of Commencement* forms can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au.

Note: It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a *building* in breach of this condition and in breach of section 81A(2) of the *Act*.
Standard Condition: D15

D.8 Notification of Home Building Act 1989 requirements

- a. For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of this condition are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989.
- b. Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the following information:
 - i. in the case of work for which a *principal contractor* is required to be appointed:
 - the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
 - the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that *Act*,

- ii. in the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:
 - the name of the owner-builder, and
 - if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that Act, the number of the owner-builder permit.
- c. If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under subclause (2) becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the updated information.
- d. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the Act, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws.
Standard Condition: D17

D.9 Establishment of boundary location, building location and datum

Prior to the commencement of any work the principal contractor or owner builder must ensure that a surveyor registered under the *Surveying Act 2002* sets out:

- a. the boundaries of the *site* by permanent marks (including permanent recovery points);
- b. the location and level of foundation excavations, footings, walls and slabs by permanent marks, pegs or profiles relative to the boundaries of the land and relative to Australian Height Datum ("AHD") in compliance with the approved plans;
- c. establishes a permanent datum point (bench mark) within the boundaries of the *site* relative to AHD; and
- d. provides a copy of a survey report by the registered surveyor detailing, the title boundaries, pegs/profiles, recovery points and bench mark locations as established pursuant to this condition to the PCA.

Note: Where the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* notes any discrepancy between the approved development consent and the *Construction Certificate*, especially in relation to the height, location or external configuration of the building (but not limited to these issues) the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* should not proceed until satisfied that the variations as shown are consistent with the consent. Failure to do so may result in a breach of development consent.

Note: On larger developments, or where boundary redefinition is required, the placement of new State Survey Marks as permanent marks should be considered by the registered surveyor.
Standard Condition: D18

E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work

E.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a. that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,

- b. in the case of residential building work for which the Home Building Act 1989 requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a. to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4) of the Regulation, or
- b. to the erection of a temporary building.

In this clause, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

Standard Condition: E1

E.2 Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition

Demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601—1991: The Demolition of Structures, published by Standards Australia, and as in force at 1 July 1993.

Standard Condition: E2

E.3 Compliance with Construction Management Plan

All development activities and traffic movements must be carried out in accordance with the approved construction management plan.

All controls in the Plan must be maintained at all times. A copy of the Plan must be kept on-site at all times and made available to the *PCA* or *Council* on request.

Note: Irrespective of the provisions of the Construction Management Plan the provisions of traffic and parking legislation prevails.

Standard Condition: E3

E.4 Critical Stage Inspections

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* as required by the *PCA*, any *PCA* service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*.

Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the *PCA* is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*. *critical stage inspections* means the inspections prescribed by the *Regulations* for the purposes of section 109E(3)(d) of the *Act* or as required by the *PCA* and any *PCA* Service Agreement.

Note: The *PCA* may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the *PCA* be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.

Note: The *PCA* may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of *Compliance Certificates*, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* in relation to any matter relevant to the development.

Standard Condition: E5

E.5 Hours of Work –Amenity of the neighbourhood

- a. No *work* must take place on any Sunday or public holiday,
- b. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday,
- c. No *work* must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday, and
- d. No piling, piercing, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of land or loading of material to or from trucks must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday.
- e. No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

Note: The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.

Note: Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.

Note: The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RTA and Police restrictions on their movement out side the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.

Note: Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2000*.

Note: EPA Guidelines can be down loaded from <http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm> .

Note: see http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci_build_sheet7.pdf
Standard Condition: E6

E.6 Maintenance of Vehicular and Pedestrian Safety and Access

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* and any other person acting with the benefit of this consent must:

- a. Not erect or maintain any gate or fence swing out or encroaching upon the road or the footway.
- b. Not use the road or footway for the storage of any article, material, matter, waste or thing.
- c. Not use the road or footway for any *work*.
- d. Keep the road and footway in good repair free of any trip hazard or obstruction.
- e. Not stand any plant and equipment upon the road or footway.

This condition does not apply to the extent that a permit or approval exists under the section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999*, section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* or section 94 of the *Local Government Act 1993* except that at all time compliance is required with:

- a. Australian Standard AS 1742 (Set) Manual of uniform traffic control devices and all relevant parts of this set of standards.
- b. Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999*.

Note: Section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* allows the Police to close any road or road related area to traffic during any temporary obstruction or danger to traffic or for any temporary purpose. Any road closure requires Police approval.

Note: Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* provides that a person must not:

- (a) erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or
- (b) dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
- (c) remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or
- (d) pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or
- (e) connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road, otherwise than with the consent of the appropriate roads authority.

Note: Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* provides that a person may carry out certain activities only with the prior approval of the council including:

Part C Management of Waste:

- “1. For fee or reward, transport waste over or under a public place
2. Place waste in a public place
3. Place a waste storage container in a public place.”

Part E Public roads:

- “1. Swing or hoist goods across or over any part of a public road by means of a lift, hoist or tackle projecting over the footway
2. Expose or allow to be exposed (whether for sale or otherwise) any article in or on or so as to overhang any part of the road or outside a shop window or doorway abutting the road, or hang an article beneath an awning over the road.”

Any work in, on or over the Road or Footway requires *Council* Approval and in the case of classified roads the NSW Roads and Traffic Authority. Road includes that portion of the road used as a footway.
Standard Condition: E7

E.7 Tree Preservation

All persons must comply with Council’s *Tree Preservation Order* (“the TPO”), other than where varied by this consent. The order applies to any tree, with a height greater than 5 metres or a diameter spread of branches greater than 3 metres, is subject to Council’s Tree Preservation Order unless, exempted by specific provisions. Works to be carried out within a 5 metre radius of any tree, subject to the Tree Preservation Order, require the prior written consent of Council.

General Protection Requirements:

- a. There must be no excavation or *work* within the required Tree Protection Zone(s). The Tree Protection Zone(s) must be maintained during all *development work*.
- b. Where excavation encounters tree roots with a diameter exceeding 40mm excavation must cease. The *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree roots exposed by a qualified arborist. Excavation must only recommence with the implementation of the recommendations of the qualified arborist or where specific instructions are given by Council’s Tree Management Officer in strict accordance with such Council instructions.

- c. Where there is damage to any part of a tree the *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree by a qualified arborist immediately. The *principal contractor* must immediately implement treatment as directed by the qualified arborist or where specific instructions are given by Council's Tree Management Officer in strict accordance with such Council instructions.

Note: Trees must be pruned in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4373 – 2007 “Pruning of Amenity Trees” and Workcover NSW Code of Practice Amenity Tree Industry 1998.
Standard Condition: E8

E.8 Maintenance of Environmental Controls

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the following monitoring, measures and controls are maintained:

- a) Erosion and sediment controls,
- b) Dust controls,
- c) Dewatering discharges,
- d) Noise controls;
- e) Vibration monitoring and controls;
- f) Ablutions;
- g) <insert or delete such controls as may be necessary in the circumstances of the consent>

Note 1: See http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/small_business/builders.htm for additional information.
Standard Condition: E11

E.9 Support of adjoining land and buildings

A person must not do anything on or in relation to the *site* (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other land (the supported land) or building (the supported building).

For the purposes of this condition, supporting land includes the natural surface of the site, the subsoil of the site, any water beneath the site, and any part of the site that has been reclaimed.

Note: This condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is considered necessary upon any adjoining or supported land by any person the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must obtain:

- a) the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or
- b) an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or
- c) an easement under section 88K of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, or
- d) an easement under section 40 of the *Land & Environment Court Act 1979* as appropriate.

Note: Section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).

Note: Clause 20 of the *Roads (General) Regulation 2000* prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: “**Excavations adjacent to road** - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road.” Separate approval is required under the Roads Act 1993 for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road.

Note: The encroachment of work or the like is a civil matter of trespass or encroachment and Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments except in relation to encroachments upon any road, public place, crown land under Council's care control or management, or any community or operational land as defined by the *Local Government Act 1993*.
Standard Condition: E13

E.10 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Maintenance

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) The Soil and Water Management Plan required under this consent;
- b) “*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c) “*Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction*” published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition (“*The Blue Book*”).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence.



Note 1: A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

Note 2: Section 257 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 provides that “the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution”. **Warning**, irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of the occupation of the land being developed whether or not they actually cause the pollution.
Standard Condition: E15

E.11 Disposal of site water during construction

The principal contractor or owner builder must ensure:

- a) Prior to pumping any water into the road or public stormwater system that approval is obtained from *Council* under section 138(1)(d) of the *Roads Act 1993*;
- b) That *water pollution*, as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, does not occur as the result of the discharge to the road, public stormwater system or other place or any site water;
- c) That stormwater from any roof or other impervious areas is linked, via temporary downpipes and stormwater pipes, to a Council approved stormwater disposal system immediately upon completion of the roof installation or work creating other impervious areas.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that adjoining and neighbouring land is not adversely affected by unreasonable overland flows of stormwater and that site water does not concentrate water such that they cause erosion and water pollution.
Standard Condition: E17

E.12 Check Surveys - boundary location, building location, building height and stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that a surveyor registered under the *Surveying Act 2002* carries out check surveys and provides survey certificates confirming the location of the building(s) and the stormwater drainage system relative to the boundaries of the *site* and that the height of buildings and the stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum complies with this consent at the following critical stages.

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that work must not proceed beyond each of the following critical stages until compliance has been demonstrated to the *PCA's* satisfaction:

- a) Upon the completion of foundation walls prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any floor slab and generally at damp proof course level;
- b) Upon the completion of formwork for floor slabs prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any concrete and generally at each storey;
- c) Upon the completion of formwork or framework for the roof(s) prior to the laying of any roofing or the pouring of any concrete roof;
- d) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for any ancillary structures, swimming pool or spa pool or the like;
- e) Driveway transitions and crest thresholds prior to pavement of driveways;
- f) Stormwater Drainage Systems prior to or post construction confirming location, height and capacity of works.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that development occurs in the location and at the height approved under this consent.
Standard Condition: E20

E.13 Placement and use of Skip Bins

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:

- a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 94 of the *Local Government Act 1993* to place the waste storage container in a public place, and
- b) Where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999*.

Note: Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards.
Standard Condition: E21

E.14 Dust Mitigation

Dust mitigation must be implemented in accordance with “*Dust Control - Do it right on site*” published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils.

This generally requires:

- a) Dust screens to all hoardings and site fences.
- b) All stockpiles or loose materials to be covered when not being used.
- c) All equipment, where capable, being fitted with dust catchers.
- d) All loose materials being placed bags before placing into waste or skip bins.
- e) All waste and skip bins being kept covered when not being filled or emptied.
- f) The surface of excavation work being kept wet to minimise dust.
- g) Landscaping incorporating trees, dense shrubs and grass being implemented as soon as practically possible to minimise dust.

Note 1: “*Dust Control - Do it right on site*” can be down loaded free of charge from Council’s web site www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au or obtained from Council’s office.

Note 2: Special precautions must be taken when removing asbestos or lead materials from development sites. Additional information can be obtained from www.workcover.nsw.gov.au and www.epa.nsw.gov.au . Other specific condition and advice may apply.

Note 3: Demolition and construction activities may affect local air quality and contribute to urban air pollution. The causes are dust, smoke and fumes coming from equipment or activities, and airborne chemicals when spraying for pest management. Precautions must be taken to prevent air pollution.
Standard Condition: E23

E.15 Swimming and Spa Pools – Temporary Child Resistant Barriers and other matters

Temporary child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* where any swimming pool or spa pool as defined by the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* contains more than 300mm in depth of water at any time. Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* as soon as practical.

Backwash and any temporary dewatering from any swimming pool or spa pool as defined by the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

Note: This condition does not prevent Council from issuing an order pursuant to section 23 of the *Swimming Pool Act 1992* or taking such further action as necessary for a breach of this condition or the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.
Standard Condition: E26

E.16 Existing drainage easement, drainage reserve or stormwater drainage system benefiting Council

Council drainage easement(s) drainage reserve(s) or stormwater system passes through the site. No building or other structure must be placed over the drainage easement or stormwater system or within the zone of influence taken from the invert of any pipe.

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must locate all *Stormwater Drainage Systems* without causing any damage to the public system and ensure its protection. The *owner*, *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must not obstruct or otherwise remove, disconnect or render inoperable the *Stormwater Drainage System*.

Works such as fences must not obstruct the natural floodway or alter the natural floodway in such a way as to direct or concentrate stormwater on to neighbouring properties.

Where the relocation or reconstruction of Council's drainage system is approved then all work carried out on assets which are under Council ownership or will revert to the ownership, care, control or management of Council, in connection with the *development* to which this consent relates, must comply with Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated January 2003.

The *owner, principal contractor or owner builder* must meet all costs associated with such works.

This condition does not set aside the need to obtain relevant approvals under the *Roads Act 1993* or *Local Government Act 1993* for works within Roads and other public places.

Note: The Local Government Act 1993 provides:

"59A Ownership of water supply, sewerage and stormwater drainage works

- (1) *Subject to this Division, a council is the owner of all works of water supply, sewerage and stormwater drainage installed in or on land by the council (whether or not the land is owned by the council).*
- (2) A council may operate, repair, replace, maintain, remove, extend, expand, connect, disconnect, improve or do any other things that are necessary or appropriate to any of its works to ensure that, in the opinion of the council, the works are used in an efficient manner for the purposes for which the works were installed."

Standard Condition: E27

E.17 Compliance with Construction Methodology Report

Excavation must be undertaken in accordance with the recommendations of the *Construction Methodology Report* and any oral or written direction of the supervising *professional engineer*.

The *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor must strictly follow the recommendations in the *Construction Methodology Report* for the development including, but not limited to;

- a) the location and type of any monitoring systems to be utilised;
- b) recommended hold points to allow for inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydrogeological measures by the *professional engineer*; and
- c) any contingency plan.

Note: The consent authority cannot require that the author of the *Construction Methodology Report* submitted with the *Development Application* to be appointed as the *professional engineer* supervising the work however, it is the Council's recommendation that the author of the report be retained during the construction stage.

Standard Condition: E12

F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)

F.1 Occupation Certificate (section 109M of the Act)

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 109H (4) of the *Act*) unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

Note: New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

Standard Condition: F1

F.2 Commissioning and Certification of Systems and Works

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the satisfaction of the *PCA* works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* confirming that the *works*, as executed and as detailed, comply with the requirement of this consent, the *Act*, the *Regulations*, any relevant *construction certificate*, the *BCA* and relevant *Australian Standards*.

Works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* must including but may not be limited to:

- a. Certification from the supervising professional engineer that the requirement of the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological conditions and report recommendations were implemented and satisfied during development work.
- b. All flood protection measures.
- c. All garage/car park/basement car park, driveways and access ramps comply with Australian Standard AS 2890.1 – “Off-Street car parking.”
- d. All stormwater drainage systems.
- e. All mechanical ventilation systems.
- f. All hydraulic systems.
- g. All structural work.
- h. All acoustic attenuation work.
- i. All waterproofing.
- j. Such further matters as the *Principal Certifying Authority* may require.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that systems and works as completed meet *development standards* as defined by the *Act*, comply with the *BCA*, comply with this consent and so that a public record of works as execute is maintained.

Note: The *PCA* may require any number of WAE plans, certificates, or other evidence of suitability as necessary to confirm compliance with the *Act*, *Regulation*, Development Standards, *BCA*, and relevant *Australia Standards*. As a minimum WAE plans and certification is required for stormwater drainage and detention, mechanical ventilation work, hydraulic services (including but not limited to fire services).

Note: The *PCA* must submit to Council, with any *Occupation Certificate*, copies of works-as-executed (“WAE”) plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* upon which the *PCA* has relied in issuing any *Occupation Certificate*.
Standard Condition: F7

F.3 Swimming and Spa Pools – Permanent Child Resistant Barriers and other matters

Prior to any occupation or use of the development and prior to filling any swimming pool as defined by the *Swimming Pool Act 1992*:

- a. Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.
- b. The *Principal Contractor* or *owner* must apply for and obtain a Compliance Certificate under section 24 of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.
- c. Public Pools must comply with the NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines in force at that time and private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable.
- d. Water recirculation and filtration systems must be installed in compliance with AS 1926.3-2003: *Swimming pool safety - Water recirculation and filtration systems*.

Backwash must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

- e. Water recirculation and filtration systems must be connected to the electricity supply by a timer that limits the systems operation such that it does not operate:
- f. before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday, or before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.

Note: The NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines can be down loaded free from:
<http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/public-health/ehb/general/pools/poolguidelines.pdf>
Standard Condition: F13

G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Subdivision Certificate

Nil

H. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate (s109C(1)(c))

H.1 Fulfilment of BASIX commitments – Clause 154B of the Regulation

All BASIX commitments must be effected in accordance with the BASIX Certificate No. 26740.

Note: Clause 154B(2) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000 provides: "A *certifying authority* must not issue a final occupation certificate for a BASIX affected building to which this clause applies unless it is satisfied that each of the commitments whose fulfilment it is required to monitor has been fulfilled."
Standard Condition: H7

I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the development

I.1 Maintenance of BASIX commitments

All BASIX commitments must be maintained in accordance with the BASIX Certificate No. A26740.

Note: This condition affects successors in title with the intent that environmental sustainability measures must be maintained for the life of development under this consent.
Standard Condition: I7

I.2 Swimming and Spa Pools – Maintenance

Swimming and Spa Pools must be maintained:

- a. in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act* 1992 with regard to the provision of child-resistant barriers and resuscitation signs;
- b. in compliance with the NSW Health "Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines" in force at that time. Private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable;
- c. in compliance with AS 1926.3-2003:Swimming pool safety - Water recirculation and filtration systems ;
- d. with backwash being discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996, and

- e. with a timer that limits the recirculation and filtration systems operation such that it does not emit noise that can be heard within a habitable room in any other residential premises (regardless of whether any door or window to that room is open):
- before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday, or
 - before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.

Note: Child-resistant barriers, resuscitation signs, recirculation and filtration systems and controls systems require regular maintenance to ensure that life safety, health and amenity standards are maintained.

Note: The NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines can be down loaded free from:
<http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/public-health/ehb/general/pools/poolguidelines.pdf>
Standard Condition: I13

I.3 Noise from mechanical plant and equipment

Noise from the operation of mechanical plant and equipment must not exceed *background noise* when measured at the nearest lot boundary of the site. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, noise from the operation of mechanical plant and equipment must not exceed *background noise* when measured at the nearest strata, stratum or community title boundary.

Reason: This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

Note: Words in this condition have the same meaning as in the:
NSW Industrial Noise Policy (http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/ind_noise.pdf)
ISBN 0 7313 2715 2, dated January 2000, and
Noise Guide for Local Government (<http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm>)
ISBN 1741370671, dated December 2004.
Standard Condition: I53

J. Miscellaneous Conditions

Nil

K. Advisings

K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent & Environmental laws

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence**. Failure to comply with other environmental laws are also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- Issue notices and orders;
- Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

Warnings as to potential maximum penalties

Maximum Penalties under NSW Environmental Laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

Warning as to enforcement and legal costs

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order. This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

Note: The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of *the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. You can obtain further information from the following web sites:

<http://www.theshopfront.org/documents/ConvictionsCriminalRecords.pdf> and the Attorney General's www.agd.nsw.gov.au.

Standard Advising: K1

K.2 Dial before you dig



The *principal contractor, owner builder* or any person digging may be held financially responsible by the asset owner should they damage underground pipe or cable networks. Minimise your risk and Dial 1100 Before You Dig or visit www.dialbeforeyoudig.com.au.

When you contact Dial Before You Dig, you will be sent details of all Dial Before You Dig members who have underground assets in the vicinity of your proposed excavation.

Standard Advising: K2

K.3 Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (“DDA”)

The Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (DDA) makes it against the law for public places to be inaccessible to people with a disability. Compliance with this development consent, Council's Access DCP and the BCA does not necessarily satisfy compliance with the DDA.

The DDA applies to existing places as well as places under construction. Existing places must be modified and be accessible (except where this would involve "unjustifiable hardship").

Further detailed advice can be obtained from the Human Rights and Equal Opportunity Commission (“HEROC”):

- <http://www.hreoc.gov.au/index.html>
- http://www.hreoc.gov.au/disability_rights/dda_guide/ins/ins.html

If you have any further questions relating to the application of the DDA you can send and email to HEROC at disabdis@humanrights.gov.au.

Standard Advising: K3

K.4 Builders Licences and Owner Builders Permits

Section 81A of the *Act* requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appoint a *principal contractor* for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

Further information can be obtained from the NSW Office of Fair Trading website about how you obtain an owner builders permit or find a principal contractor (builder):
<http://www.dft.nsw.gov.au/building.html> .

The Owner(s) must appoint the PCA. The PCA must check that Home Building Act insurance is in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (Builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 for the residential building work.

Standard Condition: K5

K.5 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances

The PCA does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the PCA is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia. Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8 are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the *principal contractor's* or *owner builder's* supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The PCA does not undertake this role.

The NSW Office of Fair Trading have published a “Guide to Standards and Tolerances©” ISBN 0 7347 6010 8. The guide can be obtained from the Office of Fair Trading by calling 13 32 20 or by Fax: 9619 8618 or by post to: Marketing Branch, PO Box 972, Parramatta NSW 2124.

The Guide can be down loaded from:

<http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/pdfs/corporate/publications/dft242.pdf>

Council, as the PCA or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the *principal contractor*, contractors and the owner.

Standard Condition: K6

K.6 Workcover requirements

The *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 No 40* and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.

Note: Further information can be obtained from Workcover NSW's website:

<http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Industry/Construction/default.htm> or through their head office:
Location: Workcover NSW, 92-100 Donnison Street, GOSFORD 2250 Postal address: WorkCover NSW, Locked Bag 2906, LISAROW 2252, Phone (02) 4321 5000, Fax (02) 4325 4145.

Standard Condition: K7

K.7 Asbestos Removal, Repair or Disturbance

Anyone who removes, repairs or disturbs bonded or a friable asbestos material must hold a current removal licence from Workcover NSW.

Before starting work, a work site-specific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from Workcover NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current Workcover licence.

All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with:

- The Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000;
- The Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001;
- The Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos [NOHSC: 2002 (1998)];
- The Guide to the Control of Asbestos Hazards in Buildings and Structures [NOHSC: 3002 (1998)] <http://www.nohsc.gov.au/>; and
- The Workcover NSW Guidelines for Licensed Asbestos Removal Contractors.

Note: The Code of Practice and Guide referred to above are known collectively as the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. They are specifically referenced in the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001 under Clause 259. Under the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001, the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos are the minimum standards for asbestos removal work. Council does not control or regulate the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. You should make yourself aware of the requirements by visiting www.workcover.nsw.gov.au or one of Workcover NSW's offices for further advice.
Standard Advising: K8

K.8 Dividing Fences

The erection of dividing fences under this consent does not affect the provisions of the *Dividing Fences Act* 1991. Council does not adjudicate civil disputes relating to the provision of, or payment for, the erection of dividing fences.

Note: Further information can be obtained from the NSW Department of Lands - <http://www.lands.nsw.gov.au/LandManagement/Dividing+Fences.htm>. Community Justice Centres provide a free mediation service to the community to help people resolve a wide range of disputes, including dividing fences matters. Their service is free, confidential, voluntary, timely and easy to use. Mediation sessions are conducted by two impartial, trained mediators who help people work together to reach an agreement. Over 85% of mediations result in an agreement being reached. Mediation sessions can be arranged at convenient times during the day, evening or weekends. Contact the Community Justice Centre either by phone on 1800 671 964 or at <http://www.cjc.nsw.gov.au/>.
Standard Advising: K10

K.9 Appeal

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact:

Mr George Fotis, Assessment Officer on (02) 93917089

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land & Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a Section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.

This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the Section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

Standard Condition: K14

K.10 Release of Security

An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 80A of the *Act*.

The securities will not be released until a *Final Occupation Certificate* has lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements.

Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be.

Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed.

Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the Bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.

Note: The Application for Refund of Security form can be downloaded from <http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/pdf/Forms/Planning/RefundofSecurity.pdf>

Standard Condition: K15

K.11 Recycling of Demolition and Building Material

It is estimated that building waste, including disposable materials, resulting from demolition, excavation, construction and renovation, accounts for almost 70% of landfill. Such waste is also a problem in the generation of dust and the pollution of stormwater. Council encourages the recycling of demolition and building materials.

Standard Condition: K17

K.12 Owner Builders

Under the *Home Building Act 1989* any property owner who intends undertaking construction work to a dwelling house or dual occupancy to the value of \$12,000 or over must complete an approved education course and obtain an owner-builder permit from the Office of Fair Trading. See www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au.

Standard Condition: K18

K.13 Pruning or Removing a Tree Growing on Private Property

Woollahra Municipal Council's *Tree Preservation Order* 2006 (TPO) may require that an application be made to Council prior to pruning or removing any tree. The aim is to secure the amenity of trees and preserve the existing landscape within our urban environment.

Before you prune or remove a tree, make sure you read all relevant conditions. You can obtain a copy of the TPO from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au or you may contact Council on 9391-7000 for further advice.

Standard Condition: K19

Item No: R2 Recommendation to Council
Subject: 32 Guilfoyle Avenue, Double Bay – Demolition of existing residence, adjustment of boundary lines between existing two lots & construction of (2) new residences – 8/6/2007
Author: Dimitri Lukas – Senior Assessment Officer
File No: DA370/2007
Reason for Report: In accordance with Council’s meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council due to a substantive change of the Committee’s recommendation (refusal) to the Officers recommendation (approval).

Note: Late correspondence was tabled by Cesare Di Veroli of Di Veroli Architects.

(Huxley/Shapiro)

9/3 Resolved:

That the Development Application 370/2007 for the demolition of existing residence, adjustment of boundary lines between existing two lots and construction of (2) new residences at 32 Guilfoyle Avenue, Double Bay be refused for the following reasons:

1. The proposed development is inconsistent with the existing and desired future character for the Double Bay Precinct, as specified in section 4.2 of the Woollahra Residential Development Control Plan 2003 (WRDCP 2003).
2. The proposed development will result in the loss of a substantial stand of trees along the eastern boundary, which will adversely affect the landscape character of the site and street, contrary to cl. 2(2)(f)(ii) of the Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 1995 (WLEP 1995) and C4.2.1 and 05.3.3 of the WRDCP 2003.
3. The proposed development fails to comply with the side setback requirements of C5.2.5 of the WRDCP 2003 at the western boundary. The non-compliance results in additional overshadowing of 34 Guilfoyle Ave (a.k.a 32 Ocean Ave), which is contrary to O5.2.2 of the WRDCP 2003.
4. The proposed dwellings are not setback from their common boundary, contrary to the requirements of C5.2.5 of the WRDCP 2003. The absence of these setback results in the development having an excessive bulk, scale and length, contrary to O4.2.2, C4.2.7.8 and O 5.2.3 of the WRDCP 2003.
5. The three storey form of the development is inappropriate and contrary to C4.2.7.2 of the WRDCP 2003.
6. The SEPP No.1 objection fails to demonstrate that compliance with cl. 10 (Allotment size for dwelling houses) of the WLEP 1995 is unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances.
7. The proposed development is not in the public interest.

Item No: R3 Recommendation to Council
Subject: **18 Bathurst Street, Woollahra – Demolition of existing dwelling & erection of new dwelling with swimming pool – 18/5/2007**
Author: Dimitri Lukas – Senior Assessment Officer
File No: DA325/2007
Reason for Report: In accordance with Council’s meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council due to a substantive change of the Committee’s recommendation (refusal) to the Officers recommendation (approval).

Note: Late correspondence was tabled by Andre Porebski of Andre Porebski and Associates Architects.

**Motion moved by Councillor Shapiro
Seconded by Councillor Comino**

That Development Application No. 325/2007 for demolition of the existing and erection of a new dwelling with swimming pool on land at 18 Bathurst Street Woollahra, be deferred for reconsideration by the Development Control Committee as requested by the applicant in the late correspondence.

**Amendment moved by Councillor Gardner
Seconded by Councillor Huxley**

That Development Application No. 325/2007 for demolition of the existing and erection of a new dwelling with swimming pool on land at 18 Bathurst Street Woollahra, be refused for the following reasons:

1. The proposed development is substantially non-compliant with the floor space ratio requirement specified in C7 of 3.4.4 of the Woollahra Heritage Conservation Area 2003 (WHCA DCP 2003). The non-compliance results in the building having an excessive bulk and scale, contrary to O5 of 3.4.3 of the WHCA DCP 2003.
2. The proposed development is contrary to C1 of 3.1.5 of the WHCA DCP 2003, as the roof form does not follow the repetitive rhythmic roofscape which is an important characteristic of the Harbour View Precinct.
3. The proposal is not an appropriate infill development within the Woollahra Heritage Conservation Area.
4. The proposed development will result in an unreasonable loss of views from 15 Harkness St, Woollahra, which is contrary to O8 of 3.4.3 of the WHCA DCP 2003.
5. The proposed development is not in the public interest.

**The Amendment was put and carried.
The Amendment became the Motion.
The Motion was adopted.**

10/3 Resolved:

That Development Application No. 325/2007 for demolition of the existing and erection of a new dwelling with swimming pool on land at 18 Bathurst Street Woollahra, be refused for the following reasons:

1. The proposed development is substantially non-compliant with the floor space ratio requirement specified in C7 of 3.4.4 of the Woollahra Heritage Conservation Area 2003 (WHCA DCP 2003). The non-compliance results in the building having an excessive bulk and scale, contrary to O5 of 3.4.3 of the WHCA DCP 2003.
2. The proposed development is contrary to C1 of 3.1.5 of the WHCA DCP 2003, as the roof form does not follow the repetitive rhythmic roofscape which is an important characteristic of the Harbour View Precinct.
3. The proposal is not an appropriate infill development within the Woollahra Heritage Conservation Area.
4. The proposed development will result in an unreasonable loss of views from 15 Harkness St, Woollahra, which is contrary to O8 of 3.4.3 of the WHCA DCP 2003.
5. The proposed development is not in the public interest.

Note: A Division was called by Councillors Shoebridge and Huxley

For the Motion

Councillor Gardner
Councillor Huxley
Councillor Martin
Councillor Excell
Councillor Shoebridge
Councillor Petrie
Councillor Rundle

Against the Motion

Councillor Boskivitz
Councillor Comino
Councillor Sinclair King
Councillor Dawson
Councillor Shapiro

7/5

Urban Planning Committee

Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 11 February 2008 Submitted to the Council for Determination

Item No: R1 Recommendation to Council
Subject: **Draft Woollahra LEP 1995 (Amendment No.60) - Neighbourhood Centres and William Street Paddington**
Author: Chris Bluett - Manager Strategic Planning
File No: 1064.G (Amend 60)
Reason for Report: To respond to a Council decision made on 29 January 2008 deferring the Draft LEP for further consideration of item 14 - Schedule 2 Development for certain additional purposes.

(Comino/Petrie)

11/3 Resolved without debate:

- A. That the William Street Paddington provisions be deferred from Draft Woollahra LEP 1995 (Amendment No.60) under section 68 (5) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and included in a separate draft local environmental plan, with proposed item [14] Schedule 2 – Development for certain additional purposes - being amended to read:

Land known as Nos. 12 to 42, Nos. 48 to 94, Nos. 3 to 43 and Nos. 45 to 63 William Street, Paddington – fashion shops, shoe shops, jewellery shops, health and beauty shops within the ground floor of the building. The upper floor may only be used for residential purposes.

- B. That Draft Woollahra LEP 1995 (Amendment No.60), excluding the deferred matters, be submitted to the Department of Planning for approval by the Minister for Planning subject to the following amendment:

Item [13] Schedule 1, definition of “restaurant” being amended by omitting the definition and inserting instead:

restaurant means a building or place, the principal purpose of which is the provision of food or food and beverages to people for consumption on the premises and that may also provide takeaway meals.

- C. That the William Street Paddington provisions of the Draft LEP containing the deferred William Street Paddington provisions be exhibited concurrently with the an amendment to the Paddington DCP containing specific controls for the William Street properties.
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Community & Environment Committee

Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 11 February 2008 Submitted to the Council for Determination

- Item No:** R1 Recommendation to Council
- Subject:** **Review of Trial Period for Dog Regulations at Royal Hospital for Women Park, Paddington**
- Author:** Paul Fraser, Parks & Recreation Coordinator
David Sheils, Manager Public Open Space
- File No:** 1023.G
- Reason for Report:** To recommend the adoption of the existing dog regulations at the Royal Hospital for Women Park, Paddington.
- Note:** Late correspondence was tabled by Gay Head, William Morrison on behalf of John Mant, President, The Paddington Society, Andrew Stevenson, Bob Fyfe, Andrew Strachan & Jeanne Strachan.

**Motion moved by Councillor Martin
Seconded by Councillor Petrie**

- A. That the current hours and rules for dogs be maintained.
- B. That a further review be conducted by the new Council by July 2009.

**Amendment moved by Councillor Huxley
Seconded by Councillor Shapiro**

- A. That the current dog regulations at Royal Hospital for Women Park be adopted on a permanent basis, being:
 - Type C area - dogs permitted on leash at all times, and unleashed between 4.30pm and 8.30am (Monday – Saturday);
 - Type A area – dogs prohibited between the hours of 10am and 8pm (Sundays only); and
 - Dogs to be leashed at all other times.
- B. That a municipal-wide education and awareness program on responsible dog ownership be implemented and incorporated within the public education component of the Environmental and Infrastructure Levy 2008-09.
- C. That new signage be provided in the Park outlining the requirements of responsible dog ownership and the need for park users to consider adjoining residents and reduce noise levels early morning and evenings.

- D. That rangers be encouraged to monitor the park more regularly and a municipal wide education program be implemented on how to be a responsible dog owner.

The Amendment was put and carried.

The Amendment became the Motion.

The Motion was adopted.

12/3 Resolved:

- A. That the current dog regulations at Royal Hospital for Women Park be adopted on a permanent basis, being:

Type C area - dogs permitted on leash at all times, and unleashed between 4.30pm and 8.30am (Monday – Saturday);

Type A area – dogs prohibited between the hours of 10am and 8pm (Sundays only); and

Dogs to be leashed at all other times.

- B. That a municipal-wide education and awareness program on responsible dog ownership be implemented and incorporated within the public education component of the Environmental and Infrastructure Levy 2008-09.
- C. That new signage be provided in the Park outlining the requirements of responsible dog ownership and the need for park users to consider adjoining residents and reduce noise levels early morning and evenings.
- D. That rangers be encouraged to monitor the park more regularly and a municipal wide education program be implemented on how to be a responsible dog owner.
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Notice of Motion

Item No: 1
From: Councillor Shoebridge
Date: 14 February 2008
File No: 900.G

(Shoebridge/Petrie)

- 13/3** That staff prepare a report on the merits and demerits of allowing residents with resident parking permits to park in the adjoining resident parking zones.

That the report particularly consider areas of low on-street parking availability such as Paddington and West Woollahra where residents can often only find available residents parking some hundreds of metres from their residence.

Adopted

Questions Without Notice Tabled Answers

Item No: 11
Subject: Questions Without Notice
Author: Gary James, General Manager
File No: 467.G/Q01
Reason for Report: To provide a response to Questions without Notice from Council Meeting of 11 February 2008 and for Councillors to ask Questions without Notice in accordance with Council's Code of Meeting Practice.

Motion moved by Councillor Comino

Seconded by Councillor Huxley

14/3 That the responses to previous Questions without Notice be noted.

Adopted

The following questions were asked:-

Councillor Comino asking:

Can you institute enquiry to the RTA as to why the traffic lights at Tivoli Avenue and New South Head Road, and those outside the Kambala School gates on New South Head Road, no longer operate in synchronisation. I note this requirement was stipulated by the RTA when the second set of lights were first installed?

Director - Technical Services in response:

On Notice.

Councillor Comino asking:

Concerning the lawyers report on 4 – 8 Patterson Street, Double Bay:

- a) Why has it taken some two (2) months for our lawyers to provide their analysis of the judgement?
- b) Why has the report not addressed the merit issues in details but rather seems to concentrate on attributing blame to others, in particular a court appointed expert?

Director - Planning and Development in response:

On Notice.

Councillor Comino asking:

In relation to the hearing and judgement on 4 – 8 Patterson Street, Double Bay, when that matter was listed for hearing, the court directed joint reports be filed by the 30/11/2007 and no further expert evidence be adduced other than Ms Sonter's report.

How then did Council's lawyers believe his evidence could have been given for Council, contrary to the courts direction? In what way did Council's lawyers misinform the hearing dates? Why was Council not notified of Mr Rowan's unavailability to give evidence, at the full Council meeting of the 17th December 2007?

Director - Planning and Development in response:

On Notice.

Councillor Comino asking:

When will the judgement of Commissioner Brown be made available to Councillors regarding 4 – 8 Patterson Street, Double Bay?

Director Planning and Development in response:

A copy of the judgement will be re-distributed to all Councillors.

Councillor Huxley asking:

Given Minister Sator's back flip on Section 94 funds being collapsed into state government coffers, have Councillors been circulated with the Ministers letter outlining the misconception, misrepresentation and mistaken perspective by the Local Government Association, along with all Members and Shire Presidents across NSW?

Mayor in response:

The letter had been previously circulated and a new response from the LGSA has been received today which will be circulated to Councillors.

Councillor Huxley asking:

Is Council aware of unsociable behaviour, drunkenness, urinating and noise in Styne Park, Guilfoyle Park and Kiaora Lane behind the Sheaf Hotel in Double Bay?

Mayor in response:

The matter is being investigated.

Councillor Huxley asking:

When will the review of parking hours of operations in the Queen Street West precinct take place? I have not heard from staff regarding this matter? Further I haven't had feedback yet on the demand by residents for a pedestrian crossing at the junction of Hargrave Street, Moncur and Jessey Roads?

Director – Technical Services in response:

The matter is being investigated.

Councillor Huxley asking:

Has Council received any complaints of unsociable behaviour and noise emanating from the Paddington Bowling Club?

Director – Planning and Development in response:

On Notice.

Councillor Huxley asking:

Given that water filled safety barriers have been installed, or are being installed, across Woollahra Municipality, are the public footpaths still available for use by the general public and residents of Woollahra? If not what provision is being made for the safety of pedestrians and residents wishing to use the footpaths? It has been brought to my attention that in one case a young family was instructed to walk on the road. In light of the seeming, ongoing nature of these security measures, is it possible, or isn't it preferable that Woollahra and the Jewish community centres meet to discuss a more permanent solution that emulates the bollards currently installed to protect Parliament House in Canberra.

Mayor in response:

At the Community and Environment Committee it was recommended that 'all approved water barriers had a minimum 1.8 metres clearance. The Mayor advised that the request for a more permanent solution should be by way of a Notice of Motion.

Councillor Sinclair King asking:

What procedures are in place at Woollahra Council to ensure that the scandal that has engulfed Wollongong Council could not happen here? Can Councillors receive a report on whether and if so how these procedures can be improved?

General Manager in response:

I'd be reluctant to compare Woollahra to the Wollongong fiasco, but would be prepared to report on the procedures in place at Woollahra Council.

Councillor Excell asking:

When will the report outlining our policy (in relation to pole banners) be ready to be presented to Council?

Director - Technical Services in response:

The report is a combined report between the Director – Technical Services and the Director – Community Services

General Manager in further response:

Councillors will be advised of the date proposed for the Committee to consider the report.

Councillor Shapiro asking:

Can we ask the Maritime Authority to remove the remnants of the Rose Bay Afloat? Not only is it an eyesore but I have been told that there are now people living there.

Mayor in response:

The Maritime Authority is conscious of the matter and is proceeding to tender for removal of the those structures

Councillor Shapiro asking:

I noticed that walking down Bellevue Road from River Street to Kambala Road there are no pedestrian ramps. Please can we install them along this busy road?

Director - Technical Services in response:

On Notice.

Councillor Shoebridge asking:

Can we please send a letter of congratulations to Holdsworth Street Community Centre for their Family Fun Day held on Sunday 17 February 2008. It was a wonderful day with a cross-section of residents attending from the young to the elderly enjoying stalls, games, entertainment and a true sense of community.

Mayor in response:

If you provide me with a draft letter, I would be happy to do so.

Councillor Shoebridge asking:

When can we expect a report on the Council's motion regarding the retaining wall in Cooper Park near Adelaide Street?

Director - Technical Services in response:

The principal officer responsible is returning to work next week and it will be completed soon after then.

Councillor Petrie asking:

How much weight did you and our lawyers put on the objectors consultant (Anthony Betros of ABC Planning) to cause a complete flip flop in the case midstream of 4 – 8 Patterson Street?

Why did you and our lawyers believe that the Court would hear Anthony Rowans evidence when even I a mere Councillor, told the Council on 17 December 2007 “that there was no way the Court would listen to them and they didn't”.

Why was Anthony Rowan engaged by Council and by whose instigation was he engaged.

The lawyers report after two (2) attempts is not satisfactory, will you request a further report detailing their flip flop of the century from recommending consent orders to defend without them blaming everybody else.

Director - Planning and Development in response:

On Notice.

There being no further business the meeting concluded at 9.37pm.

We certify that the pages numbered 447 to 498 inclusive are the Minutes of the Ordinary Meeting of Woollahra Municipal Council held on 25 February 2008 and confirmed by Council at the ordinary Meeting of Council on 10 March 2008 as correct.

General Manager

Mayor